THE COMPILER.

A Democratic, News and Family Journal.

BY H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

42ND YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA.: MONDAY, OCT. 3, 1859. NO. 1.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE COMPILER is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHLE, at $1 75 per annum if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates.

JOB PRINTING done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wamplers' Tinning Establishment—"COMPILER" on the sign.

A. J. Cover,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to Collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Fahnestocks' and Danner & Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5, 1859.

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language.—Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street.) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will attend to collections and all other business intrusted to his care with promptness. Office nearly opposite Fahnestock's Store, Baltimore street.
Gettysburg, April 11, 1859. tf

Wm. B. McClellan,

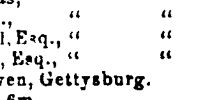
ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office on the south side of the public square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office.
Gettysburg, August 22, '53.

Dr. A. W. Dorsey,

FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to The Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

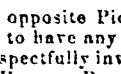
REFERENCES.
Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, Westminster, Md.
Dr. W. A. Mathias, " "
Jacob Reese, Esq., " "
John K. Longwell, Esq., " "
Geo. E. Wampler, Esq., " "
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg.
Oct. 25, 1858. 6m

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.



HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Picking's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stœver.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

New Livery



ESTABLISHMENT.—CHARLES M. TATE has opened a new Livery establishment, at the stables on Washington street, occupied in part by the "Eagle Hotel," and has made such arrangements as will enable him to accommodate the public at all times, on reasonable terms, with Horses, Buggies, Hacks, &c. His stock is good. On funeral occasions, &c., he will be able to supply a want which has been much needed.
☞Terms CASH. [May 24, '58.

Here We Are Again!

JUST from the city with the best and cheapest assortment of SYRUPS and MOLASSES that we have yet offered, calculated to please all persons in quality and prices. SUGARS, a very large stock, low, COFFEES, TEAS, Chocolate, Rice, Cheese, Spices, (all kinds,) Crackers and Tea Cakes, Vinegar, Pickles, Sugar-cured HAMS and SHOULDERS, Lard, Shad, Mackerel and Herrings, Salt, Cedar-ware, Tubs, Buckets, &c.; Baskets, Flour Seives, Brooms, Brushes, &c.; all kinds of Cordage, Concentrated Lye; Extra and Superfine FLOUR, all kinds of Feed; Potatoes, Fresh Butter and Eggs constantly on hand; Fancy Goods, Confectionaries and Fruit. Give us a call. It affords us pleasure to show our large and inviting stock.
NORBECK & MARTIN.
Gettysburg, May 30, 1859.

Groceries,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—Molasses and Sugar by the barrel, Coffee by the sack, and all kinds of Groceries, either by the quantity or in small amounts, at prices that defy competition. Call at once at
April 4. FAHNESTOCK BROS'.

New Grocery.

THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of town and country, that he has opened a Grocery, Confectionary and Notion Store, on York street, two doors east of St. James' Lutheran Church, where he has now on hand a general assortment of goods in his line—such as: Syrup, from 40 to 70 cents per gallon; Sugars, all kinds; Coffees, different kinds; Vinegar, Salt, Fish, Cheese, Scotch Herring, ground and unground Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mustard, Soda, Ginger, Starch, Rice, Teas, Candles, Extract Coffee, Chocolate, Concentrated Lye; Brooms, Buckets, Candies, all kinds: Figs, Walnuts, Palm Nuts, Almonds, Ground Nuts, Layer Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, Fancy Cakes, Crackers of all kinds, &c., &c. *Butter* and *Eggs* bought and sold. He invites the calls of the public, convinced that his assortment will please, both in quality and price. He is determined to sell cheaper than the cheapest.
WM. E. BITTLE.
Gettysburg, Dec. 10, '58.

New Goods.

R. F. McILHENNY has just received from the City a fine assortment of Hats, of the newest styles—some of which are very handsome—especially his No. 1 Silk Hat.

Ledger Hats of all kinds and prices, from $1 50 to $2 50. Also, an elegant assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Ladies' fine Moro. Kid Boots and Slippers. Shoes of home manufacture constantly on hand. Give us a call and we are satisfied that we can offer greater inducements than ever to those wishing goods in our line, both as regards quality and price.
Aug. 8, 1859.

Lime! Lime!

THE undersigned have made arrangements, by which they will be ready to supply LIME in any quantities, at the lowest prices, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They are ready to receive orders.
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.
Nov. 22, 1858.

50,000 Peach Trees,

BEST quality, $60 00 per 1,000. 10,000 Allen's Hardy Raspberry, $40 00 per 1,000. ☞Catalogues gratis.
WILLIAM PARRY,
Cinnaminson, New Jersey.
Aug. 1, 1859. 2m

More New Goods,

A. COBEAN & CULP'S.—All the new styles of HATS and SHOES—Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Saddles, Bridles, Fly-nets, Buggy Harness, &c., cheap for cash, at the sign of the *Big Boot.*
June 27, 1859.

New Spring Goods.

J. L. SCHICK, dealer in Silks, Domestic Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Embroideries, Linens, Jewelry, Notions, etc., has returned from the Eastern markets with one of the largest assortments of DRY GOODS ever brought to this place, consisting of all the newest designs and fabrics of the present spring importations.—LADIES' DRESS GOODS, plain and figured black Silks, very heavy and fine lustre, cheap; plain and colored figured Silks a very fine assortment, at all prices. Bareges, Grenadines, Poil de Chene Satin de Chene, Poplins, Laralas, Paris Organdies, Jaconet Lawns, French Chintz, plain and colored Brilliants, Ginghams, Spring Mouslins, English Calicoes, and many other novelties. MOURNING GOODS in great variety, Shawls and Scarfs beautiful stock; Ribbons and Parasols, new styles, very handsome; Embroideries and WHITE GOODS, very handsome; largest and cheapest stock we have ever received. MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR, complete stock, Gloves, Hosiery, Mits and Gauntlets, of all kinds; Domestic Goods, at Factory prices. JEWELRY, new stock for Spring sales, consisting of the most exquisite styles ever offered in this market.

We would say to our customers and the public generally, that we have opened one of the most elegant and largest assortments of goods ever brought to this market, all of which have been selected with great care and upon the most advantageous terms. We are determined not to be undersold by any. Our motto—"Fair dealing and small profits."
J. L. SCHICK,
S. W. Corner of Centre Square.
April 4, 1859.

Dr. M'Lane's

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS.

CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE & LIVER PILLS.—We beg leave to call the attention of the Trade, and more especially the Physicians of the country, to two of the most popular remedies now before the public. We refer to DR. CHAS. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS. We do not recommend them as universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports, viz: The VERMIFUGE, for expelling Worms from the human system. It has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various Animals subject to Worms. The LIVER PILLS, for the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS, all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, SICK HEAD-ACHE, &c. In cases of FEVER AND AGUE, preparatory to or after taking Quinine, they almost invariably make a speedy and permanent cure.

As specifics for the above mentioned diseases, they are unrivaled, and never known to fail when administered in accordance with the directions.

Their unprecedented popularity has induced the Proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, PITTSBURG, PA., to dispose of their Drug business, in which they have been successfully engaged for the last 20 years, and they will now give their undivided time and attention to their manufacture. And being determined that Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills shall continue to occupy the high position they now hold among the great remedies of the day, they will continue to spare neither time nor expense in procuring the Best and Purest materials, and compound them in the most thorough manner. Address all orders to
FLEMING BROTHERS,
Pittsburg, Pa.

P. S.—Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and *take none but Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburg, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve three-cent postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen three-cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Agent, Gettysburg, and by dealers generally throughout the county.
May 2, 1859. 1y

The Cars are Here!

ALL THINGS ARE READY!—The undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to his old country friends—farmers and merchants—as well as the citizens of Gettysburg, and "the rest of mankind," that his new and commodious Warehouse is now open, and that he is receiving GRAIN & PRODUCE of all kinds, for which he is paying the highest market prices; and while the public can dispose of their produce to the best advantage, they can be supplied in return with Groceries, of every description, consisting of Salt, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Teas, Rice, &c., &c., also, Guano, Plaster, Oils, Cedarware, and a thousand other things not here mentioned. Wholesale, Retail and cheap as the cheapest is our motto. If the people consult their own interests, and act wisely, they will not forget the undersigned. Hoping the familiar faces of all my old customers will meet me again, and with them many new ones, I shall endeavor to please them. JOHN HOKE.
Gettysburg, Nov. 22, 1858.

Farmers, Take Notice.

ALL persons residing in York, Cumberland, Franklin, or Adams county, Pennsylvania; Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, or Montgomery county, Maryland, are hereby cautioned not to purchase of A. Smith, in Hanover, York county, Pennsylvania, or any of his Agents, the Slide Drill manufactured by said A. Smith & Co., which is an infringement on Hunt's Slide Drill, the Patent of which I am sole owner for the above counties. Any person in any of the above named counties purchasing (after this notice,) the above named Drill, manufactured by said A. Smith & Co., will be dealt with according to law.

And said A. Smith & Co., are also hereby cautioned not to manufacture or sell the above named Drill in the above named counties, or he will be likewise dealt with.
JNO. WANBAUGH.
York, June 27, 1859. 3m

New Grocery Store.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.—SNYDER & BENNER have just received at their New Store, in Baltimore street, a few doors above David McCreary's Saddlery establishment, the largest and most complete assortment of Groceries brought to Gettysburg for a long time, consisting of Coffee, (four kinds,) Sugar, (four kinds,) Molasses, Syrup, Shad, Mackerel, Fresh Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, Salt, in short every thing usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

☞The highest market price paid for country produce or taken in exchange for Goods.

☞Give us a call. Buy your Groceries where you will be sure to get them good and cheap.

☞Hover's celebrated writing Ink for sale. [Nov. 1, 1858.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, of every kind, including the "Universal Feed Cutter," Improved Premium Eagle Plow, Corn Sheller, manufactured at Chicopee Falls, Mass., for sale by SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

SOAP STONE GRIDDLES, for baking cakes, adapted in size to any stove—for sale at Sheads, Buehler & Kurtz's Stove Ware Room. These griddles do away with the use of grease in the baking of griddle cakes, and are coming into general use. Aug. 8.

REMEMBER that Picking is celebrated for selling cheap Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Cravats, Hats and Shoe Brushes, Violins, Accordeons, Fifes, Flutes, and in fact every thing in the notion and musical way. Don't forget the place, opposite the Church in Chambersburg street.

Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery,

NORTH-EAST Corner of the Diamond, (in the upper story of the Old County Building, recently purchased by Col Samson.) Gettysburg, Pa.—The undersigned, having fitted up the above named Gallery, with the intention of locating a *First Class* establishment, are now prepared to furnish the best Ambrotype and Photographic Likenesses in the latest syles, by new and improved processes. Having had several years' experience in Philadelphia, they feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. They have constructed one of the best Sky-lights in the country, which, with the best Instruments and materials, cannot fail to produce, at all times, superior work. Ambrotypes, Sphereotypes, Melainotypes, and Patent Leather pictures, on the most reasonable terms, in cases or frames, of the latest patterns and best quality.

PHOTOGRAPHS.—This style of picture has become the favorite in cities, on account of its life-like appearance and perfect durability; being put up in neat gilded frames of various sizes, are more acceptable as family portraits than the smaller pictures. They have not been generally introduced until recently, in consequence of the difficulty of their production, and the necessity of long and tedious sittings, which have been overcome by F. J. Evans' new improved process, the entire right for the use of which we hold for Adams county. The time of sitting has now been reduced from minutes to a few seconds, and greater beauty and perfection given to the likeness. They possess this important advantage over the other pictures, viz: from one sitting any number of Photographs can be supplied without any further trouble to the sitter, and all as perfect as the first impression. These pictures are furnished Plain, finished in India Ink, Water or Oil Colors.

Life Size Photographs, finished in Oil, superior to oil paintings.

ENLARGED PHOTOGRAPHS.—Persons having small daguerreotypes of deceased friends, can have them enlarged by this process, and finished superior to the original, and thereby rendered more life-like and durable.

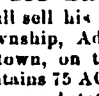
Pictures set in Lockets, Rings, &c., &c.

All pictures warranted to give satisfaction, or re-taken.

Open from 7 o'clock, A. M., until 6, P. M.
TYSON & BROTHER,
Photographers.
Aug. 15, 1859.

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell his FARM, situated in Franklin township, Adams county, 2 miles west of Cashtown, on the Millerstown road. The Farm contains 75 ACRES—50 acres clear. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been limed. There are all kinds of fruit—a thriving young Orchard of choice grafted fruit; also peaches, pears and plums of the best kinds. The buildings are a one and a half story STONE HOUSE, a large new Bank Barn, Cooper Shop, &c. The Farm is in good order, and cannot be beat for raising potatoes. I calculate on raising eight hundred bushels this year. A never-failing spring of water at the door. SAMUEL BINGAMAN.
Aug. 22, 1859. tf



Fine Old Brandies.

THE subscribers, Importers and Dealers in WINES & LIQUORS, would most respectfully call the attention of purchasers to their Old Establishment, *No. 5 North Front Street, Philadelphia*, where they have a large assortment of Wines and Liquors of the choicest brands and qualities. Having made arrangements with some of the first houses in Cognac and Rochelle, enables them to furnish to their customers, upon the most liberal terms, the following brands of Cognac and Rochelle:

BRANDIES: Otard, Henney, Pellevsion, Pinet, Castillion; J. J. Depuy & Co., T. Himes, A. Sergnette, Martel, Matett, &c., &c., of various brands and qualities.

WINES: Champagne, Madeira, Lisbon, Old Oporto, Teneriffe, Burgundy, Hock, Muscat, Claret, Sherry, and Malaga Wines.

Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps, Jamaica Spirits, Scotch and Irish Whiskey, Peach, Apple, Blackberry, Cherry, Ginger, and Raspberry Brandies; Cordials, Wine Bitters, Amsterdam Bitters, &c.

Also, Agents and Sole Proprietors of the Old Wheat Whiskey. Constantly on hand an extensive stock of fine old Monongahela, Rye and Bourbon Whiskey, of various grades, some of which are guaranteed to be superior to any in the country, all of which are highly improved by age.

From our long experience in the business, and a thorough knowledge of the tastes of the community, we flatter ourselves to be able to fill all orders that may be entrusted to us.

Orders from the country (which are most respectfully solicited) will be promptly attended to. Great care taken in packing and shipping.

☞All goods sent from our establishment are guaranteed to give satisfaction, with the privilege of being returned.
E. P. MIDDLETON & BRO.,
No. 5 North Front St., Philadelphia.
Feb. 7, 1859. 1y

The Cheap Book Store,

IN Philadelphia, is at No. 224 North Second street, (between Race and Vine streets,)—ESTABLISHED NEARLY A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO!—and still continues business on the principle of the "*nimble sixpence*," &c.

Constantly on hand, and sold to Country Merchants, Booksellers, Store Keepers, Public and Private Schools, Colleges, Academies, Teachers, &c., at Wholesale, and to everybody at Retail:
All kinds of School Books, latest editions,
Fools Cap, Letter and Note Papers,
Slates and Slate Pencils,
Carmine, Red, Black and Blue Inks,
Letter and Note Envelopes, in great variety,
Copy Books, Cyphering and Composition Books,
Blank Account and Memorandum Books, many sizes, different qualities and various prices,
Steel Pens and Pen Holders,
Wrapping Papers and Bonnet Boards,
Almanacs, Diaries, Lead Pencils, Writing Sand.

School Rewards, and everything else—besides Family, School and Pocket Bibles, Hymn Books, Prayer Books, together with a large Stock of Books in every department of Literature, and suited to every taste.

☞All at the very lowest Nett Cash Prices.☞ LEARY, GETZ & CO.,
PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS,
No. 224 North Second street, Philadelphia.
☞Particular attention paid to all orders by mail.
Aug. 22, 1859. 8m

Spouting.

GEORGE & HENRY WAMPLER will make House Spouting and put up the same low, for cash or country produce. Farmers and all others wishing their houses, barns, &c., spouted, would do well to give them a call.
April 18, '58. tf G. & H. WAMPLER.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between KLINEFELTER, SEITS & Co., has been dissolved by the death of Mr. Seits. Mr. E. BOLLINGER has been taken into the Firm, and hereafter the business will be conducted by KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & Co. The continued patronage of the public to the house is solicited.
KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.
August 22, 1859.

THE COMPILER.

A Word in Behalf of the Democratic State Ticket!

We have before called the attention of our numerous readers to the excellent ticket that was nominated in March last, by the Democratic State Convention which assembled at that time in Harrisburg. We earnestly desire AGAIN to present this matter to our brethren in Adams county; and we beg they will not permit themselves to lose sight of the importance of the State struggle, in the discussion of any other issues that may be raised in our midst in the present contest.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT and JOHN ROWE, the nominees of the Democratic party, are gentlemen in every way worthy of our support and confidence, and they should be heartily and enthusiastically sustained by the entire Democracy of Pennsylvania. Mr. Wright, our candidate for Auditor General, has served for a long period in the Legislature of this State, where by his untiring industry and unbending integrity, he won the admiration of his colleagues, and the applause of his constituents. The unanimous re-nomination of Mr. Rowe, as Surveyor General, is a high and well merited tribute to the talents of an eminent and useful public officer. His abilities have given him a wide-spread and deserved reputation—and his services as a public officer have contributed much to the prosperity and progress of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Here, then, is a ticket which *must* satisfy all our people—and it is necessary, in order to preserve the present glorious organization of our party, to elect it by a handsome majority. A defeat might open the way to future disasters, and place the good old State of Pennsylvania under the malign influences of the enemies of Democracy. The ticket is worthy, eminently so, of the confidence of every true Democrat; and certainly it should be triumphantly sustained by the indomitable Democracy of the Keystone State. In Adams county it will receive the cordial support of our party, and from the manifestations of satisfaction that reach us every day, in regard to our county ticket, we are assured that a full vote will be polled in this county on the Second Tuesday of next October, and that will, unquestionably, be a Democratic victory!

No Smoke Without Some Fire.

It is the general remark in relation to the suspicions existing against McClure that there "never was so much smoke without some fire." Other men have been to the Legislature and returned to their constituents without having their good names tarnished by the suspicions of venality and corruption. We have not invented a single one of the many disgraceful suspicions which unfortunately attach to the reputation of McClure. On this point we can fill the Court House with proof. These suspicions have been ripe in the community, and in and about Harrisburg, for a long time, and not a few of the *very worst of them* have had their start in his own vain boasting to magnify his sharpness and cunning. THIS WE ARE PREPARED TO PROVE. It was our duty as he was again up for office to direct public attention to his suspicious career, and it was his business to show that these suspicions were unfounded, and that he was worthy the trust he was then asking the people to repose in him. What has he done to effect this? We have heard considerable bluster about certain letters that were to wipe out these suspicions, but the eye of the public has never been gratified with a sight of them. The dear good public are required to *imagine* that these letters are from disinterested parties and go a great length for McClure—we say the public is required to *imagine* all this! Ah! but he has prosecuted for libel—so he has—and like a prudent man, out of the twenty-seven suspicions published he has selected one and a part of another on which *he knew* we could not be prepared to go to trial, at the last Court, and he could thereby stave off investigation until after the election. Why did he not indict us on the whole batch of suspicions? For whose *convenience* was the careful selection of *one and a half* made? Surely not for ours. The dodge is very well understood in this community and it has opened the eyes of many to the corrupt political character of McClure. People are begining to inquire why it is that all the suspicions attach to one man and why he dare not prosecute on but *one and a half*. There must be some grounds for all this, "there never was so much smoke without some fire," is the remark in everybody's mouth. We may with propriety ask where is the Silver Plate that Mr. Samuel Seibert, Col. Boyd, Col. Orr, Judge Nill, and other men who have been in the Legislature from this county, received for their votes, or their services to the Commonwealth? Were their services less valuable than those of McClure, or were they not of the p-e-c-u-l-i-a-r *kind* to call forth a Service of Plate? For an answer consult election returns in October next.—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

Purity of the Ballot Box.

The Fulton *Democrat* in an editorial article, published in July last, states that Col. McClure "has done more than any other person to corrupt the ballot boxes of Franklin county *with money*, and will one day reap a crop of retributive justice that will consign him to oblivion. The day may not be here, but it will come." It will be seen, from the above extract, that the reputation of McClure for corrupting the ballot box is not confined merely to his own county. It has extended abroad and brought reproach upon his name, coupled with the prediction that his discreditable transactions will one day "consign him to oblivion." No man among us has done more to disgrace the palladium of our liberty than McClure. He was the first man, in our county, to introduce money in elections, and secure his triumph by the mere dint of hard cash. The man has no popularity beyond his money, and no one is better acquainted with that fact than himself or he would not be so lavish in its use.—*Chamb. Spirit.*

Steam Carriages.—The Newark (N. J.) Mercury says that Mr. Fisher, of Patterson, has constructed a steam carriage, which was tried on the common road to Acquackanock, a few days ago, when it went on the level fifteen miles an hour with 12 passengers. One mile was run in 3 minutes.

Death from Eating Watermelon.—Mrs. Cornelia Thaxton, consort of Dr. Joseph J. Thaxton, of Person county, N. C., (says the Newbern Delta,) ate a piece of watermelon on Friday last, and died of cramp cholic in two hours afterward.

The Senatorial Contest.

The last issue of the *Repository and Transcript* contains an article, under the head of "the Senatorial contest" in which we find the following in reference to Mr. Douglas:

"The active leaders of the party in every section of the county, who have labored almost yearly to keep him off the ticket, excepting when defeat was inevitable, will allow him to make his own struggle."

The evident design of this article is to create the impression that the qualifications of Mr. Douglas are not such as to inspire the party with confidence in him. Such an effort must prove worse than abortive. Connected as we are in politics with that gentleman, we have the satisfaction of knowing that such is not the case. We know that the members of the organization have a high appreciation of the political sagacity, the character and the talents of their candidate for Senator. They know him to have a mind of no mean order, to be an unimpeached and unimpeachable Democrat, and to be as true as steel in honesty and honor. And not only do his political friends unite in this opinion, but men of all parties pay tribute to his worth, and agree in saying that those who know most of Mr. D., are his warmest friends. As a proof of this we cite the following from the *Independent* of March 25th, 1859:

"Mr. Douglas, by the way, has always been to our mind a type of a fair, manly politician—one who makes up his opinions from sincere reflection, and who speaks them fearlessly and ably. We can always put our finger right down on him, and we can not catch him in equivocation or evasion."

So much for the general tenor of the article referred to. Now for the portion we have selected. The assertion that the leaders of the party have yearly labored to keep Mr. Douglas off the ticket is simply untrue. In 1856, when defeat was not inevitable, Mr. D. was nominated by a full Democratic Convention, without a dissenting voice, as a candidate for District Attorney. The leaders of the party did not then labor to keep him off the ticket; but labored faithfully for his nomination and election. In 1857 Mr. Nill was in the field as a candidate for the Legislature. His claims were certainly superior to those of Douglas. He was an older man, and an older member of the party. Douglas saw this, and withdrew his name before there was a single ballot in the Convention. In 1858 the nomination, according to custom, was due Mr. Nill, through courtesy, as an endorsement of his previous career, and, again, Mr. Douglas did not suffer his name to come before the Convention. This is the history of the matter. And whatever was done, was the act of Mr. D. himself, to contribute to the harmony of the party—an act which should endear him to the party, and bring out for him a full party vote at the October election.

The second statement that the leaders of the party "would allow him to make his own struggle," is equally untrue. Mr. Douglas does not stand in the awkward position of his competitor, *for it is emphatically true that McClure is allowed to make his own struggle*—and a death struggle it is. If such be not the case, why do not the party stand by him?—Why did they not attend the meeting in Chambersburg? Why does no one from town accompany him to address the meetings held throughout the county? Where is McCauley, and McLellan and Stambaugh, and Clark, and Carlisle, and Strickler? Why is it necessary for him to procure speakers from abroad, when so much native talent lies unemployed at home? Have they never been asked to engage in the campaign, or do the mariners desert the sinking ship, disgusted at the faithlessness of the helmsman. Mr. Douglas, however, stands in a different position. He will be nobly supported by the party which placed him in nomination. The "leaders" are even now active in his favor.—Reilly and Nill and Sharpe and Kennedy and Brewer in town, and the influential men in all the townships, second his nomination and will endeavor to promote his election. There will be no lack of noble resident speakers to advocate *his* cause. There will be no lack of warm hearts and strong hands to advance *his* interests, and there will be no lack of votes in the party of his youth and manhood to secure him a seat in the next Senate of Pennsylvania.

The *Transcript* blunders into one true statement. It accuses Douglas of being a firm, uncompromising Democrat. He should ask no better recommendation. For while the sickening embrace and crocodile tears of the *Transcript* are worse than political death, its reproaches and billingsgate blackguardism are the surest harbingers of success.

"I thank thee, Roderick, for the word,
It nerves my heart: it steels my sword."

Yes! Mr. Douglas *is* a Democrat. That was an unfortunate assertion for the "organ." It will remind the members of the party that their candidate is a Democrat, and a true one; that he is the representative of living, eternal principles, and that with him those principles stand or fall. It will remind them that while they select the best men as candidates, yet principles rise higher than any man, and must be sustained at all hazards.—And thus reminding them, it must call forth a full vote for the advocate of these principles.

Thus stands the issue. On the one side we have Mr. Douglas, the representative of certain principles—and on the other his opponent, the representative of Col. McClure, fighting for political promotion and personal aggrandisement. Choose ye this day whom ye will serve—with a firm reliance on the intelligence, patriotism and conservatism of the people of this Senatorial district—we leave the issue in their hands.—*Chamb. Spirit.*

☞General Scott has started on his mission to San Juan. He left New York on Tuesday in the Star of the West. His departure was honored by a military parade, and he was saluted from Governor's Island, Fort Hamilton and Fort Columbus, as the Star of the West passed down the bay. The Scott Life Guard, Captain J. H. Hobart Ward, composed exclusively of the several companies in arms which served during the Mexican war, paraded as artillerists, and fired a salute as the steamer left her wharf. The mission of the General to the Western coast relates to a controversy now arising between our Government and that of Great Britain relative to the proprietorship of San Juan Island, which lies about twenty-five miles from the shore of Washington Territory, in the strait separating that territory from Vancouver's Island. It is situated outside the main channel, and is farther removed from British than from American land, and, accordingly, by immemorial usage, belongs to the United States.

☞The Philadelphia *News*, a paper that supports the Republican nominees in this State, says "The tariff of '46 was bad enough, but the Republican of '57 made it worse.—Home industry has but little to expect from sectional parties, no matter what name they bear."

☞It is estimated that the telegraph cuts off a million per annum of postage receipts.

The Republican Creed:

As Gathered from the Declarations of Republican Oracles.

Up with the BLACK MAN and down with the WHITE!

If any sane man yet doubts the end and aim of the Republican party—particularly in those States where its power is firmly established—to be to make the negro the equal—and in some cases the superior—of the white man, we commend to the consideration of such the following amendment to the constitution of Massachusetts, adopted by two successive Republican Legislatures, and also, by the Republican voters of that State:

"NO PERSON OF FOREIGN BIRTH SHALL BE ALLOWED TO VOTE, NOR SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO OFFICE, UNLESS HE SHALL HAVE RESIDED WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE STATE FOR TWO YEARS SUBSEQUENT TO HIS NATURALIZATION, and shall be otherwise qualified according to the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth."

Whilst such is the policy of Massachusetts Republicans towards foreigners, they accord to the negro—the fugitive slave fresh from the cotten fields of the South—rights and privileges equal to those possessed by native born whites.

The same spirit that prompted the adoption of this amendment actuated the Boston *Bee*, the organ of the Massachusetts Republicans, to the utterance of the following:

"Why, we venture the assertion without fear of successful contradiction, that you may take the five thousand negroes as they come, and a thousand Irishmen in the same way, and you will find the negroes surpass the Irishmen of Boston in intelligence, morality and industry, and good citizenship; they are more thrifty, more orderly, and every way superior; it is the same in the city of Philadelphia, as facts will abundantly prove."

"Because Wisconsin is mean and narrow minded enough to refuse to allow a negro, however intelligent, to vote, it by no means proves that the negro does not deserve the privilege, nor because Wisconsin at the same time, permits A RAW IRISHMAN AND AN IGNORANT DUTCHMAN to vote, when he neither knows his own politics nor that of his candidate, does it prove that Wisconsin is either just or wise in making this arbitrary discrimination. Let us be just and sensible, as well as critical and patriotic, Mr. Doolittle. The only fair test of the capacity and disposition of the black man to dwell SIDE BY SIDE, ON TERMS OF EQUALITY WITH THE WHITE, is to take him where he does enjoy that equality. Unfortunately there is no place where this is the case to the full extent, for prejudice does much, even in the most favored localities, to oppress the colored man."

Nor is this feeling of affection for negroes and hostility to whites confined to Massachusetts. The Cleveland *Herald*—the Republican organ in the Western Reserve—a paper admired by the Republican party and sustained by Republican patronage—gives utterance to its sentiments as follows:

"We unhesitatingly aver that SEVEN TENTHS OF THE FOREIGNERS IN OUR LAND, WHO BOW IN OBEDIENCE TO THE WILL OF THE POPE OF ROME, ARE NOT AS INTELLIGENT AS THE FULL BLOODED AFRICANS OF OUR STATE—WE WILL NOT INCLUDE THE PART BLOODS. Yet, should a move be made to curtail the naturalization laws, even to extending the residence of the most illiterate, ignorant foreigner that lands on our shores, SUCH A DIN WOULD BE RAISED BY THE DEMOCRATS AS WOULD DEAFEN THE STATE."

And such we may regard the almost universal feeling of Republicans respecting the relative capacities and rights of foreigners and negroes. That party is composed almost entirely of men who were formerly Know Nothings—and while their love for the negro has greatly increased, their detestation of foreigners has in no wise abated.

But it is not alone from their journals that we learn this warm Republican affection for the negro. It is a sentiment that prevades the mass of that party, and finds utterance on all occasions. Let us quote from the men who moulded the Republican party, and who breathed into it the breath of life—men who have always sustained *it*, and who have received from it high official favors. And as a man by marrying a woman, in the language of the law adopts her circumstances, so the Republican party, by electing these men to office, adopted and endorsed their declared political opinions. And first from Governor Chase, of Ohio, now a prominent Republican candidate for the Presidency. He said:

"I embrace with pleasure this opportunity of declaring my disapprobation with that clause in the Constitution which denies to a portion of the colored people the right of suffrage."

Again he said:

"The exclusion of colored children from the schools is, in my judgment, a clear infringement of the Constitution and a palpable breach of trust."

And now let the Ajax of the party, JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS, declare himself. In the last Republican State Convention of Ohio Mr. Giddings said:

"The negro is a *Heavenly Institution*, and it is God-like in man to *elevate him to an equality with the white*."

And Mr. Giddings thus delivers himself through the Ashtabula *Sentinel*. This is a choice *morceau*, and deserves attention:

"Some niggers are superior to some Democrats. Indeed they are *superior to the great mass of the Democratic party;* while some Democrats are superior to some niggers, and perhaps to the greater portion of the African race. Yet all Democrats, *however intellectually inferior they may be to the niggers*, are entitled to live, and to enjoy their liberty, and the fruits of their labor. And while we are endeavoring to sustain these equal and universal rights we ought not to be drawn into any discussion of the *moral or social superiority of the niggers over the Democrats*."

Mr. Giddings, be it remembered, is the Chairman of the Republican Committee of the State at large, in Ohio. Such sentiments he has uttered during his whole life, and he has time and again, since their utterance, been honored with high official position by the Republican brethren.

Let us now hear BENJAMIN F. WADE, Black Republican United States Senator from Ohio, who in a speech at Columbus said:

"I loath from the bottom of my soul, any man who refuses to anything in human shape, all the rights and privileges he claims for himself. *I know no high, no low—no black, no white—all are created by one God and all are entitled to the same privileges.*"

MR. WASHBURN, a Republican member of Congress, said at a Republican meeting:

"If because I stand up for the *equality of the negro, socially and politically*, with the white man, they call me a negro worshipper, let them do it. I shall persevere to the end."

The Republican members of a committee in the Ohio Senate concluded a report to that body as follows:

"The Committee conclude their labors by submitting two resolutions; recommending an amendment to the Constitution, by which the elective franchise shall be extended to colored men."

And now, finally let us hear the *State Journal*, the official Republican organ of Ohio:

"As far as the right of suffrage or any other right of citizenship is concerned he (the negro) should be placed on an equality with the rest of mankind."

Such, reader, is the creed of the Republican party—the object it is aiming to accomplish is the elevation of the black man and the degradation of the white. We learn it from the only source from which a party's creed can be learned—from the declarations of its recognized leaders and the teachings of its journals. The belief in negro equality is not confined to certain localities, but is rapidly spreading. Here in Pennsylvania—in the heretofore conservative old Keystone State—even here in Westmoreland county, the abominable doctrine has been proclaimed and defended.—*Greensburg Democrat.*

☞During our visit to Lowell we were show through the Laboratory of our celebrated countryman, Dr. J. C. AYER. Scarcely could we have believed what is seen there without proof beyond disputing.

They consume a barrel of solid Pills, about 50,000 doses and 3 barrels of Cherry Pectoral, 120,000 doses per diem. To what an inconceivable amount of human suffering does this point! 170,000 doses a day!! Fifty million of doses per year!!! What acres and thousands of acres of sick beds does this spread before the imagination! And what sympathies and woe! True, not all of this is taken by the very sick, but also, much of it is. This Cherry Drop and this sugared Pill are to be the companion of pain and anguish and sinking sorrow—the inheritance our mother Eve bequeathed to the whole family of man. Here the infant darling has been touched too early by the blight that withers half our race. Its little lungs are affected and only watching and waiting shall tell which way its breath shall turn. This red drop on its table is the tallismen on which its life shall hang. There the blossom of the world just bursting into womanhood, is stricken also. Affections most assiduous cares skill not, she is still fading away. The wan messenger comes nearer and nearer every week. This little medicinent shall go there, their last perhaps their only hope. The strong man has planted in his vitals, this same disease. This red drop by his side is helping him wrestle with the inexorable enemy; the wife of his bosom and the cherubs of his heart are waiting in sick sorrow and fear lest the rod on which they lean in this world, be broken.

O Doctor! Spare no skill, nor cost, nor toil, to give the perishing sick the best that human art can give.—*Galveston, Texas, News.*

Death of the Original of Walter Scott's "Madge Wildfire."—A Scottish paper contains the following interesting history:

"On Sunday forenoon intelligence was brought to Calashice that an old woman of weak mind, well known to the people of Galashiels and Melrose by various cognomens—as Black Bess, bet Gramsiey, and Daft Bess—was lying in a dying state on the road near Ellwood Bridge. The county police, with medical assistance, went to remove the suffering woman who had lain there all night; but she yielded up her breath just as the doctor approached. The body was conveyed to the sick-house here, and afterwards interred in the stranger's plot at Ladhope burying-ground. Fifty years ago Elizabeth Graham was the rustic beauty, pride and toast of Melrose and the neighborhood, respectably brought up, with health mantling on her cheek, and guileless innocence in her heart. Returning home one evening, she was set upon in the gloomy solitude of the Bogle barn, and there ruined. She returned home, or rather she immediately forsook the ordinary haunts of man, having become a raving maniac, and henceforth she dwelt apart, living along among, but not a responsible portion of humanity. The outward form of what had once been a gay and happy girl took up its dwelling place in a rude cave, in the old Quarry Hill of Melrose. Here she slept at night in Summer and Winter, wrapped up in a blanket, save when for some wild and woeful weeks after the birth of her dead child, when she followed it to the church-yard, and would not be driven away, but slept among the tombstones to watch its grave. It was from this unfortunate waif that Sir Walter Scott drew the character of "Madge Wildfire," in the "Heart of Mid-Lothian." The particulars of the sad case were quite well known to him, residing in the neighborhood; and the reader will observe that there is a striking coincidence between the real facts as we have briefly detailed them, and the incidents in the novel as pictured by the pen of the author of Waverly."

A Book Bound with a Man's Skin.—Martin Walton, the notorious highwayman, when dying in the State Prison at Charleston, made a confession of his crimes, and dictated a minute account of his reckless career, which was recorded by the warden of the institution. The work was published in this city in 1837, under the title of "Narrative of the Life of James Allen, alias George Walton, alias Jonas Pierce, alias James H. York, alias Burley Grove, the highwayman. Being his confession to the warden of the Massachusetts State Prison." There is now in the library of the Athenæum a copy of this work, bound in a piece of the skin of the deceased highwayman. The cover is in one piece, about ten by six inches in size. It is as soft as washleather, but much whiter.—*Boston Journal.*

Attempted Self Destruction by a Child.—A child about 7 years of age, whose parents reside in Morgan street, Jersey City, attempted self destruction by cutting his throat with a knife on Friday. The child will recover.—Some time ago this child fell from a second-story window to the ground, injuring it severely, since which time it has been partially delirious and has made several attempts upon its own life, but the last was the most dangerous.

The Lady Swindler Convicted.—Philadelphia, Sept. 20.—Hiram P. Leslie, the notorious music teacher swindler, was to-day tried for the larceny of the wearing apparel of one of his victims, and convicted. The Judge in passing sentence upon him, said he regretted that he was only amenable upon this one charge, and concluded by giving him three years hard labor in the penitentiary, the extreme penalty of the law.

Measuring Distances.—A new invention is spoken of for measuring distances, which promises to be very useful. It is attached to a buggy or carriage wheel and so arranged as to strike every mile, at the same time registering the distances on a dial. It is said to be very correct, and will no doubt find ready sale.

Death of Bowen, the Horse Thief.—This notorious old man, whose past history has been one of the most remarkable that has blackened the calender of crime, died in Frederick jail on Sunday. He was attended in his last moments by his daughter for whom he had sent, and who is represented as a very amiable and refined young lady.

☞One of the fiercest Abolitionists in Ohio is a gentleman who sold not only his own slaves, but an estate comprising many slaves, and in his haste forgot to pay over the portion of the proceeds due to his mother and his co-heirs, leaving them, thereby, almost destitute.—*Charles Courier.*

Death of a Veteran.—The Kentucky papers notice the death, on Rock Castle River, in that State, of Uriah Gresham, a native of King William county, Va. He was for many years a member of the Kentucky Legislature, and fought under Gen. St. Clair, in 1792, and was one of "Anthony Wayne's" soldiers in 1794.

☞John B. [illegible] Blacksmith, announces himself as an independent Democratic candidate [illegible] Ashland, Ohio.

THE COMPILER.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA:

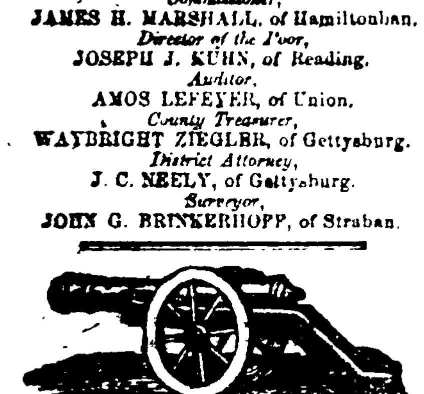
MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 3, 1859.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Auditor General,
RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, of Philadelphia.
For Surveyor General,
JOHN ROWE, of Franklin county.

Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator,
J. W. DOUGLAS, of Franklin county.
Assembly,
FREDERICK DIEHL, of Franklin.
Commissioner,
JAMES H. MARSHALL, of Hamiltonban.
Director of the Poor,
JOSEPH J. KUHN, of Reading.
Auditor,
AMOS LEFEVER, of Union.
County Treasurer,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER, of Gettysburg.
District Attorney,
J. C. NEELY, of Gettysburg.
Surveyor,
JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF, of Straban.



MORE MEETINGS!

Democrats of Adams, Rally in Your Strength!

VICTORY AWAITS US!

MEETINGS of the Democracy, the friends of Correct Principles, and opponents of Proscription and Sectionalism, will be held in various parts of Adams county, as follows:

At McSherrystown, on Monday afternoon, Oct. 3;

At J. E. Smith's, in Mountpleasant township, on Monday evening, Oct. 3;

At Strasbaugh's School-house, in Buchanan Valley, Franklin twp., on Tuesday evening, Oct. 4;

At Gettysburg, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 5;

At Goodyear's, Graeffenberg Springs, in Franklin twp., on Thursday evening, Oct. 6;

At Mount Vernon School-house, in Mountpleasant twp., on Thursday evening, Oct. 6;

At Irishtown, in Oxford twp., on Friday evening, Oct. 7;

At Caledonia Springs, on Saturday evening, Oct. 8;

At Round Hill, in Reading twp., on Saturday evening, Oct. 8;

At Hunterstown, on Monday afternoon, Oct. 10, at 2 o'clock precisely;

At Middletown, on Monday evening, Oct. 10;

At Munshower's Tavern, in Franklin twp., on Monday afternoon, Oct. 10, at 3 o'clock precisely;

At Shaner's Tavern, in Franklin twp., on Monday evening, Oct. 10;

☞ Several Speakers may be expected to address each Meeting. COME ONE—COME ALL!

☞ The Democratic Brass Band of Gettysburg will be present and perform at the Meetings, in their magnificent new Chariot.

By order of Committee,
Oct. 3, 1859. H. J. STAHLE, Ch'n.

The Importance of One Vote.

The importance of one vote is rarely made more manifest than it was in the recent elections in Kentucky and Tennessee. One Opposition candidate for Congress, in the former State, was elected by three votes, and in another district the vote was a *tie*. In the latter State one Opposition candidate for Congress was elected by *eight* votes, another by *twenty-six*, and another by *fifty*. In all these cases there were doubtless Democrats enough remaining at home to have turned the scale in favor of the Democratic nominees, had they gone to the election and deposited their ballots, as it was their duty to have done. We hope that Democrats will bear these instances in mind, this fall, in this county and State, and not under estimate the importance of *one vote* in determining the result of the election.

The Truth at Last, tho' Long Coming!

A year ago, the *Compiler* asserted, and PROVED from the House Journal, that CHARLES WILL had supported, whilst a member, the $500 compensation, instead of $700. The *Star* and *Sentinel*, week after week, declared the statement false, and piled up columns upon columns of Italics and little and large Capitals to show that our position was all wrong—that we "lied!" "lied!" "lied!"—just as they are doing now in regard to our exposures of Durboraw's votes.

Conscious of being in the right, we stuck to it, and believed that all parties would acknowledge the fact some day. Our expectation is already being realized. At the Opposition meeting at New Oxford on Saturday last, one of the speakers ADMITTED THAT MR. WILL *DID* SUPPORT THE $500 SALARY, against that of $700!

What think you of that, honest readers—especially such of you as were accustomed to read the piously indignant denials of the *Star* and *Sentinel* a year ago. As it is now in regard to Mr. Will, it may be a twelve-month hence in respect to Mr. Durboraw. *Then* they may acknowledge that the *Compiler* is right now, just as one of their loud guns acknowledged on Saturday the truth of our position in 1858! "Can such men be trusted?"

RAIN OR SHINE!

Democrats of Adams, GO TO THE ELECTION! Let nothing keep a single voter back. The Opposition are trying to poll their full vote. Let us meet them in our strength, and VICTORY IS CERTAIN!

SPURIOUS TICKETS!

The *Star* managers, in their last, say:—"Wagons of spurious tickets having already been circulated in a number of the districts." They know that such is the fact, for, if our information be correct, they, the *Star* managers themselves, are having SPURIOUS TICKETS circulated. Such a game need not be attempted to secure [illegible] for the [illegible].

DEMOCRATS, BE ON YOUR GUARD!

REMEMBER!

That SAMUEL DURBORAW voted for [illegible] without limit as to the number [illegible] should continue, [illegible] him $700 or $800 pay for the session [illegible]!

Durboraw's Pledges!

DURBORAW'S VOTES!

Let the Journal of the House Speak!

$500 OFFERED!!!

"I think the Act of last session increasing their compensation to $700 per annum was unwise, and, if elected, I shall certainly vote for its repeal, and use my influence to have the old compensation of $500 restored."—*Samuel Durboraw's Letter to Jacob Resser, Sept. 8, 1858.*

☞ Such was the pledge made a year ago by SAMUEL DURBORAW, the Know Nothing and Black Republican candidate for re-election to the Legislature. The people have a right to know whether his votes last winter squared with his promises, and we propose to give a full, fair, and connected statement of them, so far as they related to the question of "extra pay." The *Star* and the *Sentinel* may rave and rant as much as they please—they may, in order to break the force of our exposures of Durboraw's delinquencies, denounce and vilify us as far as their high-toned, christian morality may permit—they may characterize us as "unscrupulous," "ungentlemanly," and so on, to the end of the chapter of fishwoman slang—we have the consolation of knowing that THE TRUTH is with us—that the regular JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE sustains us in every position we have taken. So confident are we of this, that for the correctness of every vote given in this article, we pledge ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS—the Journal, kept by the sworn officers of the House, and which does not lie, to be appealed to for the proof.

Mr. Durboraw's pledge is given above,—taken from the *Star* of September 17th, 1858. We are particular about this, as it is not unlikely that the *Star* and the *Sentinel will even deny the pledge*, if it should seem to be necessary in order to help Mr. Durboraw out of the difficulty he has gotten into *by breaking it*. They have already denied that the Appropriation Bill *made provision for the payment of the members' salary*, in the face of the notorious fact that if they had not been paid thro' it, they would have returned home *without any pay at all!* So brazen-faced have these papers become in their falsehoods.

Now to Durboraw's votes:

On the 2d of March, the Appropriation Bill was under consideration. The fourth section, as reported by the Committee of Ways and Means, provided for the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature, including the pay and mileage of the members, clerks and officers, stationery, newspapers, &c. The section contained no change in the amount of salary to members, and, of course, left it at $700, as for the previous session.

Mr. Hottenstine moved to amend by repealing the $700 pay, and making it $500.—Mr. Hamersly moved to amend Hottenstine's amendment, by making the pay a *daily* one—$1,50, with expenses going to and returning from Harrisburg. The yeas and nays were called on Mr. Hamersly's motion, and it carried—49 yeas to 41 nays—*Mr. Durboraw voting among the nays*, or AGAINST the $1,50 per day. The question then came up, "will the House agree to the amendment as amended," and the yeas were 39, the nays 52—Mr. Durboraw still voting with the nays, or against the $1,50 per day. The motion was declared lost. For these two votes we refer to page 454 of the House Journal, March 2d.

Mr. Walborn moved to make the pay one thousand dollars per session. This Mr. McClure proposed to amend by making the pay $5,00 *per day, but fixed no limit as to the number of days the pay might continue*. This was a sharp trick of McClure's to get large pay through protracted sessions—*all the time* at $5 per diem. The yeas and nays were called on this motion of McClure's and resulted, 36 for, to 59 against—*Mr. Durboraw among the yeas*. The amendment was declared lost, when Mr. Walborn withdrew his $1000 motion—and the section was agreed to, *still allowing the* $700, as the winter before, and to the repeal of which Samuel Durboraw was most solemnly pledged. For Durboraw's vote on the McClure amendment see House Journal, page 455,—March 2d.

Thus far in the Journal, Mr. Durboraw has not redeemed his pledges.

March 3d and 4th were mainly taken up with the same bill, and in the evening of the 4th, it came up on final passage, the 4th section remaining unchanged, and of course still continuing the old salary of $700. On this final passage vote the yeas and nays were as follows—see House Journal, page 412:—

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Barnsley, Barlow, Boyer, (Clearfield,) Brodhead, Burley, Campbell, Chase, Dismant, Dodds, Eckman, Evans, Fisher, Foster, Galley, Good, Graham, Gratz, Irish, Jackson, Ketchum, Kinney, Lawrence, (Washington,) Mahaffey, M'Curdy, Neall, Oaks, Proudfoot, Pughe, Quigley, Rohrer, Shafler, Sheppard, Styer, Taylor, Thompson, Thorn, Walborn, Walker, Warden, Witman, Wigton, Wilcox, Williams, (Bucks,) and Lawrence, *Speaker*—45.

Nays—Messrs. Acker, Bryson, Church, Custer, Fleming, Glatz, Hamersly, Hill, Hottenstine, Keneagy, Laird, Mann, M'Clure, M'Dowell, Patterson, Pierce, Pinkerton, Ramsdell, Smith, (Berks,) Stoneback, Stuart, Wagonseller, Wiley, Williston, Wilson, Withrow and Wolf—27.

Mr. Durboraw's name is not to be found in this list—simply because he was afraid to "face the music," and DODGED the vote!—The *Star* and the *Sentinel* endeavor to make it appear that he voted—but the Journal says he did not, that Journal which was kept by Mr. Durboraw's own political friends, and who were sworn to keep it faithfully. We do not believe that Mr. Durboraw himself will say he was present and voted at the time.—We will bet a "V" or an "X" that he will not *make an affidavit* that he voted on the final passage of the Appropriation Bill on the 4th of March, 1858.

The Bill, having passed the House, was ordered to be sent to the Senate, for the action of that body. A number of its sections were disagreed to, and a Committee of Conference was appointed *from both Houses*. On the 11th of April, this Committee made their Report, and by not saying a solitary word in regard to the pay of the members, left that question just where it was when the Appropriation Bill finally passed the House—and just where it stood a year before—at $700! *For this Report*, SAMUEL DURBORAW VOTED!—this Report, which still left undisturbed the $700 pay to members, an amount of compensation which, from his high-sounding pledges a year ago, it was fair to infer he would resist in every shape, and to the last. But he voted FOR IT—thus putting the capstone upon a course of singular delinquency on this question—a course which, looks as though he had all the time been anxious to have the $700 salary continued, that he might set aside a $200 Electioneering Fund, to secure a re-election—and make $700 more! For this vote of Durboraw's we refer to pages 1094 and 1095 of the House Journal—March 11th.

Such are the votes of Mr. Durboraw on the "extra pay" question. We appeal to the Journal for their correctness in every particular. They demonstrate that Durboraw did not carry out his pledges—the "virtuous indignation" of the *Star* and *Sentinel* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Two More of Durboraw's Votes.

☞ SAMUEL DURBORAW, in the Legislature, last winter, voted AGAINST the *indefinite postponement* of a Bill to prevent foreign-born citizens from voting during the SIX MONTHS AFTER THEIR NATURALIZATION!! This vote was all the same as if he had voted directly in favor of the Bill, the indefinite postponement being the *test*, and the Bill was killed thereby. Thus Mr. Durboraw exhibited his love for Know Nothingism, whose principles of proscription he *swore* to carry out in the Mountjoy Council of that midnight Order. Mark it—Samuel Durboraw voted to keep naturalized citizens out of their votes for six months after receiving their naturalization papers!

☞ In the same manner did SAMUEL DURBORAW cast his vote AGAINST a Bill *to prevent* the intermarriage of whites and blacks. This, it is supposed, was to satisfy his Amalgamation friends. Mark this, too!

Democrats, Sound the Alarm!

Know Nothing "Sam" again in his Midnight Councils!

Members of the Opposition deny that secret Know Nothing meetings are now held in this county, and spend no little breath in the effort to keep down all suspicion.—It won't do, however. We almost daily receive information, from various districts, of circumstances so convincing, as to no longer leave room for doubt.

Here is one of them, as an instance. We are informed, by a gentleman of high character, that on Thursday evening last, Mr. Samuel Durboraw was at Heidlersburg on an electioneering tour. The town was quite lively with Know Nothings until about half an hour after dark, when they suddenly disappeared, and nothing was to be seen of them until about 10 o'clock, when they re-appeared, as quietly and suddenly as they had left! Now, can it be doubted that a secret Know Nothing meeting was held there or in the immediate neighborhood at that time?

This is but one of numerous similar incidents of recent occurrence that have come to our notice, and we warn the friends of Equal Rights all over the county to be up and doing—to watch the midnight tricksters—expose them—and at the election defeat them, as we have heretofore done. AROUSE! AWAKE!—TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Pig or Pup!

We are reliably informed that one of the Know Nothing speakers at Fairfield, the other night, declared his belief that FREDERICK DIEHL last fall VOTED FOR CHARLES WILL, notwithstanding the charge to the contrary, and hoped that for that reason no American or Republican would vote for him! This was putting the *pig* into the basket.—But at Oxford, on Saturday afternoon, the pig was taken out and the *pup* put in. The gentleman who made the Durboraw speech there, *not* the one who made it at Fairfield, took directly the opposite ground, and declared that Frederick Diehl did *not* vote for Mr. Will!

These hungry tricksters, in order to humbug the people, are "all things to all men"—pig here and pup there—anything and everything to suit different localities. What would serve their purpose at Oxford, might be death at Fairfield! And yet they prate of "fairness!"

"Fair and Straight-forward!"

"Mr. Durboraw is a fair, straight-forward man."—*Sentinel.*

☞ Was it a very "fair" act in Mr. DURBORAW to take an *oath* to proscribe and set a mark upon citizens of foreign birth and members of a particular church—classes who are as patriotic, and as good citizens and prompt tax-payers as any other in the country—many of them, too, his neighbors. Was that "fair?"—And is it "fair" that he should now ask these very citizens, whom he thus swore to deprive of full political rights, for their votes? In addition, was it "straight-forward" in him to leave his home in the darkness of night, in order to reach a country school-house, there to take the infamous obligation?

Disinterested!

The organs of the Superior Know Nothing Councillors are working themselves into a fever in trying to make the impression that Mr. DURBORAW's deposit of $200 was a very disinterested act. If he had no, at the time made his arrangements to be a candidate for re-election to the same office, the transaction might have that appearance; but as he was in the field for re-nomination and re-election, it can be looked upon in no other light than as a BRIBE offered to the voters of the county—a bribe of FOUR CENTS A HEAD!—Mr. Durboraw is known to be just as anxious to make money as the majority of people, and just as good at holding on to it. Would he have given away $200 without expecting *more* in return on the investment! NO, NOT HE!

More and More Desperate!

The tricksters who manage the *Star* and Know Nothing affairs generally, are finding themselves still closer and closer to the wall. The large and enthusiastic Democratic meetings held throughout the county last week, bother them sorely—and hence their studied efforts to make them out as small as possible. But they "won't take!" The people in the localities where both parties have held meetings know better, and can place a proper estimate upon the *Star's* representations, or rather, misrepresentations.

Communicated.

Mac.—Thou canst not say, I did it.
Never shake thy gory locks at me.—
Act 3, Scene 4th of Macbeth, not Duncan.

☞ The Opposition speakers, at Petersburg, on Friday night, pitched, tore and raved in a manner so bombastic and "highfalutin" as to leave many of their hearers in doubt whether the meeting was intended as a bona fide political gathering or a fanatastical performance. It is suspected that "several lines" were greatly damaged in the herculean effort to demolish the veracity of the *Compiler*. Persevere, gentlemen. *Gnaw away*—the file can stand it if your grinders can.

☞ Look out for an awful break-down! McClure, with a load already more than he can carry, undertakes to "tote" Durboraw along. It is really *too* kind, even if they were partners in the "five dollars a day and roast beef" business.

☞ Let the people remember, that the Legislature of 1857 was the first to increase the salaries of the members "one hundred dollars," and that the bill making that increase was passed by an Opposition Senate, and was signed by an Opposition Governor!

Five "Dollars a Day and Roast Beef" Again.

Here's one of the *Sentinel's* "white lies." It says:

"The attempt to change it [$700 pay] last session failed—although Mr. Durboraw supported the proposition to reduce it to $500."

Mr. Durboraw did no such thing, as the editor knew when he penned the assertion.—The *Sentinel* would, we infer from the sneaking style of this little "white lie," have its readers believe that Mr. Durboraw supported a proposition to reduce the pay to $500 *per session*, as he promised he would! But that journal can't catch gudgeons as easily as all that comes to. Mr. Durboraw never voted for $500 pay per session, and we defy the *Sentinel*, now and here, to point us to the page of the Journal that proves he did.

He did vote for McClure's proposition for $5,00 A DAY, but that was very far from "restoring the old compensation of $500 *per session!*—because McClure was careful (the tricky advocate of high pay) *not to limit the number of days during which such pay should continue*, so that it might as easily have amounted to $800 as under, and more likely above, as a majority of the members would doubtless have made it convenient to sit out a *long* session whilst that rate of pay continued! Most of them don't make half as much at home.

To show how far the *Sentinel* is stretching the truth in undertaking to say that Mr. Durboraw redeemed his pledges by voting for McClure's $5,00 per day, we give extracts from a few of the speeches made in the House at the time, as follows:

Mr. Hamersly desired to explain his vote. The proposition was calculated to increase the pay of members, and therefore he had voted against it.

Mr. Neall thought that the amendment to the amendment was making the salary approximate nearer to $1000. He had therefore voted for it.

Mr. Stevens said, my reason for voting against this amendment, is because I think it will have a tendency to increase our salaries by protracted sessions, instead of diminishing them. I am in favor of a fixed salary of $500 and mileage.

Mr. Kinney gave the following reasons for his vote on the above question: My reasons for voting against the amendment of the gentleman from Franklin, (Mr. M'Clure,) to fix the pay of members at $5 per day are, that the per diem system is an exploded system in Pennsylvania, and would tend to prolong the sessions; and, on the whole, increase the expenses of the government.

Mr. Fleming gave his reasons for voting "no" on the amendment of the gentleman from Franklin, because he sincerely believed it would result in increasing the compensation of members to more than $500, the sum which he thought sufficient compensation. It being evident that every day over one hundred, would result in some $800 per day expenses, and hold out inducements for prolonged sessions.

Mr. Pinkerton said he was opposed to the amendment offered by the gentleman from Franklin, (Mr. M'Clure.) He believed if the amendment carried, that the expenses of the government would be increased rather than diminished. The expenses each day, apart from the pay of members, are not less than $500 per diem, in this House and Senate; and he felt satisfied if this amendment prevailed, that hereafter, instead of the session lasting, as they should, but about eighty days, they would be prolonged to not less than one hundred and twenty-five days. This, at $5,00 per diem, would amount for pay of members, in House and Senate, to $83,125; to which add forty-five days extra for officers' pay, light, &c., at $500 per day, making in the whole $105,625; whilst the present session at $700 per day for members, will cost but $93,100: saving to the Commonwealth $12,525. For these reasons he should vote against the amendment, and hoped that it would not prevail.

Mr. Boyer, (Schuylkill,) said he voted against the amendment of the gentleman from Franklin, for similar reasons as those given by his colleague, (Mr. Pinkerton,) and believing fully that should the amendment carry, it would greatly increase the expenses of this Commonwealth.

Mr. Bertolet said—I vote against the increase of pay of the members of this House, on the ground that I think five hundred dollars is sufficient for any member, who comes here, for the short time that his services are required. A mechanic or laborer, who labors a whole year, scarcely earns more than one-half what members of the Legislature receive.

Mr. Durboraw did not heed such warnings, notwithstanding his pledges to the people of Adams county. He followed and voted with McClure, the persistent advocate of high pay, who declared, in 1858, that $700 was no more than a member should have—he would vote for it, *and did!*

Our readers will have no difficulty in seeing that in this vote, Mr. Durboraw did *not* support a proposition to reduce the pay to $500 per session—but, on the contrary, one which would inevitably have swelled the annual pay from $600 to $1000!

☞ Mr. Durboraw, in his Resser Letter, declared that

"If a public officer has a *right* to vote himself, or take from the public treasury $200 additional to his legal salary, he has a right to vote for and take $1000 additional."

You were right there, Mr. Durboraw; but how came it that you voted for McClure's proposition for $5,00 PER DAY, *without limiting the number of days, to which such pay should apply?* Had it carried, the Legislature might have been in session the summer through, each member drawing his FIVE DOLLARS A DAY all the while, and thus increasing the expenditures of the State hundreds of thousands of dollars.

☞ The Opposition papers say the *Compiler* "lies" in regard to Mr. Durboraw's votes.—FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS are at their service if they will PROVE from the Journal, that we misrepresent him.

For The Compiler.

MR. STAHLE:—I have been reading your paper for a few months, and my attention was particularly arrested by your allusions to the Opposition nominations for Commissioner and Director of the Poor. On looking at the Map of the county, I notice that Freedom and Cumberland are joined, in a kind of wedge, by Hamiltonban. The Directors who will remain in the Board reside in Freedom (Mr. WHITE) and Cumberland (Mr. SPANGLER.)—If Hamiltonban should get the third Director, three *adjoining* townships would have the whole Board. This would not be fair, and, although generally voting with Mr. Musselman's party, I cannot sanction this movement with my vote. The allusion in the *Adams Sentinel*, last Monday, to this point, is not satisfactory, but is a "begging of the question." It does not answer the question of the impropriety of the *location* of the present candidate.

Beside this, I suspect very strongly that this nomination for Director was the result of the manœuvring of a life-long office-holder in regard to the Commissionership—the one depending on the other. I have long ago thought that the office-holder alluded to had more than his share of public favors, in preference to other equally deserving men, who were forced to stand back to make room for him, and I have heretofore complained of it. Believing his present plan to be to the same intent, I cannot vote for his candidate for Commissioner.

A TAXPAYER.

For The Compiler.

Rambling Resser.

MR. STAHLE:—It has been asserted that the name of Jacob Resser, the Opposition candidate for Commissioner, has not been on the Tax List, nor has he been a resident of the County, until a recent period.

We desire to obtain correct information as to these assertions. If they be facts, he has not the necessary familiarity with the history and finances of the County, and is undeserving of the suffrage of its CITIZENS.

☞ In response to the above inquiry—we have examined the Duplicates in the Commissioners' Office, and find that although Jacob Resser is not a young man, his name cannot be found on the Lists prior to 1857! What think ye, voters of Adams, of his seeking to foist himself, under the direction of his place-loving wire-worker, into official position, destitute of any claim upon the support of the people for such position?

We know James H. Marshall to have been a life-long resident of the county, fully cognizant of its public affairs, as well as a man of intelligence, excellent judgment and the highest probity.

Communicated

Opposition Meeting in Cashtown.

Dear Compiler:—Last night was our quiet village visited by McClure and company for the purpose of holding what they chose to call a political meeting. And such a meeting!—It was nothing more nor less than a signal failure from beginning to end, and will be a lasting and eternal disgrace both to themselves and their party. True, there were some 80 to 100 persons present, ladies and all, but of this number fully one-third were from Gettysburg; and of the remaining two-thirds there were nearly as many Democrats as Black Republicans, and those the most attentive listeners.

The Black Republican leaders must indeed have very queer and very erroneous ideas concerning the people of Franklin township, to suppose that they are so extremely verdant and gullible as to believe such silly stuff as they saw fit to spit out last night. But then, like the pig of which Socrates speaks, they have been in the mud, and hence it is quite natural that they should try to rub some of it on Democrats.

After something like an organization was gone through with, Col. McClure made his appearance, mounted on the old Rosinante which has already carried him through more than one campaign—I mean the "Main Line of Public Works, our National and State debt, the Protective Tariff, and Free Labor." Of course, the canal board was Democratic ever since creation, and the men who composed it rogues and swindlers—the Democratic Presidents and Governors have all been thieves and robbers, or their accomplices—the low tariff is the cause of our national poverty,—in short, it would be easier to mention what he didn't hack at than what he did.—What made this gentleman's tirade particularly disagreeable and unpleasant was his unpardonable egotism, that is, he had the private "I" too much in the public ear.

To have accomplished the half of what he claimed for himself, would have required another Hercules. He essayed to effect with a profusion of miserable wit and banter what his paltry arguments could not accomplish.—When his stock of invective was exhausted, he had wisdom enough to vanish during a most impressive silence. A few strangers next set up a feeble call for "Ed McPherson," who soon after mounted the stump. His subject was "Samuel Durboraw," and his object two-fold. The first was to justify Mr. D. in his course last winter; the other was to procure votes for his re-election this fall, neither of which he did. He took good care, however, not to say anything against the irreproachable character of Capt. Diehl. That gentleman, I am sure, would have been ashamed to deliver such a speech in Gettysburg. The whole of his arguments may be summed up thus: *a miserable failure at facetiousness.* To arrest the attention of the audience, he had resource to his old trick of telling stories, some of which are so stale from frequent use that they are positively a bore. The principal thorn in his flesh seemed to be the *Compiler* and its editor. He wound up with his old story concerning a certain hen of his, or somebody elses, trying to hatch seventy eggs, which was just about as much of a possibility as that his party will be victorious at the coming election. A. J. Cover, Esq., was the last speaker. He gravely told his hearers that the "People's party" was sure to be a successful institution in October. As the people and the "People's party" didn't want to hear anything more, they walked off; and he, acting the part of wisdom, soon gathered up his chattles and followed. They overdid the thing entirely, and so did more harm than good.

A SPECTATOR.

Cashtown, Pa., Sept. 29th, 1859.

For The Compiler.

LITTLESTOWN, Pa., Sept. 27, 1859.

MR. EDITOR: Dear Sir:—The "Nigger" party had a meeting here last night, and of all the political meetings I have ever attended in my life, it certainly was the poorest. There were about one hundred persons present, all told, and nearly one-half were boys. The meeting was organized by Mr. E. Myers getting up and having the officers voted for, and then naming them afterwards. A friend at my right suggests that he did that last, in the event of his naming them first, some of them would have been too exceptionable even for their own "color." One of your Gettysburg lawyers then introduced the candidate for Senator, his presence exciting no applause whatever; and the quasi-congressman elect thinking it too bad, offered three cheers, which were faintly given by the delegation they brought along from Gettysburg. He then opened by expressing his love (!) for Democrats, which was perfectly understood even by the wayfaring, and went on in a poetical strain about our green fields, and hills, and dales, and told us that our prosperity was the result of our own labor, &c.,—something we also were perfectly aware of. His whole speech was entirely foreign from the points at issue, and was perfect bosh. Apropos, after McClure finished, McPherson introduced him to one of our Democrats in the neighborhood, thinking to make a vote, but our old friend said, "You are not my man, I can't go you." It is needless to say that Mr. McClure looked considerably crest-fallen.

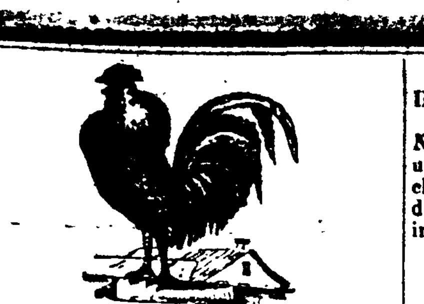
McPherson then took the stand, but no one applauded. His speech was of one hour's length, in vindication of Mr. Durboraw's course in the Assembly, but he rather made matters worse than better. He, like McClure, closed amid perfect silence.

Some of the delegation from Gettysburg then called for their lawyer, who responded in a speech of five or ten minutes. He attempted to assail the Democracy, but his efforts were too poor to justify me in giving even this passing notice. When he closed, no one knew it, for no one was paying attention to him, and this was the end of it. I beg pardon, they did afterwards get up a farce by dressing two men up to represent an elephant. A fit synonyme of the whole proceedings.

The Democracy here have their eyes open, and are determined not to be hoaxed again. McClure will be beaten out of his boots, and the whole Democratic ticket will receive the largest vote ever polled in this section.

"The per diem system would have been *nearly* as effective in keeping down the pay as the absolute compensation."—*Sentinel.*

☞ "*Nearly*," says the *Sentinel* here, and yet in other parts of the same issue he tries to show that Mr. Durboraw *quite* came up to his pledges, by voting for McClure's $500 *a day* motion. This is a way of shifting and dodging that very *respectable* journal has, but we ask, "what is to be thought of an editor so brazen-faced as that? Surely, no faith can be placed in any of his statements, after such wholesale and persistent falsification." We use the editor's own refined and gentlemanly language.



SKIES BRIGHT!

"THE COUNTRY RISING!"

The Friends of Equal Rights Waking Up to the Importance of the Contest!

LARGE DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS—GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

AT HEIDLERSBURG.

The first Democratic Meeting of the campaign took place at Heidlersburg on Tuesday evening last. Notwithstanding the threatening state of the weather, the friends of the cause poured in from all sides, until it became the largest gathering of the kind we have yet seen in that place. The following gentlemen were chosen officers:

President, HENRY J. MYERS, Esq.

Vice Presidents, John Delap, Samuel Gilliland, Peter Fidler, Jacob Bream, John Lynch, Frederick Pillard, Michael Bowers, Sr., Daniel S. Diehl, John Fieser, Jacob Bollinger.

Secretaries, Peter Miller, Jr., George Shields, Noah F. Hersh, J. M. Pittenturf, Jeremiah Slaybaugh.

The meeting was addressed by D. W. Rowe, and Thos. Orr, Esquires, of Chambersburg, and W. A. Duncan, and J. C. Neely, Esquires, of Gettysburg, in an eloquent, clear and convincing manner, and their remarks were received with frequent bursts of warm applause. H. J. Stahle also addressed the assemblage. It adjourned in fine spirits, with three hearty cheers for the Democratic ticket, proposed by that sterling old Democrat, John Lynch, Esq.

AT LITTLESTOWN.

The meeting at Littlestown, on Wednesday evening, was a great gathering of the Democracy of that region—Germany, Mountjoy, Mountpleasant and Union being all represented. The assemblage, we were informed by unprejudiced persons, was fully twice as large as that at the Opposition meeting held there a few evenings previous, and the warmest enthusiasm prevailed throughout. The meeting was called to order by Jacob Klunk, when the following officers were chosen:

President, WM. DUTTERA.

Vice Presidents, George Gonder, Simon S Bishop, Henry Rahter, Peter Greenholtz, George Hesson, Thomas Bittle, Wm. Rider, Moses Hartman, Joseph Arntz, George Lefever, Levi Golden, Wm. H. Lott, John L. Fisher.

Secretaries, Dr. S. G. Kinser, Paul Kuhns, Dr. A. L. Bishop, Wm. Hofferd.

Thomas Orr, Wm. A. Duncan, J. C. Neely and D. W. Rowe successively addressed the meeting, and their remarks were received with frequent demonstrations of satisfaction by the audience. H. J. Stahle concluded the speaking, when the meeting adjourned, amidst thunders of cheers for the whole Democratic ticket. It was remarked on all sides that so large a political gathering had not taken place there for many years, if ever before.

AT EAST BERLIN.

The meeting at East Berlin took place on Thursday afternoon, and notwithstanding the extraordinarily busy season with the farmers, very many of whom were just getting in their seeding, the attendance was good, and all appeared to feel the liveliest interest in the canvass. The officers were:

President, WM. WOLF, Esq.

Vice Presidents, George Baker, Esq., Geo. King, Joseph Woods, H. K. Stoner, Michael Brown, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Abraham King, Peter Chronister, John Lynch, Frederick Holtz, Michael Dellone, Peter Firestone, Samuel March, Frederick Heidler.

Secretaries, W. S. Hildebrand, C. E. Kuhn, Israel Trostle, John Dellone.

E. B. Buehler, W. A. Duncan, and J. C. Neely, Esquires, of Gettysburg, addressed the meeting in an able manner, explaining a number of the issues between the parties, and afforded high gratification to their hearers.—H. J. Stahle closed with allusions to county politics, and the meeting adjourned with the determination to do full duty at the polls.

AT NEW CHESTER.

The meeting at New Chester, on Thursday evening, was a glorious demonstration. The surrounding townships of Tyrone, Reading, Hamilton, Oxford and Mountpleasant, were well represented, whilst old Straban was out in great force—exhibiting how earnest the friends of the GOOD OLD CAUSE are becoming, and how determined to conquer on the second Tuesday of October next. With such a spirit prevailing, the Democracy, the party of Equal Laws and Equal Rights, cannot fail to triumph. The meeting organized as follows:

President, GEORGE EHREHART, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Henry Myers, John Thomas, Thomas N. Dicks, John B. Kuhn, John L. Taughinbaugh, John Eckenrode, Wm. Thomas, of C., Col. J. L. Neely, H. J. Myers, H. A. Picking, Maj. Jacob Sanders, John Lynch, Philip Donohue, Thomas R. Bower.

Secretaries, Philip A. Myers, David Holtz, Thomas Ehrehart, Theodore Taughinbaugh, Daniel Thomas, Daniel Lynch.

E. B. Buehler, Esq., made a short and pertinent speech, and then introduced upon the stand J. W. DOUGLAS, Esq., the Democratic candidate for the State Senate, who was received with many cheers. Mr. Douglas addressed the vast crowd at some length, in a speech of great power, which, whilst it contained no word of disrespect towards his opponent, Mr. McClure, abounded in facts of telling force against him. When he ceased speaking, "three cheers for Douglas!" were given with a will.

J. C. Neely and S. J. Vandersloot followed, with speeches that were well received, and H. J. Stahle concluded—when cheers for the whole ticket were proposed and responded to until the welkin rang again and again. Such gatherings cannot but strike terror into the mongrel Know Nothing and Black Republican Opposition.

AT FAIRFIELD.

The meeting at Fairfield on Friday evening was another glorious outpouring of the people—nearly TWICE AS LARGE as that of the Opposition a few evenings previous. The Band and large delegation from this place were met, this side of town, by a procession of 40 or 50 horsemen, forming a handsome escort. During the evening bon-fires blazed brightly at various points in the village, and the liveliest enthusiasm prevailed during the entire proceedings. The large assemblage was called to order by Isaac Hereter, when the following gentlemen were chosen officers:

President, Z. HERBERT, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Robert McLaughlin, John Gelbach, Barnard Bigham, Adam Sanders, Aaron Woodring, George Hull, Michael Singley, Wm. Culp, Isaac Robinson, Jesse P. Topper, Jacob L. Firor, John Bennett, Peter Stoner, Wm. Winebrenner, Jacob Houdeshell.

Secretaries, Benj. Reed, John McConnell, George Watson, Frederick Dubs, Westly King.

J. C. Neely, J. W. Douglas, Dr. W. C. Stem and H. J. Stahle addressed the meeting, discussing the questions now at issue. The utmost attention was paid throughout, and the meeting adjourned with many cheers for the cause and the candidates.

AT ABBOTTSTOWN.

The turn out at this place, on Saturday afternoon, was larger than we expected, and an earnest feeling for the success of the ticket was evinced by all. The meeting organized as follows:

President, FREDERICK WOLF.

Vice Presidents, John [illegible], Jacob [illegible], Samuel [illegible], A. W. [illegible], Samuel [illegible], Nicholas [illegible], Henry Mayer, George Baker, of J., Samuel [illegible], H. K. Stoner.

Secretaries, Wm. Bittinger, Joseph Wolf, Henry Hoffman, Jacob Croat.

J. W. Douglas, Wm. A. Duncan and J. C. Neeley, Esqs., addressed the people in their usually happy styles, and H. J. Stahle concluded, when the meeting adjourned, confidence in success and determination to assist in achieving it inspiring all present.

AT NEW OXFORD.

Truly the meeting at New Oxford was suggestive of the exclamation, "*the work goes bravely on!*" Before candle-light the people came pouring in from all sides, and by the time an organization was announced, the crowd had swelled to extraordinary proportions. The difference between that and the Opposition gathering held in the same place was too great to allow comparison. That in the afternoon was hardly a "one horse" arrangement, whilst ours was a full team!—The following gentlemen were the officers:

President, DANIEL HELTZELL.

Vice Presidents, Charles Will, John Lynch, Patrick Harkins, Elias Slagle, Daniel Gitt, Francis Marshall, John Stock, Jno. L. Noel, Thomas N. Dicks, Philip Donohue, Samuel Alwine.

Secretaries, Jno. F. McSherry, Jno. C. Ellis, Jos. S. Gitt, Anthony Martin.

Wm. A. Duncan, J. W. Douglas, J. C. Neeley and Charles Will, Esqs., made speeches, and were applauded at many points. H. J. Stahle also occupied the stand, in reply to many of the *specious* falsehoods retailed by the Opposition speakers a few hours before. The meeting adjourned with three echoing cheers, the most lively enthusiasm having prevailed throughout.

☞ The Democratic Brass Band of this place was present at all the meetings, and won golden opinions by their charming music. The Chariot every where elicited the warmest expressions of admiration.

☞ The Opposition managers fairly rave in their desperation. They see "the handwriting on the wall," and their hopes of securing office for their favorites are almost dying within them. In regard to Mr. Durboraw their anxiety must be excrutiating. With all his votes exposed, and too many of them entirely inconsistent with his pledges, nothing is left the managers and their organs, the *Star* and *Sentinel*, but to repeat over and over again that the *Compiler* "lies!" "lies!" lies!" and that Capt. DIEHL failed to vote for CHAS. WILL. Such is the chief burden of their song. So far as the *Compiler* is concerned, it always speaks for itself, and is never more comfortable in a position taken than when backed up by authority so indisputable as the *Journal of the House of Representatives!* In regard to the charge against Capt. Diehl, we must remind the managers that we have flatly contradicted the base "intimation," as authorized by him to do, and that we have published the voluntary card of FRANCIS WILL, one of the most reliable and conscientious men in the county, nailing the lie to the counter as base coin. As the Opposition editors may have overlooked Mr. Will's card, we re-insert it.—Here it is:

Fellow-citizens and Voters of Adams county:—This is to certify and give you evidence that at the fall election of 1858, *I saw Mr. Diehl vote for every candidate of the Democratic party*, by handing in an open ticket at the polls. FRANCIS WILL.

Franklin twp., Sept. 2, 1852.

A regular *clincher* this, and if the Opposition editors believed one word of their "intimation" to be true, why did they not try to prove it? Capt. Diehl stands too high as a man and a Democrat to be damaged by such miserable "intimations" from the *Star* and *Sentinel*, and has too much self-respect to dance at their bidding. Had the inquiry for a denial come from Democrats, Capt. Diehl would have furnished it over his name long ago, but they are too well satisfied of his faithfulness to make a demand of that character. The scribblers for the *Star* and the *Sentinel*, who resort to every species of low, mean and cowardly lying to bring about his defeat, are pretty parties indeed to interrogate Mr. Diehl in regard to his Democracy!

An Immense Demonstration "Over the Left."

The One-horse Great Guns!

Blessed were those of the Opposition who did not expect much of a meeting in Gettysburg on Saturday evening, for *they* were not disappointed. Notwithstanding the flaming hand-bills sent to all quarters, summoning the faithful to town on the occasion, to hear the great guns of the party, the country people, with barely a dozen or two exceptions, wisely remained at home. The name of the Dark Lantern Republican candidate for Auditor General, the distinguished and Honorable Thomas E. Cochran of York, was paraded in large letters—then came the name of that other equally distinguished (*only more so*) individual the Honorable Alexander K. McClure, from whose *valuable* presence great results were to be expected—and then followed that of the other Honorable, E. McPherson, whom our friend of the *Sentinel* expects some day soon to have elected Governor or President, having already secured him a seat in Congress. Even with such inducements held out for "good speaking," the "crowd" was a very slim one, a part only of one corner of the Diamond being occupied by them, including quite a number of Democrats, whose curiosity attracted them. So we are informed, at least.

The first speaker was Mr. Cochran. He occupied about an hour, and in that incredibly brief space of time managed to ride his two favorite hobbies to death—the "nigger" and the "tariff." The subjects were dry, and he handled them in his dryest manner, it is said—probably because he was affected so dryly by the country people, in staying at home. When he sat down everybody said "good!"—said so because he had finished.

Then followed the would-be Senator, McClure, who talked of the sale of the Public Works, and of what immense consequence he was in that business. "Extra Pay" was also taken up, and handled just as the *Star* has been handling it for several weeks. He tried his hand at a joke or two, but finding his audience entirely wanting in appreciation of wit, he *dried up!* They wouldn't laugh, and McClure sensibly resolved to keep his wares for a better market.

McPherson managed to put through an hour on his favorite subject, the Compiler—trying to split a saw-log with a jack-knife—when he found his hearers thinned down to about a score, and he naturally subsided. If correctly reported, there was about one word of truth to every twenty of error, taking the speech in the aggregate. So ended what the Opposition papers will term an "immense demonstration!"

☞ What a purely disinterested soul the editor of the *Sentinel* is, to be sure! Years ago, before he joined in the support of Know Nothing and Black Republican candidates, his party had the Commissioner and Director Boards. *Then* he didn't think it necessary to have a Democrat in either, to [illegible]. *Now*, when men of equally [illegible] integrity, high-toned character and known economy, all these Boards, he appears to think there ought to be a "[illegible]." Why this change of front? Simply because [illegible] the Boards were of his own party—now they are composed of Democrats. The editor's peculiarly interested [illegible] involved, and hence his disinterested [illegible]. *His ox is gored!*

☞ The editor of the *Sentinel* seems to be determined [illegible] McClure [illegible] Durboraw [illegible] the public good, be it understood, [illegible] higher honors.

Local Affairs.

The Democratic Band Chariot.

The new Chariot of the Democratic Citizen's Band made its appearance on our streets on Tuesday afternoon last, and created a decided sensation. The Band, in full force, occupied its seats, and discoursed a number of airs in such charming style as to delight its friends and wring praises from the Opposition. With first rate instruments, fine musical talents, and a desire to become proficient, the Band must soon attain rank among the best in the Commonwealth. We heartily wish them all success.

The Chariot is a vehicle such as few out of Gettysburg would suppose the place capable of getting up. We have never seen, here nor in the cities, anything to surpass, if to equal, it. To describe minutely the beauty and admirable design of the various paintings and ornaments would require the pen of the artist himself—(Mr. George Sellino, of Reading.) We will merely glance at it. The large back pannel contains a portrait of the "Father of his Country," with surroundings of great richness and in good taste; each of the sides contains in front, a strikingly fine representation of a sea-horse—the head, neck and breast being horse—the body and tail fish—and the feet webbed, as of the duck. Following the horse is seen a magnificent sea-chariot, the whole giving the idea of Neptune's team, ready for a drive upon the waves. The "dash" is highly ornamental, surrounded with a plated rail, while the driver's seat is surmounted by a pair of splendid silver lamps, among the best that are made. The running part is in correct keeping with the body, built in the most substantial manner, yet neatly, and painted in faultless taste—pure white, with blue stripes and delicate red lines. All the workmen concerned in getting up the vehicle may well be proud of their work, as every piece of it is just what it ought to be—first-rate. It is supposed, by those who ought to know, that the building of the Chariot in any of the cities would have cost at least $800.

The Chariot was first taken to the Heidlersburg meeting, on Tuesday evening, and since that to all the meetings as named on the list. Everywhere it is received with the highest demonstrations of admiration. Crowds follow it, and spend almost hours in viewing its various beauties—for in all its parts it will bear close inspection.

—"Our Wagon" goes to demonstrate the old fact still further and further, that "some things may be done as well as others."

Bridges Injured.

The Commissioners have made an inspection of the injury done to the County Bridges by the late flood, and find it to be quite heavy. The stone structure across the Conowago at Cole's saw-mill, is nearly down, and will require a new Bridge immediately. The Bridge near Black's mill was greatly damaged, but is being repaired. The Bridges at Myers's and Stambaugh's mills, near New Chester, also suffered by the washing down of wing walls; indeed, the Bridges in all quarters have been injured more or less. The necessary repairs are, however, being made as speedily as practicable.

Dan Rice's Great Show!

It will be seen by reference to an advertisement in another column that DAN RICE, the great wit and humorist, will visit this place TO-MORROW, with his superb equestrian company, and give two entertainments, one in the afternoon and one in the evening of that day. Who has not heard of Dan Rice, one of the greatest of living humorists? his name is as familiar to every man, woman and child in the land as household words. He is on his last tour through the country, and his numerous admirers should, therefore, not fail to go to hear the inimitable jester for the last time and enjoy a hearty laugh. During the performance DAN will deliver his farewell address and give some appropriate commentaries on the topics of the day. Other interesting features of this exhibition are the performances of the educated mules and the wonderful acts of the "Talking Horse Excelsior," which to be believed must be seen!—Blondin is to be outrivalled in his feats on the tight rope by Lalla Rookh, the dancing Elephant, which with the other novelties to be introduced, will make up a most wonderful and interesting exhibition. The performers are among the best in the country, and the whole forming a most brilliant constellation. The Cavalcade will enter town about 10 o'clock in the morning.

There will no doubt be a large turn out from the country on this occasion, and in order to procure comfortable seats, persons should go early.

☞Three fatal cases of Tetanus, or lock-jaw, have occurred in this place during the last few months. First we recorded the death of a son of Mr. Samuel Herbst; last week that of a son of Mr. A. B. Prior, who accidently injured his foot at the Railroad Turn-table; and this week it is our melancholy duty to record another from the same disease (lock-jaw,) that of Mr. Michael Meals. Some two weeks ago he ran a nail into his foot—symptoms of Tetanus soon appeared, and on Friday he died. His age was about 34 years, and he leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss. His remains were interred in Ever Green Cemetery yesterday—followed to the grave by the Independent Blues, Odd Fellows, Red Men, and the Gettysburg Beneficial Associations, in all of which he held membership. It was the largest funeral ever had in this place.

☞Wm. A. Duncan, Esq., has opened a Law office in the Diamond, in the rooms formerly occupied by D. Wills, Esq. See his card in another column. Business entrusted to him will be attended to promptly and faithfully, as he is a gentleman of ability, honesty and integrity.

☞The Rev. Samuel A. Holman, of Harrisburg, and late of our Seminary, has received and accepted a call to take charge of a Lutheran congregation in Pottsville. If we mistake not, he will be a faithful and acceptable pastor.

☞Mr. Abraham Linah, near Heidlersburg, has sold his farm to Mrs. Polly Stephens, for $200.

Maj. Samuel Lohr has sold his farm, 100 acres, in Franklin township, to Mr. Eli Hartman, for $8,000.

☞Advertisements of Frank Hersh, G. F. Beckes and Wm. Wright go over to next issue, as notice to insert them reached us too late for the present.

☞Mr. John Stock exhibited to us, at New Oxford, on Saturday, a mammoth Potatoe, weighing 2 pounds, and measuring 17½ inches in circumference one way and 11 inches the other.

"The largest and best meeting of all was at Bendersville last night."—*Star.*

☞A person who went with the Opposition delegation from this to Bendersville informs us that the meeting numbered less than *two hundred persons!* If this was *the best*, what must the rest have been? The people of Adams do not seem to have a better opinion of Know Nothingism and Black Republicanism combined, than they had of the former unadulterated.

☞The *Sentinel*, taking the cue from the *Star*, says the "Appropriation Bill contained no provision continuing the $700 salary." If this be true, then Mr. Durboraw did nothing at all in regard to the "extra pay," which he promised to try to have repealed—because in no other Bill is there any provision made for the payment of members!—The *Star* and the *Sentinel* are "affectionately requested" to point to any other, *if they can!*

☞The *Star* managers will go any length in falsehood and misrepresentation to elect Samuel Durboraw. They are even trying to impose the belief upon the public that the $700 pay to members of the Legislature commenced in 1856, when Mr. Will was a member. [illegible] In 1857, during Mr. [illegible] term, the pay was allowed—when the Know Nothings had the [illegible]. It will be seen that "the collar is on the other horse."

A Full Vote is a Democratic Victory!

The *Star* managers, or Superior Councillors of Know Nothingism, flatter themselves with the hope that whilst the turn out of their own party at the polls will be full, that of the Democrats may not be so. In certain quarters their minions are already telling Democrats that the "election will be a small one"—that "it is of very little consequence, anyhow"—and that they "believe they won't go themselves," &c. This is all gammon. They expect thus to humbug a few Democrats into staying at home, whilst they slip off in the evening, just in time to vote before the closing of the polls! Fellow Democrats, there is one sure way of heading off these sly fellows: *Let every one of you go to the polls*—go in good time, so that no accident of an ordinary character may prevent your getting there—*put in your votes*, and then all will be safe. With a fair turn out, victory upon the Democratic banner is CERTAIN—SURE!

☞In reply to our charge of Durboraw's *dodging* on the Appropriation Bill, the *Sentinel* says, "If he had been absent, and not voted, there could have been no force in the charge, for the bill, in its then shape, contained no such provision as the *Compiler* mentions."

☞It contained a provision to pay the members their salary, which was fixed at **$700**, and *which Mr. Durboraw pledged himself to vote for the repeal of!* The section (the 4th) proposing no reduction, of course THE $700 PAY CONTINUED! If not, how was it that Samuel Durboraw drew his $700 for last winter's session. Answer us *that.*

☞McClure's speech, in the Legislature, in 1857, *in favor of the Extra Pay*, plagues the Know Nothing managers mightily. They cannot deny it, for it was published, in plain white and black, in his own paper at Chambersburg at the time.

Special Notices.

NERVOUS DISEASES CONTROLLED AND CONQUERED.—Of all the various ills that detract from the enjoyment of human life, most of them may be traced to a disordered condition of the nervous system. The horrors of Epilepsy, or Falling Sickness, arise in most cases from this cause. "Our readers may remember, on several occasions before, we have alluded to the wonderful cures, or modifications of Fits, made by the Vegetable Epileptic Pills, invented and prepared by Dr. Seth S Hance, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. We feel fully satisfied that these Pills have cured some of the most stubborn cases of Epilepsy, as well as the milder forms of Fits, such as severe Cramps, Spasms, &c. We now record the fact, that persons will find these Pills equally efficacious in curing every form of nervous debility,—no matter whether manifested in the acute and excruciating form of Neuralgia, Tic-Doloreux, or Nervous Headache, the misery of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, the sufferings of Rheumatism or Gout, the melancholy hallucination of depressed spirits or hysteria, their effects will be equally happy and certain. Persons in the country, can write to the inventor, and have the medicine forwarded to them by mail. The prices are, one box, $3, two boxes $5; twelve boxes $24, and sent to any part of the country, free of postage. Direct your communications to Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. [Sept. 5 1m

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.—The qualities of this medicine have placed it upon an imperishable foundation. In destroying disease, and inducing health it has no parallel.

For the following Complaints these Bitters are a Specific, viz.—Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Heart Burn, Acidity, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health, who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

Subjoined are a few tributes from well-known physicians:

Mansfield, Tioga co., Pa., Aug. 20, 1858.

I have used the Oxygenated Bitters in my practice with decided success in debility and general prostration, &c., and confidently recommend it in General Debility, and diseases of the digestive organs. F. H. WHITE, M. D.

Auburn, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1858.

Gentlemen:—I have been in the drug business the last fifteen years, and have never sold a medicine which has given such great satisfaction in cases of Dyspepsia as the Oxygenated Bitters, and in this disease I always recommend it. H. G. FOWLER.

Burlington, Vt., Nov. 12, 1854.

Gentlemen:—I am pleased to state, that I have tried the Oxygenated Bitters for Indigestion and Debility, and found immediate relief from using only a part of a bottle. I have the greatest confidence in it as a cure for Dyspepsia and General Debility, and recommend it with much pleasure. Yours, &c. JAMES LEWIS, M. D.

Prepared by Seth W. Fowle & Co., Boston, and for sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg, Jacob Fulweiler, Mummasburg, M. Stauter, New Oxford, D. E. Hollinger, Abbottstown; William Wolf, East Berlin, Peter Boblitz, Hampton; Wm. B. Metcalf, York Springs; James A. Elder, Emmitsburg, and by all dealers in medicines. [Sept. 5 4w

DR. HAMPTON'S COMPOUND DIURETIC PILLS, are highly recommended by eminent Physicians, as a safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure for Gravel, Strictures and all other diseases or derangement of the bladder and kidneys. Price Fifty cents per box.—Sent to any address free on receipt of price. Address DR. J. T. HAMPTON & CO., No. 400 Spruce street, Philadelphia.

Also, Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Dr. Hampton's Anti-Rheumatic Mixture,
" " Medicated Cough Syrup,
The Great Desideratum or Hair Restorer.
Aug. 29, 1859 2m

☞Persons wishing to change their business to a rapidly increasing country, a new settlement where hundreds are going—where the climate is mild and delightful—see advt. of the Hammonton Settlement in another column.

☞Persons wishing to establish Manufactories in a new and thriving place where business is good, see advertisement of the Hammonton Settlement.

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—Saturday Last.

Superfine Flour	5 00
Rye Flour	3 50
Wheat	1 00 to 1 15
Corn	70
Rye	70
Oats	30
Buckwheat	50
Buckwheat Meal	2 00
Clover Seed	4 50 to 5 00
Timothy Seed	1 75
Flax Seed	1 20
Barley	60
Plaster of Paris	6 50
Plaster ground, per bag	95

BALTIMORE—Friday Last.

Flour	5 00 to 5 50
Wheat	1 12 to 1 30
Rye	78 to 90
Corn	84 to 86
Oats	33 to 41
Clover Seed	5 40 to 5 50
Timothy Seed	2 25 to 2 50
Beef Cattle, per hund	4 50 to 8 25
Hogs, per hund	7 00 to 8 25
Hay	13 00 to 17 00
Whiskey	27 to 28
Guano, Peruvian, per ton	62 00

HANOVER—Thursday Last.

Flour, from wagons	5 00
Do. from stores	5 50
Wheat	1 10 to 1 20
Rye	75
Corn	73
Oats	35
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 75
Plaster	6 50

YORK—Friday Last.

Flour, from wagons	5 00
Do. from stores	5 75
Wheat	1 05 to 1 20
Rye	75
Corn	75
Oats	35
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 75
Plaster	6 50

Married.

On Tuesday, 27th ult., by the Rev. E. H. Hoffheins, Mr. JACOB W. BAUGHER, of York, Pa., to Miss ELMIRA J. KLING, of Dover, York county, Pa.

On the 22d ult., in Fairfield, by the Rev. J. R. Warner, Mr. ANDREW MARSHALL to Miss HELLEN M. KNOX, both of Fairfield.

Died.

In California, on the 23d of August last, JOHN DAVIS, Esq., of Emmitsburg, Md., aged about 50 years.

At Schenectady, N. Y., on Wednesday week, HARRIET A., daughter of Dr. C. H. Van Patten, aged 2 years.

On the 20th ult., MARY JANE, daughter of Alexander and Larina Little, aged 2 years 1 month and 26 days.

On the 26th ult., at her residence, at Marsh Creek Hills, Adams county, Pa., Mrs. LIDDIE MYERS, aged 39 years, 7 months and 23 days.

On the 17th of May, 1859, WILLIAM ORR, of Hamiltonban township, in the 69th year of his age.

On the 18th of June, JOHN ORR, of the same township, in the 75th year of his age.

On the [illegible] of September, THOMAS ORR, of the same township, in the [illegible] year of his age.

On Friday [illegible] last, [illegible], daughter of [illegible] M. Shorb, of Mountpleasant township, aged about 12 years.

Look Out for Roorbacks!

Upon the eve of the election we may expect to find all manner of stories and slanders circulated throughout the county against the gentlemen on our ticket. Likely the *Star* and *Sentinel* will indulge their inclinations to the fullest extent just previous to the election. Let Democrats be prepared for them. *Look out for the Roorbacks!* AND BRAND THEM AS THEY DESERVE.

REMEMBER,

That A. K. McCLURE, in 1857, not only voted for, but made a flaming speech in favor of $200 Extra Pay!

☞The only effect that the *open* Know Nothing meetings seem to have, is to arouse the Democracy. "Let 'er rip!"

To Bridge Builders.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Commissioners of Adams county, until 2 o'clock, P. M., on *Saturday, the 15th day of October inst*, for building a Wooden Bridge across Great Conowago Creek, upon the site of the old Stone Bridge, near Cole's Saw Mill, on the Shippensburg Road. The Bridge is to be built after the style of "Burr's Patent," one span 50 feet long.

☞Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' Office in Gettysburg.

JOSIAH BENNER,
JACOB RAFFENSPERGER,
DANIEL GEISELMAN,
Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. M. Walter, Clerk.
Oct. 3, 1859. td

9 Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Mountpleasant township, will meet at Brush Run School-house, *on Saturday, the 22d of October inst*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., to employ 9 teachers to take charge of said Schools four months.

EGBERT ECKERT, Sec'y.
Oct. 3, 1859. td

Wm. A. Duncan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office in the Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa. [Oct. 3, 1859. tf

Valuable Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscribers, Executors of Abraham Snyder, deceased, will offer at public sale, *on Saturday, the 22d day of October inst*, on the premises, that desirable FARM, on which decedent resided upwards of twenty years, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county Pa., adjoining lands of George Meckley, Peter Miller, Anthony Deardoff, Samuel Deardorff and David Hoover, containing 202 ACRES, more or less, with good proportions of Timber and Meadow. The improvements consist of a two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Cooper Shop and other outbuildings; two never-failing wells of water, one at the house, and the other at the barn; an excellent apple Orchard, with a variety of other choice fruit. Conowago Creek runs through the Farm, and there are also two springs on the property. The fences, mostly of chesnut rails, are good, and the land is in a good state of cultivation, two-thirds of it having been limed.—Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on either of the Executors, the first named residing in Hamilton township, and the last named in Straban township, near New Chester.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN SNYDER,
FREDERICK HOLTZ,
Executors.

☞If not sold, the Farm will be Rented at public outcry on said day.

Oct. 3, 1859. ts

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 3, 1859.

Allison Elizabeth 2	Hovey James
Allison William	Hullinger Miss Lizzie
Anderson Catharine Mrs.	Hartman Miss Maggie
Aken Miss Mary Jane	Hohn Mrs. Nancy
Bozman Clarissa	Jameson Charles
Bowen Mrs. Miriam	King Sarah
Baker W.	Kitt Mr.
Bradley Wm.	Little Miss Mary A.
Batcheller	Little A. W.
Brown Mrs. Sarah	Lucket Basil
Bigest David	Morris Rev. John G. D.D.
Becker Samuel	Murturff Miss Ellen
Cooper Hon. James	McMurdy David R.
Camp Rev. Chas.	Parsons Virgil
Corlett Mrs. M. F. 2	Row Geo. W.
Cluck H.	Raffensperger Daniel
Diller Michael	Robinson Reuben
Diehl Elijah	Stouch Eliza
Deardorff John	Snyder Philip
Essick Miss Mary	Stultz Granville
Forsyth John	Snyder Hannah
Finkbiner Samuel S.	Zibser Rev. R. A.
Guyer John M. 2	German Letter.
Gaddis Henry W.	Johonas Miller.
George Edward	

GEORGE GEYER, *P. M.*

☞Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they were advertised.

Valuable Tract of Land,

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Wednesday, the 12th of October inst.*, the property on which he resides, being A SMALL FARM, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Samuel Swope, Alexander Shorb and others, containing 86 Acres, more or less, having thereon a Two-story FRAME HOUSE, with Back-building, Double Log Barn, Smoke House, Bake House, and other out-buildings, a spring of never-failing water near the door, with excellent fruit of all kinds on the premises. About 12 acres are Woodland and 10 acres Meadow. About 2800 bushels of lime have been put upon the Farm.

The tract will be offered entire, or from 40 to 60 acres, with the buildings, to suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

B. F. HAGARMAN.

Oct. 3, 1859. ts

Lots of New Goods.

GEO. ARNOLD has just received from the city a large lot of cheap CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Coatings, Sack and other Flannels, Men's and Women's Shawls, and Cloaks, together with a variety of LADIES' DRESS GOODS. Call and see them. They will be sold cheap for the money.

Gettysburg, Oct. 3, 1859.

New Fall and Winter Goods,

AT A. SCOTT & SON'S NEW STORE.—We have just received our stock of goods suitable for the Fall and Winter sales, to which we invite the attention of buyers—which for beauty and price cannot be surpassed—among which may be found a variety of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, of new and fashionable designs, Shawls, Bonnets, Trimmings, &c., &c.—Our stock of DOMESTIC GOODS is also full and complete. For MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR, we have a variety of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, &c., of various styles and prices.—Also, GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE.—Having purchased our goods at low prices for cash, we are enabled to sell them at prices to suit the times. All we ask is an examination of our stock before purchasing. Thankful for past encouragement, we hope by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit, as well as receive, a continuance of the same, as well as lots of new. Our motto is, "Quick sales and small profits."

Oct. 3, 1859. A. SCOTT & SON.

Cheap Clothing.

GEO. ARNOLD has now got up his stock of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING—all sizes and of every variety. Over Coats, Dress Coats, Monkey Jackets, Vests, Pantaloons, Drawers, Shirts, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest for the money. Call and see them. [Oct. 3, '59.

FANCY BONNETS and trimmings, very handsome—call and see them at the store of GEO. ARNOLD.

STONE FRUIT JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, &c., at A. SCOTT & SON'S.

Peremptory Sale

OF REAL ESTATE.—On the 14th of October next, I will sell at Public Vendue, at Maria Furnace, near Millerstown, Adams county, the following described Real Estate, viz:

1st. The MANSION FARM, on which the Furnace was erected, containing 120 acres, more or less. The quality of the land is naturally excellent, but has been badly cultivated. It has a fine overshot water power with a fine Mill House. On it are erected a two-story Stone Dwelling House, large Barn, Stables, Smoke-house, Grain-house, and other outbuildings.

2d. Three Houses and Lots, near the Furnace, each having about 1 acre of ground belonging to them. Also one House and Lot near C. Fry's, containing 6 acres, more or less.

3d The McClelland Tract, which is divided as follows:

No. 1. Containing 17 acres and 50 perches; No. 5. 16 acres and 62 perches; No. 6. 19 acres and 35 perches; No. 7 19 acres; No. 8. 16 acres and 80 perches; No. 9. 22 acres and 93 perches.

The Welty Tract which is divided as follows:

No. 1. Containing 20 acres; No. 2. 20 acres; No. 3. 25 acres; No. 11. 11 acres, more or less.

The Miller Tract, divided as follows:

No. 9. Containing 34 acres and 80 perches; No. 10. 32 acres and 31 perches; No. 11. 27 acres and 66 perches; No. 12. 20 acres and 54 perches, No. 13. 29 acres and 40 perches; No. 14. 23 acres and 72 perches; No. 15 25 acres; No. 16. 26 acres; No. 17. 24 acres; No. 18. 25 acres; No. 19. 25 acres; No. 20. 22 acres; No. 21. 26 acres; No. 22. 25 acres; No. 23. 25 acres; No. 24 25; No. 25. 25 acres; No. 26. 25 acres; No. 27. 25 acres; No. 28. 25 acres; No. 29. 30 acres; No. 30. 30 acres; No. 31. 30 acres; No. 32. 30 acres; No. 33. 30 acres.

The Cochran Tract, divided as follows:

No. 1. Containing 14 acres and 80 perches; No. 2. 10 acres and 110 perches; No. 3. 49 acres and 4 perches; No. 4. 17 acres and 77 perches; No 5. 15 acres and 50 perches; No. 6. 15 acres; No. 7. 11 acres and 112 perches; No. 8. 34 acres and 101 perches; No. 9. 24 acres and 94 perches; No. 10. 25 acres and 123 perches; No. 11. 26 acres 40 perches; No. 12. 30 acres and 35 perches; No. 13. 18 acres and 129 perches; No. 14. 21 acres and 45 perches; No. 15. 19 acres.

Most of the above lots are well covered with young and thriving Chesnut, fit for cutting, interspersed with a sufficient quantity of Locust for posts.

The terms are: one-half of the purchase money on the 1st of April, 1860, and the balance on the 1st of April, 1861, to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned. If security be given for the payment of the purchase money immediate possession of the lots will be given.

☞The sale to commence precisely at 10 o'clock, on the morning of said day. The sale will be absolute. Every lot on which there is a bid will be struck off without regard to price. A plot of the land will be prepared and exhibited to those wishing to purchase.

THADDEUS STEVENS.

Oct. 3, 1859.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED Proposals for the erection of a DWELLING HOUSE for the President of Penn'a. College, upon the College Grounds, will be received until Saturday, the 22d of October inst. The plan of the building, specifications, &c., may be seen and examined at the office of M. & W. McClean, on and after the 8th day of October.

MOSES McCLEAN,
SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,
GEORGE SHRYOCK,
H. L. BAUGHER,
H. S. HUBER,
Oct. 3, '59. td Building Committee.

ABRAHAM SCOTT. J. HARVEY SCOTT.

A. Scott & Son,

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Queensware, Groceries, &c., &c., opposite "Eagle Hotel," Chambersburg street.

Real Estate for Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 22d of October next*, the real estate of Henry Mummert, deceased, consisting of A TRACT OF PATENTED LAND, situate in Hamilton township, Adams county, containing 62 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of John Hoffheins, John Mummert, George Jacobs, John Klunk, and others, on which are erected a Frame Two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE and Kitchen, Frame Barn, Carpenter Shop, and other improvements, with a pump of good water near the house, and one in the barn-yard, and a thriving Orchard of all kinds of fruit. There is a sufficient proportion of Meadow and Timberland. The farm is in a good state of cultivation. Part of it has been limed. The property lies on the Turnpike between Abbottstown and East Berlin, about midway, and is convenient to Churches and School-houses.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY MUMMERT,
SOLOMON MUMMERT,
Adm'rs of the estate of Henry Mummert, dec'd.

By the Court—H. G. Wolf, Clerk.
Sept. 26, 1859. ts

Notice.

ADAMS COUNTY, SS.

AT an Orphan's Court, held at Gettysburg, for said county, *on the 20th day of September*, 1859, present the Hon. Robert J. Fisher, President, and Hons. David Ziegler and Isaac E. Wierman, Esqs., Associate Judges, on motion of M. & W. McClean, Esqs., a Rule was granted upon all the heirs and legal representatives, and all persons interested in the estate, of Nicholas Munshower, late of Cumberland township, in said county, deceased, requiring them to be and appear at an Orphan's Court, to be held at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, in said county, *on the third Monday of* (21st) *November next*, then and there to accept or refuse the estate of the said decedent at the valuation thereof; and in case the heirs and legal representatives and all persons interested in the estate of the said decedent, neglect or refuse to take the same, then to show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be sold according to law. By the Court,

Sept. 26, 1859. H. G. WOLF, *Clerk.*

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, *on Wednesday, the 26th of October next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

145. The supplemental account of Dr. T. N. Haller, Administrator of the estate of Robert McIlvain, late of Hamilton township, deceased.

146. The third and final account of George Slagle, one of the Executors of George Slagle, deceased.

147. The third and final account of Elias Slagle, one of the Executors of George Slagle, deceased.

148. The first account of Emanuel Brough and Andrew Brough, testamentary Trustees of Abraham Brough, under the will of John Brough, deceased.

149. The first account of Jeremiah Slaybaugh and Jacob Sandoe, Executors of Baltzer Gminter, deceased.

150. The first and final account of Wm. McClean, Administrator of the estate of Esther S. Pace, deceased.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 26, 1859.

Public Sale.

THE subscribers, Administrators of the estate of Daniel Fickes, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, in Huntington township, Adams county, about 1 mile from Petersburg, (Y. S.,) *on Thursday, the 6th day of October next*, the following valuable Personal Property, viz: HORSES, Cows and Young Cattle, 1 Fat Bull, Fat and Stock Hogs, 2 Wagons, Threshing Machine, Ploughs, Harrows, Winnowing Mill, Cultivators, Sled and Sleighs, Horse Gears, Rakes, Forks, &c.; 1 Carriage, 1 Rockaway Buggy, nearly new; 1 sett of Blacksmith Tools, a large lot of new Cultivators; Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats and Cloverseed by the bushel; about 40 tons of Hay; with Household and Kitchen Furniture.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ISAAC E. WIERMAN,
JOSIAH FICKES,
Sept. 26, 1859. ts *Adm'rs.*



Dan Rice's

GREAT SHOW!—Superb Equestrian Company and Zoological Entertainments!—The great Show will give Two Grand Exhibitions, Afternoon and Evening, at GETTYSBURG, TUESDAY, OCT. 4th. Performance at half-past 2 and half-past 7, P. M. Admission only 25 cents. No half-price.

This reduction, less than it has hitherto been, is made uniform in order to afford the public the only opportunity they will ever have of seeing the greatest of Living Humorists! this being DAN RICE'S FAREWELL TOUR!

Those who never saw him, should see him now,
Before he makes his last and farewell bow!

This establishment returns thanks for the generous patronage which has already been so frequently bestowed while under its previous management, and is gratified to say, that while the series of entertainments are multiplied to almost an incredible number, its new resources of Artists and Appointments are undoubtedly of the best and most judicious selection—each artist being himself a Star—the whole forming A BRILLIANT CONSTELLATION!

Every attractive feature known to the palmy days of the Great Show, will still characterize its existence. The distinguished humorist, DAN RICE, will positively appear at every performance, and to add to the effect of each he will lecture and give appropriate commentaries upon the topics of the day.

To illustrate the graceful and rapid strides of the new school of Lady Equestrianism, MRS. DAN RICE will appear on her favorite racer, Daniel Webster and the Milk White Steed, Surry. Another interesting feature of the exhibition is the remarkable TRAINED ANIMALS, reduced from their native wildness to the docility characterizing domestic favorites of their species. The ROMAN BROTHERS, Messrs. John Murray and George Holland, have just returned from their foreign tour crowned with laurels, and will appear in their classic and striking grouping, poses, and tableaux.

The irresistible Julian Kent will present his farcical interludes, and peculiar oddities. Miss Estella Barclay, the much admired juvenile equestrienne and charming vocalist. Thomas Canham, leader of the Keystone Band—unequaled as Chief d'Orchestra—since the dejoin of Julian and Musard.

The Animal Wonders and Zoological Curiosities consist of the RHINOCEROS, "GEN. PUTNAM!" or, Unicorn of the Bible, which, in all times, "has been considered untamable"—Dr. Livingstone, the great African Explorer, endorses this opinion. But this animal will be turned loose into the arena, and perform incredible feats; proving, by its tame submission, that what could not be done in the past, is accomplished.

The Dancing Elephant, LALLA ROOKH, another instance of animal sagacity, rendered graceful by training; she will positively WALK THE TIGHT ROPE. The GOAT OF SYRIA, in his various feats. The various Breeds of Horses will excite special attention. The performance will open with a cavalcade, entitled 4 Quarters of the Globe. The Talking Horse EXCELSIOR, who is not dead, the various reports to the contrary notwithstanding, will perform those wonderful acts, which, to believe must be seen. The American Mustang, Eureka, or the Wild Denizen of the ranche. Lady Margaret, whose superior beauty and muscular development, and imposing action are exhibited by the expert Kentuckian, Charles Reed. Six Dapple Greys together in the Arena, under the control of John H. Murray. Rebecca and Rachel, guided by the skilful youth, Mast. Fred. Barclay.

THE EDUCATED MULES, Pete and Barney Duffy, are the only animals of the kind that can perform all that is claimed for them. It has cost Mr. Rice years of training, and a rigid course of discipline, to bring them to their present condition. They are the Great Comics of the age.

THE GRAND CAVALCADE, consisting of the entire retinue of the Establishment, and the Animals' GREAT DEN, drawn by twenty black Pennsylvania Horses, will enter town about 10, A. M., accompanied by the KEYSTONE BRASS BAND, led by the exquisite bugler, Prof. Canham.

C. H. CASTLE, Agent.

Sept. 26, 1859.

Public Sale

OF REAL ESTATE.—In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of George Clark, Esq., deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Thursday, the 20th day of October next*, the real estate of said decedent, as follows:

No. 1. A LOT AND A HALF OF GROUND, situate in East Berlin, Adams county, adjoining lots of Geo. Spangler, fronting on King street and bounded by an alley, with a Two-story Frame HOUSE, Log Stable, and other improvements.

No. 2. A LOT OF GROUND, in the addition to East Berlin, bounded by lots of Michael Stambaugh, Second street, lot of Geo. Baker, Esq., and an alley.

No. 3. A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Hamilton township, Adams county, near the second described lot, adjoining lots of Catharine Resser, John Hartley and Wm. Wolf.

The first described property is in a central location and very desirable for a residence or business. There is a variety of bearing fruit trees on the same, and a pump of good water near the kitchen door.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOHN H. AULABAUGH, *Ex'r.*

By the Court—H. G. Wolf, *Clerk.*
Sept. 26, 1859. 3t

Postponed Sale.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of Philip Coll, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 15th day of October next*, the Real Estate of said decedent, viz: A FARM, situate in Liberty township, Adams county 3 miles west of Emmitsburg, adjoining lands of heirs of Hon. James McDivit, heirs of Maxwell Shields, and others, containing 164 ACRES, more or less, about 30 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and much of the balance is well covered with thriving Chesnut and Rock Oak Timber.—The improvements are a one and a half story LOG HOUSE, Log Barn, a young Orchard of choice fruit, &c.—There are two good Springs near the dwelling. The road from McDivit's Mill to Sabillasville passes through this property.

The property will be offered undivided, or in five parts, containing from 14 to 65 acres, as may suit purchasers. Persons desirous of viewing it are requested to call on the subscriber, residing near Mt. St. Mary's College.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by WM. A. COLL,

Aug. 29, 1859. *Administrator.*

Notice to Assessors.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office, in the borough of Gettysburg, to receive blank assessment Duplicates and the necessary instructions, as follows: The Assessors of Union, Conowago, Berwick tp., Berwick bor., Oxford, Reading, Hamilton, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban, and Mountjoy, will attend on *Wednesday, the 19th of October next*; and the Assessors for Gettysburg, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamiltonban, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntington, and Latimore, will attend on *Thursday, the 20th of October*, 1859. By order of the Commissioners,

J. M. WALTER, *Clerk.*

Sept. 26, 1859. td

Still a Few More

GOOD FARMS IN MARKET.—I will sell from 50 to 200 Acres, in tracts to suit purchasers. They are well supplied with wood, water, fruit trees and good meadow. Any quantity of [illegible]. These properties lie from 1½ to 2 miles east of Gettysburg. For terms call on the subscriber. JOSEPH WIBLE.

Sept. 26, 1859.

A Valuable Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his MANSION FARM, situate on the Chambersburg Turnpike, 1½ miles from Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa. It is a most desirable property, and has been for many years occupied as a Tavern Stand, for which it is well adapted, having every convenience. The Farm contains about 150 Acres, more or less, about 40 acres of which are Timber-land, well covered; the fencing is mostly of chesnut rails and locust stakes, and in good condition. The improvements consist of a large Double Two-Story BRICK HOUSE, a large new Bank Barn, (with three floors,) a large Stone Stable, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib; Stone Tenant House and Blacksmith Shop; two wells of water, one in front and the other in the rear of the large dwelling; three Apple Orchards, with a variety of other fruit, such as peaches, pears, plums, cherries, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase, will please call on the undersigned, residing thereon.

FREDERICK HERR.

Aug. 1, 1859.

Valuable Town Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be offered at public sale, *on Saturday, the 8th day of October next*, on the premises, that DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate on Baltimore street, one door south of the Post Office, in Gettysburg, with alleys on the north and east, and adjoining Prof. Muhlenberg on the south. It consists of a HALF LOT OF GROUND, with a two-story Roughcast DWELLING HOUSE, and a large two-story Brick Back-building, thereon; also a well of water in front and a (partnership) well in the rear of the dwelling.

☞This property was for many years occupied as a Tavern Stand, and is one of the most desirable in the town for business of any kind. A chance to purchase property so central is rarely offered, and capitalists will find it to their interest to attend the sale.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOSIAH BENNER,

Aug. 29, 1859. *Agent for the Owners.*

Fairview Farm

AT PRIVATE SALE.—*A Very Desirable Property.*—This Farm is situated on the Mummasburg Turnpike, adjoins the Borough of Gettysburg, and is in sight of the Railroad Depot, containing 111 Acres and 70 Perches, more or less, 12 Acres of which is covered with Timber and about 20 Acres of Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, with a One-story Back-building, a good Barn, Mechanic's Shop, and other Out-buildings—all in good order. From the Piazza of the House you have a full view of the town, and can see the Cars arriving and departing. The land is mostly red soil, is of good quality, and susceptible of a high state of cultivation. Lime acts well on it, and can always be had at the Railroad Depot, one mile distant, at 12½ cents per bushel. There is a young Apple and Peach Orchard, and a great variety of fruit in the yard. A well of water at the door, and a never-failing Spring at the barn. This property, with very little expense, can be made a very desirable and most beautiful country residence, well calculated for a vineyard and vegetable farm.

☞I will sell cheap and on the most accommodating terms. It will be shown either by Mr. Slentz, living on the premises, or myself, residing in town. GEORGE ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Pa., Sept. 5, 1859.

Town Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be offered at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 6th of October next*, on the premises, a LOT OF GROUND, situate on York street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, adjoining property of Hon. S. R. Russell on the west, J. Cooper on the east, and an alley on the north—33 feet of which is improved with a new Two-story Double Brick HOUSE, having two new Brick Back-buildings, with roomy Balconies attached, and Cellar under the whole house. There is on the property an excellent well of water, with a pump in it, a number of thriving young Fruit Trees, Vines, &c.

☞Twenty-seven feet of the Lot are vacant.

☞The property will be sold whole or divided, as may best suit purchasers.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

MARGARET IRWIN.

Sept. 12, 1859. tf

A Valuable Farm

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of William Golden, dec'd., offer at Private Sale, the following Real Estate of said decedent, viz: A valuable FARM, containing 192 Acres, more or less, in Germany township, Adams county, Pa., within 2 miles of Littlestown, adjoining lands of Jacob Klunk, John Rider, Edmund Long, Henry Schwartz, John Sheely, and others—about 60 acres being first-rate Woodland well covered, the balance in good farming condition. About 35 acres are Meadow, and more can easily be made. The improvements are a new Two-story Stone HOUSE, Log Barn, Wagon Shed, a Well of good water near the door of the dwelling, a thriving young Apple Orchard and other fruit. The Farm has been limed over once, and part of it a second time. Beaver and Alloways Creeks pass thro' the Farm, as well as a public road. The Farm is susceptible of division. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on either of the Executors, the first-named residing in Mountjoy township, and the last-named on the premises.

☞Possession and a clear title will be given on the first day of April next.

LEVI GOLDEN,
JACOB ALTHOFF,
Sept. 12, 1859. tf *Executors.*

Notice.

GEORGE WALTER, SEN'S. ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of George Walter, Sen., late of Gettysburg; Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, (the first named residing in Hampton, and the last named in Gettysburg,) they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY A. PICKING,
J. M. WALTER,
Sept. 5, 1859. 6t *Executors.*

Notice.

DANIEL FICKES'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Fickes, late of Huntington township, Adams co., deceased, having been granted the undersigned, (the first named residing in the same township, and the last named in Lurgan township, Franklin county, Pa.,) they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ISAAC E. WIERMAN,
JOSIAH FICKES,
Sept. 19, 1859. 6t *Administrators.*

Law Blank Store,

NO. 230 Dock Street, Philadelphia.—Established in 1831.—The subscribers respectfully call the attention of the numerous Sheriffs, Prothonotaries, Lawyers, Magistrates and others, to their large stock of Law Blanks, forms, which an experience of nearly 30 years enables them to present with great accuracy of form and neatness of style. Orders solicited. A printed list of our Blanks will be forwarded, on application, free of charge. JOHN CLARK & SON,
230 Dock street, Philadelphia.
Sept. 26, 1859. 1m

House and Lot

FOR SALE.—I will sell a small Dwelling HOUSE AND LOT, on Chambersburg street. Also, several Building Lots in the Borough. GEO. ARNOLD.

Gettysburg, Sept. 12, 1859. tf

Fall Millinery.

MISS McCREARY will open to-morrow a large assortment of BONNETS AND FANCY GOODS, suitable for the season, and invites the ladies to call and examine her assortment, which is composed of the latest and most fashionable styles of the season, and which she is prepared to sell at the very lowest cash prices.

Sept. 19, 1859. 1m

Election Proclamation

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2d of July 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: I, ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby give this public notice to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, on the Second Tuesday of October next, (the 11th,) in the several Districts composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Peter Lingenfelter, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of G. F. Becker, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of Caleb B. Hildebrand, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, at the Public School-house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by Henry Hoffman, in the town of East Berlin.

In the Seventh district, composed of the township of Menallen, in the Public School-house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Straban, at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Franklin, (including that part recently stricken off from Menallen,) at the house now occupied by Joseph Bennett, in said township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conowago, at the house of John Busbey, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Allen C. Cook, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of Victor Baas, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the public School-house in said township, situate at the cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the public School-house in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough and township of Berwick, at the public School-house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

At which time and places will be elected
One Auditor General of the Commonwealth;
One Surveyor General;
One Member of the State Senate, to represent the Counties of Adams, Franklin and Fulton;
One Member of Assembly;
One County Commissioner;
One County Auditor;
One Director of the Poor;
One County Treasurer;
One County Surveyor;
One District Attorney.

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1849, entitled "An act relative to voting at elections in Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie," viz:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same—that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Lancaster, Dauphin, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at an election on one slip or ticket:—Provided, That the office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

Section 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

Also—In and by virtue of the 14th section of the act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

Also—That in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 14th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer, from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificates of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then and there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet the third day after the election, which shall be on Friday, the 14th of October aforesaid, at the Court-house, in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes, which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams for any persons for the offices aforesaid. ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 12, '59.

Valuable Town Property,

AT PRIVATE SALE.—I will sell at Private Sale, the property on Chambersburg street, known as the "TEMPERANCE HOUSE." Terms accommodating. GEO. ARNOLD, Agent.

Gettysburg, Sept. 12, 1859. 3t

A Rare Chance

FOR A DRUGGIST.—Dr. L. R. Stoever, in consequence of declining health, will dispose of his DRUG STORE, in Littlestown, and asks early offers. The Store is doing a profitable business, which will increase. It is the only one in the place.

Littlestown, Aug. 22, 1859. tf

Strayed.

STRAYED away from the [illegible] subscriber, in Gettysburg, TWO [illegible], one 4 months old and the other a yearling, [illegible] and white spotted. They have been missing about five weeks. DAVID ZIEGLER.

Sept. 19, 1859.

J. Palmer & Co.,

MARKET STREET WHARF, PHILAD'A., Dealers in FISH, CHEESE AND PROVISIONS, have constantly on hand an assortment of Dried and Pickled Fish, &c., viz: Mackerel, Shad, Salmon, Blue Fish, Herrings, Codfish, Beef, Pork, Lard, Shoulders, Hams, Sides, Cheese, Beans, Rice, &c.

Sept. 19, 1859. 3m

PANTS—PANTS—[illegible] quality, [illegible] Cottonade. To [illegible]

COATS! COATS! of [illegible] at astonishingly low prices, at [illegible]

Baltimore Adv'ts.

Burr Mill Stones



WARRANTED.—B. F. STARR & CO., Cor of North and Centre Streets, opposite N. C. R. R. Station, BALTIMORE, MD. Manufacturers of FRENCH BURRS, Importers and Dealers in Burr Blocks, Bolting Cloths, Leather and Gum Beltings, Calcined Plaster, and Mill Irons, of Warranted Quality. Also, Cologne, Cocalico, and Esopus Mill Stones of all sizes. [Feb. 7, '59. 1y

L. H. Miller's

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, Bank Locks, Vault Doors, &c., manufactured in Baltimore.—Persons in want of these articles will find it much to their advantage to purchase from the manufacturer, where they can find a large stock, and have any they desire built to order at a low price.

Miller's Safes and Bank Securities have long been manufactured in New England, where they are considered indispensable to those who want perfect protection from fire and thieves.

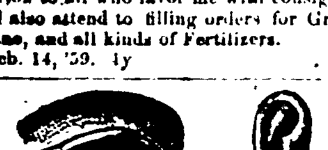
For prices, sizes, &c., send for a circular.—Parties ordering safes are requested to return them at my expense if not perfectly satisfactory.

L. H. MILLER,
159 North st., opposite Calvert Station,
June 27, 1859. 1y Baltimore, Md.

James H. Bosley,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Nos. 124 and 126 North Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

I am prepared to receive and sell on Commission all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Having an experience of ten years in the Commission business, (and wishing to continue that alone,) I flatter myself that I shall be able to give SATISFACTION to all who favor me with consignments. Will also attend to filling orders for Groceries, Guano, and all kinds of Fertilizers.
Feb. 14, '59. 1y



Dr. Baakee

TREATS ALL DISEASES.—DR. BAAKEE will give special attention to the following diseases: Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis and all diseases of the Nose, Mouth, Throat and Lungs. Attention to the treatment of all Skin diseases—Lumbago, Lumbar Abscesses, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Dyspepsia, Piles, and all diseases of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels; also all chronic diseases pertaining to Women and Children. Dr. Baakee can produce one thousand certificates of his perfect success in curing Cancers, Old Sores or Ulcers, Fistula, Scald Heads, Wens, Swellings and Tumors of every description and without the use of the knife. These last named diseases cannot be treated by correspondence, therefore the patients must place themselves under the Doctor's personal supervision.

DR. BAAKEE has made a new discovery of a Fluid that will produce perfect absorption of the CATARACT, and restore perfect vision to the Eye without the use of the knife or needle, and he cures all diseases of the

EYE AND EAR,

without the use of the knife or needle, and he has constantly on hand an excellent assortment of beautiful Artificial Eyes, and Tympanums, or Ear Drums, suitable for either sex and all ages—inserted in five minutes.

Dr. Baakee is one of the most celebrated and skilful Physicians and Surgeons now living.—His fame is known personally in nearly every principal city in the world. All letters directed to Dr. Baakee, (enclosing ten cents,) asking any questions pertaining to any disease, shall be promptly answered, and all Chronic diseases can be treated by correspondence, except those mentioned, that will require his personal supervision. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

DOCTOR BAAKEE,
No. 74 Lexington St., between Charles & Liberty,
April 11, '59. [Jan. 31. 1y] Baltimore, Md.

Baltimore Commercial College

FOUNDED 1852. Chartered 1854. Located COR. OF BALTIMORE & CHARLES STS., BALTIMORE, MD.

The Largest, Most Elegantly Furnished & Popular Commercial College in the United States, DESIGNED EXPRESSLY FOR YOUNG MEN Desiring to obtain a thorough Practical Business Education.

Every Young Man has a Counting Desk to himself, and is separately instructed.

STUDENTS IN ATTENDANCE FROM NEARLY EVERY STATE IN THE UNION.

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Large Circulars and Catalogues stating terms, &c., sent by mail *free of charge*. Address
E. K. LOSIER, Baltimore, Md.
Feb. 7, 1859. 1y

Money Saved

BY BUYING GROCERIES from
HOOK & BALDWIN,
S. W. corner of Lexington and Green streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.

You save 25 cts. per pound in buying Tea.
You save 50 cts. per barrel in buying Flour.
You save 50 cts. per barrel in buying Fish.
You save from 2 to 3 dollars per 100 pounds in buying Bacon.
You save from 1 to 4 cts. per pound in buying Sugars.
You save from 3 to 6 cts. per pound in buying Coffee.
You save from 3 to 10 cts. per gallon in buying Molasses.
In short you can save money on most every article in the Grocery line by buying of
HOOK & BALDWIN,
S. W. corner of Lexington and Green sts.,
Baltimore.

If any body doubts it let them give us ONE TRIAL,
And if they are not satisfied we will be content that they shall buy somewhere else.
We warrant every article we sell.
We pack all goods securely, and charge nothing for packing.
And if the Goods are not as represented,
They can be returned at our expense.
Persons finding it inconvenient to visit Baltimore,
Can order of us through the Mail and may rely upon having their orders
Promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
[illegible]
HOOK & BALDWIN,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
S. W. corner of Lexington and Green Sts.,
[illegible] 1859. [Jan. 31. 1y.] Baltimore.

Baltimore Adv'ts.

House Furnishing

GOODS, *No. 11 North Howard street*, two doors North of the Howard House.—The undersigned, having made large additions to his stock, is prepared to furnish Housekeepers, Country Merchants and others, with such articles as they want, on the very best terms.

BRUSHES: Whitewash, Sweeping, Dusting, Paint, Hair, Tooth Nail, Silver, Shoe, Scrub and Horse Brushes.

WOODEN-WARE: Such as Tubs, Buckets, Measures, Tar Buckets, Churns, Mauls, Rolling Pins, Butter Prints, &c. Brooms, Baskets, Mats and Cordage. Masser's 5 minute Ice Cream Freezers. Refrigerators, upright and chest—the most approved kinds. Water Coolers, in Wood or Metal. Tin and Wire Safes. Arthur's and other most approved Fruit and Vegetable Preserving Cans, plain Tin-ware, Japanned, Block Tin, Britannia and Plated Ware. Albata Forks and Spoons, Urns, Coffee and Tea Pots, Egg Boilers, Waiters, Chaffing Dishes, Knives and Forks, Waffle Irons, Sauce Pans, Scales and Weights, Coffee Mills, Table Castors, Old Dominion Coffee Pots, Shovel and Tongs, Nurse Lamps, Toilet Sets, Foot Tubs, Bath Tubs, Knife Cleaners, Wire Dish Covers, Table Mats, together with a variety of articles useful and necessary to Housekeepers. Rohr & Davis' Patent Excelsior Washing Machines. Plain Tin and Sheet Iron Ware and Brushes of every description, manufactured to order. GEO. A. MILLS,
No. 11 North Howard st., Baltimore, Md.
March 14, 1859. 1y

A. Mathiot & Son's

SOFA AND FURNITURE WAREROOMS, Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street, Baltimore, (near Fayette st.,) extending from Gay to Frederick st.—the largest establishment of the kind in the Union. Always on hand a large assortment of HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, embracing Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Wardrobes, Mattresses of Husk, Cotton and Hair, Spring Beds, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Arm Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Etageres, Marble Tables, Settees, Reception and Upholstered Chairs, ASSORTED COLORS OF COTTAGE FURNITURE, Wood Chairs, Office Chairs, Barber Chairs, Cribs and Cradles, Hat Racks, Hall Furniture, Gilt and Walnut Frame Looking Glasses, Sideboards, Extension Tables, of every length.

Persons disposed to purchase are invited to call and give our stock an examination, which for variety and quality of workmanship is not equalled by any establishment in the country.

A. MATHIOT & SON,
Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street.
Aug. 2, 1859. 1y

Wm. Knabe & Co.,

NOS. 1, 3, 5 and 7 North Eutaw Street,—SALESROOM No. 207 Baltimore Street, between Charles and Light—BALTIMORE, Md., Manufacturers of Gold Medal Premium GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO FORTES.

Wm. Knabe & Co. would respectfully invite the attention of the public, and especially those in want of a FIRST CLASS PIANO, to their assorted stock of instruments, which, for power and sweetness of tone, easy and agreeable touch, and beauty of finish, have, by the best of judges, been pronounced unrivaled by any in the country. As to the relative merits of our Pianos, we would refer to the Certificates of Excellence in our possession, from THALBERG, STRAKOSH, G. SATTER and H. VIEUXTEMPS, as also from some of the most distinguished professors and amateurs in the country; also to the following HIGHEST PREMIUMS, received within the last three years: GOLD MEDALS at the Maryland Institute, 1855, 1856, 1857. SILVER MEDALS at the Metropolitan Institute, Washington, 1857; also, MEDAL at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, 1856; FIRST PREMIUM at the Mechanics' Institute, Richmond, 1855, 1856. All instruments of our manufacture have the full iron frame, and are guaranteed for FIVE YEARS.

☞Particular attention paid to the selection of Instruments for distant orders, and a privilege of exchange granted at any time within six mos., if the instruments should not prove entirely satisfactory. A liberal discount to Clergymen, Teachers and Schools. Terms liberal.

Wholesale dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as by greatly increased facilities, we are enabled to fill all orders with dispatch.

☞Constantly on hand, a large assortment of MELODEONS, from the best Factories.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS at Great Bargains, at prices from $30 to $150. Pianos Exchanged, Hired and Tuned.

A call is respectfully solicited.
WILLIAM KNABE & CO.
January 17, 1859. 1y

First Premium

ENAMELLED COTTAGE FURNITURE.—R. W. HEYWOOD, No. 10½ North Charles street, Baltimore, having been engaged for the last 17 years in the manufacture and sale of the above desirable Furniture, suited to country residences, has on hand a large variety, manufactured expressly for retail sales.

Also, Oak and Walnut Chamber Sets, Oak and Walnut Extension Tables, Dining Room and Fancy Chairs, Sideboards, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Feather Pillows and Bolsters, &c., &c.
March 21, 1859. 1y

DANIEL S. WHITE. JOHN A. SWOPE.

White & Swope,

WHOLESALE Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES, CAPS, & STRAW GOODS; also, in fashionable Moleskin, Silk, Felt and Fur HATS, N. W. Cor. Baltimore and Howard streets, Baltimore, Md [Nov. 29, 1858.

B. T. Hynson,

UPHOLSTERER, PAPER HANGER, AND VENETIAN BLIND MANUFACTURER, No. 52 North Howard Street, one door above Lexington, BALTIMORE.

Paper Hangings.—Constantly in store, Paper Hangings of every description, and of the latest and most approved patterns. Also, Borders Fire Board Prints, &c.

Venetian Blinds.—Keeps on hand, and manufactures to order, Venetian Blinds of all colors, sizes and qualities, which will compare favorably with any offered to the public.

☞Paper Hanging done in the best style.—Old Blinds repainted and trimmed, or exchanged.
March 7, 1859. 1y

George M. Bokee,

IMPORTER and Dealer in CHINA, GLASS, & QUEENSWARE, No. 41 North Howard St., between Lexington and Fayette Streets, Baltimore, Md. [Dec. 20, 1858. 1y

New & Rich

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE SILVER PLATED WARE, &c.—A. E. WARNER, Gold and Silversmith, No. 10 NORTH GAY STREET, BALTIMORE, MD., has in store a beautiful assortment of styles and patterns of RICH JEWELRY, suitable for presents, embracing a great variety of Plain Gold and Sett Broaches, Mosaics, Carbunkles, &c., Ear-Rings, Bracelets, Finger Rings set with Diamond, Ruby, Pearl, Opal, Emerald, &c., Ladies' Gold Chains, Vest & Guard Chains, Miniature Lockets, Gold Thimbles, Cuff Pins; Signet, Chased and Plain Gold Rings; Pencils and Pens, Sleeve Buttons and Stubs, Gold and Jet Crosses, Jet Bracelets, Pins & Ear Rings, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of Silver Mounted & Plated Castors, Cake Baskets, Waiters, Candlesticks, Butter and Salt Stands, Pearl Handle Desert Knives, Spoons, Forks, Ladles, Fancy Articles, &c., all of which is respectfully offered on the lowest terms!

☞The Country Trade and Dealers generally are invited to give me a call, and examine Goods and Prices, being satisfied that my SILVER WARE cannot be surpassed either for fineness or quality, or the latest and most beautiful patterns.
January 17, 1859. 1y

JOHN C. KNELLER. S. A. FRICK.

Kneller & Frick,

FLOUR & PRODUCE Commission and Forwarding Merchants, *North street*, opposite N. C. R. R. Depot, BALTIMORE.
January 17, 1859. 1y

Artists', Painters'

AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' DEPOT.—The subscriber has constantly on hand a full assortment of materials for the use of *Artists, Painters and Photographers*. Also on hand a large and beautiful assortment of *Stereoscopic Instruments and Views*, embracing every variety of Foreign and American *Landscapes, Statuary, Parlor and Rural Groups, &c.* The beauty and interest of the Stereoscopic Views upon the parlor table furnish a never-ending source of entertainment both to visitors and the home circle.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied on the most liberal terms.

W. A. WISONG,
No. 3 N. Liberty St., Baltimore, Md.
June 27, 1859. 1y

New Agricultural Settlement.

TO ALL WANTING FARMS, a rare opportunity in a delightful and healthy climate, 25 miles southeast of Philadelphia, on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad, New Jersey.—An old estate, consisting of several thousands of acres of productive soil, has been divided into Farms of various sizes to suit the purchaser.—A population of some fifteen hundred, from various parts of the middle States and New England, have settled there the past year, improved their places, and raised excellent crops. The price of the land is at the low sum of from $15 to $20 per acre; the soil is of the best quality for the production of Wheat, Clover, Corn, Peaches, Grapes and Vegetables. IT IS CONSIDERED THE BEST FRUIT SOIL IN THE UNION. The place is perfectly secure from frosts—the destructive enemy of the farmer.—Crops of grain, grass and fruit are now growing and can be seen. By examining the place itself, a correct judgment can be formed of the productiveness of the land. The terms are made easy to secure the rapid improvement of the land, which is only sold for actual improvement. The result has been, that within the past year, some three hundred houses have been erected, two mills, one steam, four stores, some forty vinyards and peach orchards planted, and a large number of other improvements, making it a desirable and active place of business.

THE MARKET, as the reader may perceive from its location, is the BEST IN THE UNION.

Produce bringing double the price than in locations away from the city, and more than double the price than the West. It is known that the earliest and best fruits and vegetables in this latitude come from New Jersey, and are annually exported to the extent of millions.

In locating here, the settler has many advantages. He is within a few hours ride of the great cities of New England and Middle States, he is near his old friends and associations, he is in a settled country where every improvement of comfort and civilization is at hand. He can buy every article he wants at the cheapest price, and sell his produce for the highest, (in the West this is reversed,) he has schools for his children, divine service, and will enjoy an open winter, and delightful climate, where fevers are utterly unknown. The result of the change upon those from the north, has generally been to restore them to an excellent state of health.

In the way of building and improving, lumber can be obtained at the mills at the rate of $10 to $15 per thousand. Bricks from the brick yard opened in the place, every article can be procured in the place, good carpenters are at hand, and there is no place in the Union where buildings and improvements can be made cheaper.

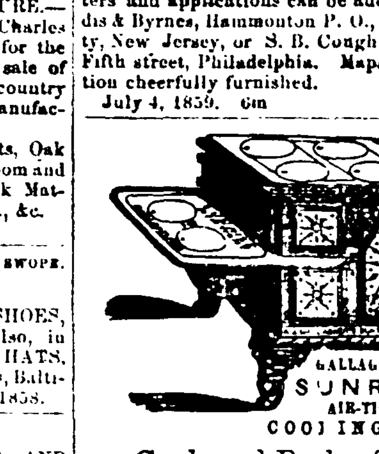
The reader will at once be struck with the advantages here presented, and ask himself why the property has not been taken up before.—The reason is, it was never thrown in the market; and unless these statements were correct, no one would be invited to examine the land before purchasing. This all are expected to do. They will see land under cultivation, and such is the extent of the settlement that they will no doubt, meet persons from their own neighborhood; they will witness the improvements and can judge the character of the population. If they come with a view to settle, they should come prepared to stay a day or two and be ready to purchase, as locations cannot be held on refusal.

There are two daily trains to Philadelphia, and to all settlers who improve, the *Railroad Company gives a free ticket for six months, and a half-price ticket for three years.*

THE TOWN OF HAMMONTON.—In connection with the agricultural settlement, a new and thriving town has naturally arisen, which presents inducements for any kind of business, particularly stores and manufactories. The Shoe business could be carried on in this place and market to good advantage, also cotton business, and manufactories of agricultural implements or foundries for casting small articles. The improvement has been so rapid as to insure a constant and permanent increase of business. Town lots of a good size, we do not sell small ones, as it would affect the improvement of the place, can be had at from $100 and upwards.

The *Hammonton Farmer*, a monthly literary and agricultural sheet, containing full information of Hammonton, can be obtained at 25 cents per annum.

Title indisputable—warrantee deeds given, clear of all incumberance when money is paid. Route to the land: leave Vine street wharf, Philadelphia, for Hammonton by Railroad, at 7½ A. M., or 4½ P. M. Fare 90 cents. When there inquire for Mr. Byrnes. Boarding conveniences on hand. Parties had better stop with Mr. Byrnes, a principal, until they have decided as to purchasing, as he will show them over the land in his carriage, free of expense. Letters and applications can be addressed to Landis & Byrnes, Hammonton P. O., Atlantic county, New Jersey, or S. B. Coughlin, 202 South Fifth street, Philadelphia. Maps and information cheerfully furnished.
July 4, 1859. 6m



Cook and Parlor Stoves.

ANDREW POLLEY would respectfully inform the public that he now has a lot of COOK and PARLOR STOVES, which he offers at prices to suit the times.
Gettysburg, Aug. 29, 1859.

Sugar Cane Mills,

SUGAR EVAPORATORS, Ketties, Cauldrons, Clarifying Pans, Steam Coil Kettles, Skimmers, Dippers, Moulds, Strainers, Filters, Saccharometers, Thermometers, etc., with information upon the subject of making Sugar, etc., from Chinese Cane.

Having arranged with Hodges, Free & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, for license to manufacture their Improved Sugar Cane Mills and Sugar Kettles, and having procured patterns from the above named manufacturers, I can furnish on short notice any article in the line of Sugar Making Apparatus, all well tried and of the most reliable kind. Also, Scott's Little Giant Mills, for grinding corn in the cob.

For Catalogue and Treatise on Sugar Cane, etc., inclose three Postage Stamps, addressed
JAMES NEALL,
Spring Garden Iron Works, Corner of 17th & Coates Streets, Philadelphia.
Aug. 1, 1859. 3m

Watches, Jewelry,

AND SILVER WARE.—We would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally that we have just opened our New Watch, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware Establishment, at No. 622 Market street, where we offer Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest Cash Prices, a large and very choice stock of every description of goods usually kept in a first-class Watch and Jewelry Store.

We hope by untiring efforts to accommodate and please not only to retain all our former patrons, but merit and secure a large accession to the same.

Every description of Diamond Work and other Jewelry made to order at short notice.

All goods warranted to be as represented.

Particular attention given to the repairing of Watches and Jewelry of every description.

STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 Market street, South Side, Philadelphia.

N. B.—We will continue our Old Store, No. 148 North Second street, for a short time only.
Aug. 1, 1859. 3m

Globe Inn,

MECHANICSTOWN, Frederick county, Md.—Having been renovated and re-furnished, the proprietor assures the public that a call is only needed, as he guarantees full satisfaction in every case. Charges moderate.
HENRY HERR, Proprietor.
Feb. 14, 1859. tf

TO TRAVELERS—A fine assortment of TRUNKS of every description, Carpet Sacks, &c., &c., for sale at Picking's, in Chambersburg street.

LUMBER—A large assortment of Dry River White Pine Lumber, of every quality, can be had at the yard of
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

KEEP the flies off!—Another arrival of those cheap and handsome fly-nets at
PICKING'S.

Notice

TO FARMERS AND MERCHANTS.—We have now opened our large and commodious Warehouse, on the corner of Stratton and Railroad streets, near the Depot of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, and are prepared to receive produce of all kinds, viz FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, &c. Also, on hand and for sale, Salt, Guanos, Plaster, Fish, &c. A large stock of Groceries just received, consisting of Sugars, Coffees, Syrups, Molasses, Oils, Rice, Teas, Spices of all kinds, Cedar-ware, &c., &c., which we do not hesitate to say, we will sell as low as can be bought elsewhere wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well by calling to see and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our motto will be "quick sales and small profits."

We would also call the attention of all interested in the thrifty and healthful condition of their Cattle, Horses, Hogs, &c., to the fact that we have for sale Breinig, Fronefield & Co.'s Celebrated Vegetable CATTLE POWDER, of which we have sold from 1500 to 2000 pounds per annum to Farmers and Storekeepers.

KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.
Gettysburg, Sept. 5, 1858.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Jacob King, Andrew Heintzelman.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, Jacob King, A. Heintzelman, R. M'Curdy, Thos. A. Marshall, S. Fahnestock, Wm. B. McClellan, Wm. B. Wilson, M. Eichelberger, Abdiel F. Gitt, John Wolford, H. A. Picking, Abel T. Wright, John Horner, R. G. McCreary, S. R. Russell, D. M'Creary, Andrew Polley, John Picking, J. R. Hersh.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.
Sept. 27, 1858.

Elastic Cement

ROOFING.—The subscribers are prepared to contract and put on at the shortest notice, W. E. Child & Co.'s PATENT FIRE AND WATER PROOF ELASTIC CEMENT ROOFING.

It is perfectly Fire and Water proof, and in point of durability is equal, if not superior, to any Metalic Roofing. It can be put on over tin, tar, iron, or shingle roofs, however flat or steep they may be.

In point of resisting the elements of fire and water, nothing has yet been discovered equal to the Elastic Cement.

Those who have used it, nave testified that it is the very perfection of Roofing, and that there is no further room for improvement. No one will now think of putting on shingles, when this Cement can be had for much less money and will outwear four shingle roofs. This Roofing is warranted as represented.

The Elastic Cement is the cheapest and best protection from decay for wood exposed to the weather or dampness of the ground. It is also the best paint for iron, effectually preventing rust; and wherever applied perfectly excludes dampness.

The subscribers have this Cement for sale in quantities to suit. For further information, apply to
P. J. & C. M. TATE,
Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 25, 1859. tf

Change of Hours

ON THE GETTYSBURG RAILROAD!—*Summer Arrangement.*—On and after Thursday, April 21st, the MORNING TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 6.30 o'clock A. M., connecting at Hanover Junction with Express train *to* Baltimore at 9.32, and Mail train *from* Baltimore at 9.32, returning to Gettysburg at 12.30 noon, with passengers from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and the North and West.

The AFTERNOON TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1 o'clock, P. M., connecting at Hanover Junction with Mail train *to* Baltimore at 3.37, returning to Gettysburg about 6.30 P. M., with passengers from York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and the North and West.

☞By the above arrangement passengers can go either North or South on the Northern Central Railway both morning and afternoon.
R. M'CURDY, President.
April 25, 1859.

Marble Yard Removed.

THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
WM. B. MEALS.
Gettysburg, March 21, 1859.

Removal.

THE subscriber has removed his Plough and Machine Shop from the Foundry building to Railroad street, opposite Tate's Blacksmith shop, back of the Eagle Hotel, where he is better prepared than ever to attend to customers. Ploughs always on hand and made to order at the shortest notice, and Machines, Reapers, &c., repaired. Also he will attend to cleaning and repairing Clocks.
May 10. DAVID WARREN.

Something New

IN GETTYSBURG.—The undersigned informs the citizens of the town and county, that he has commenced the BAKING business, on a large scale, in York street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Wattles's Hotel, where he will try to deserve, and hopes to receive, a liberal patronage. BREAD, ROLLS, CAKES, CRACKERS, PRETZELS, &c., &c., baked every day, (Sundays excepted,) all of the best quality, and sold at the lowest living profits. Cracker-baking in all its branches is largely carried on, and orders to any amount, from this and adjoining counties, supplied at the shortest notice. Having erected a large and commodious bake-house and secured the best workman and the most approved machinery, he is prepared to do a heavy business.
VALENTINE SAUPEE.
July 25, 1859.

Farmers' & Mechanics'

SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF ADAMS COUNTY.—*Wealth comes by saving.*—Deposite your surplus funds in this Institution and receive interest at the rate of from two to four per cent. This institution offers a safe, convenient and profitable depository to all classes of people.
July 4, 1859.

A Word to the Wise!

DON'T FAIL to call and see SAMSON'S New Goods—a large and splendid assortment of MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods—an extensive lot of all kinds of HATS, BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS—an unrivalled assortment of TRUNKS and CARPET SACKS, some very handsome and new styles.—Also, a large and splendid variety of Setts, Breast Pins and Ear Rings; WATCHES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., &c. A very handsome and new style RAILROAD TRAVELLING BAG. In short, everything in his line.

After all said and done, SAMSON'S IS THE SPOT to buy your goods at the right prices. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Those who wish to buy to sell again will do well by calling, as I can and will sell them goods cheaper than they can buy them in the city.
April 18, 1859.

Private Sale.



THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, his HOUSE AND LOT, on High street, adjoining Solomon Powers. The House is a two-story Brick, nearly new, with a Back-building, and a well of water. Terms easy. DAN'L. F. PITTENTURF.
July 11, 1859. tf

WALNUT PLANK WANTED.—Persons having Walnut Timber to saw will do well to call at the Lumber Yard of
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

Humphrey's Specific

HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.
HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

No. 1.—FEVER PILLS—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation of all kinds.
No. 2.—WORM PILLS—For Worm-Fever, Worm-Colic, and Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—BABY'S PILLS—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness, and Nervousness of Adults.
No. 4.—DIARRHEA PILLS—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaint.
No. 5.—DYSENTERY PILLS—For Colic, Griping, Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—CHOLERA PILLS—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—COUGH PILLS—For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—TOOTHACHE PILLS—For Toothache, Faceache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—HEADACHE PILLS—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS—For Weak and Deranged Stomachs, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE IRREGULARITIES—Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—FEMALE PILLS—For Leucorrhœa, Profuse Menses and Bearing Down.
No. 13.—CROUP PILLS—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, and mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Failing, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, either with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.

In all ACUTE DISEASES, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrheas, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas—the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened and rendered less dangerous. Even should a physician afterwards have to be called, he will take the case at decided advantage from the previous treatment.

COUGHS AND COLDS, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis, and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.

In all CHRONIC DISEASES, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Piles, Female Debility and Irregularities, old Headache, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles, or Catarrh, Headache, or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.

PRICES.

Full set, 20 large vials in Morocco Case and Book	$5 00
Full set, 20 large vials in Plain Case & Book,	4 00
Case of 15 numbered boxes and Book	2 00
Case of any 6 numbered boxes and Book.	1 00
Single numbered boxes, with directions	25
Single lettered boxes, with directions	50
Large plantation or physician's case, 1 and 2 oz. vials	15 00

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL.

Look over the list; make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps, by mail, to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge.

Address,
F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.
Sold in Gettysburg by A. D. BUEHLER; and by all druggists.
July 4, 1859. 3m

New Store!

NEW FIRM! NEW GOODS!—A. SCOTT & SON take pleasure in announcing to the public that they have just opened a new and complete Dry Goods and Grocery Store on the corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, in the Borough of Gettysburg, opposite the "Eagle Hotel," where they are now and will be prepared at all times to offer bargains to suit the purse and please the people.

By conducting our business on the CASH SYSTEM, with the motto "Quick Sales and Small Profits," and by pursuing a strictly honorable course, we hope to receive the encouragement, not only of the citizens of Gettysburg and Adams county, but the rest of mankind. We have just returned from the cities with a handsome assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, embracing all manner of Ladies' Dress Goods, of the most beautiful styles, Fancy Articles, Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

Also, a large assortment of QUEENSWARE. Our stock of GROCERIES is also large and complete. We will not take time to particularize, but invite all to call and see—no trouble to show goods. A. SCOTT & SON.
May 16, 1859.

Spring Goods!

FRESH ARRIVAL!—FAHNESTOCK BRO.'S have just received a large and choice assortment of Spring Goods, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Our stock comprises many new and beautiful styles of Ladies' Dress Goods, such as are rarely seen, and we are confident that those examining them will acknowledge that they have seldom been offered better goods or as pretty styles.

We have also increased our stock of staple goods, such as Men's and Boys' Wear, Calicoes, Muslins, Delains, Chintz, &c., in quantity, style and price, unsurpassed. We need not enumerate, but can assure our customers and friends that we are prepared to furnish them with such goods as they may want cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere in the county. Call early and select from our large and varied assortment.
FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS,
April 4, 1859. Red Front.

Railroad Store.

J. C. GUINN & BRO. have just received and are opening at their new store on the North-west corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, a large and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods and Groceries. The ladies particularly are invited to call and examine our superior styles of Dress Goods and Fancy articles, embracing everything coming properly under this head at prices not heretofore equalled, and in quality surpassed by none. GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, of every description, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Casinetts, Coatings, Vestings, &c., which cannot be surpassed out of the city in quality and price.

Our stock of Groceries is also complete, while every other article generally found in a Dry Goods store can be had at the "Railroad Store" of J. C. Quinn & Bro. Believing that the public can suit themselves better here than elsewhere, we invite them to give us a call. For the proof of our assertion, call and examine our stock, even if you don't buy. [April 4, 1859.

Frazer River

OUTDONE!—Come to the Store at Greenmount for Bargains!—The undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he has purchased the Store of John Weikert, at Greenmount, Adams county, half-way on the road from Gettysburg to Emmitsburg, where he expects, by attention and small profits, to retain all the old custom and secure lots of new. His stock of DRY GOODS, of every description, Groceries, Confectionaries, Queensware, Woodenware, Crockery-ware, Hardware, &c., is large and varied—equal to that of any other first class store—and he will sell at prices astonishingly low. He only asks a trial, to prove the truth of this assertion.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods.
J. ALEX. HARPER.

The undersigned also carries on the CARRIAGE-MAKING business at the same place, and offers rare inducements to purchasers. He will warrant his work good, whilst his charges are among the most moderate. Repairing done on short notice. J. ALEX. HARPER.
Feb. 14, 1859. 1y

A LARGE lot of full-brand new HERRING just received, and will be sold low, for cash, at NORBECK & MARTIN'S.
June 20, 1859.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Flowers, and Ruches for sale at the new cheap store of
May 16. A. SCOTT & SON.

Call This Way!

THE subscriber would inform the public that he continues his MACHINE SHOP, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, near the Foundry, where he has various kinds of Machines on hand, such as Threshing Machines, Corn Shellers, Cornfodder Cutters, Cloverseed Hullers, Straw Cutters, and Horse Powers of different kinds,—two, four or six-horse, to suit purchasers;—indeed all such as can be had at Hanover or Littlestown. Also, Mortising Machines, for house carpenters, put up in the very best and most substantial manner. Cutting Screws or long Bolts, any kind or size less than eleven feet in length, always attended to, as well as Turning in iron, casting or wood. Also all kinds of REPAIRING on Machinery, dressing-up Mill Spindles, &c., done on the shortest notice.

The undersigned manufactures MORGAN'S PATENT HORSE RAKE, which he offers at the lowest living profit. He is likewise agent for the REAPER & MOWER manufactured by Joseph Shireman, at East Berlin.

I hope that all in want of anything in my line will call at my Shop before going elsewhere. I will warrant all my work to give satisfaction to purchasers. DAVID STERNER.
April 11, 1859. 1y*

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA.—A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

In times of Epidemics, it is the object of this Institution to establish Hospitals, to provide Nurses, Physicians, Clothing, Food, Medicines, &c., for the sick and destitute, to take charge of the orphans of deceased parents, and to minister in every possible way to the relief of the afflicted and the health of the public at large. It is the duty of the Directors, at such times, to visit personally the infected districts, and to provide and execute means of relief. Numerous physicians, not acting members of the Association, usually enrol their names on its books, subject to be called upon to attend its hospitals, free of charge.

In the absence of Epidemics, the Directors have authorized the Consulting Surgeon to give advice and medical aid to persons suffering under CHRONIC DISEASES of a virulent character, arising from abuse of the physical powers, mal-treatment, the effects of drugs, &c.

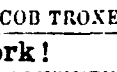
Various REPORTS and TRACTS on the nature and treatment of Chronic Diseases, by the Consulting Surgeon, have been published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent FREE of CHARGE to the afflicted.

Address, for reports or treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philad'a, Pa.

By order of the Directors,
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y.
Sept. 20, 1858. 1y

Good and Cheap!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-body Carriages, Falling-Top, Rockaway and Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c. With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.



☞Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!
June 15, '57. JACOB TROXEL.

Still at Work!

COACHMAKING AND BLACKSMITHING.—The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public that he continues the Coachmaking and Blacksmithing business in every branch at his establishment in Chambersburg street. He has on hand and will manufacture to order all kinds of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, SLEIGHS, Spring Wagons, &c., of the best material, and made by superior workmen. ☞REPAIRING and BLACKSMITHING of all kinds done at reasonable rates, promptly and to the satisfaction of customers.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for work at market prices.

☞Persons desiring articles or work in the Coachmaking or Blacksmithing line, are respectfully invited to call on
JOHN L. HOLTZWORTH.
Gettysburg, Jan. 24, '59.

HENRY B. DANNER. WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.

New Firm—New Goods.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership in the HARDWARE & GROCERY business, at the old stand of Danner & Ziegler, in Baltimore street, under the name, style and firm of DANNER & ZIEGLER, JRS., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the old firm, as well as any quantity of new custom. They have just returned from the cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting in part of Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, &c. Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chissels, Gouges, Braces and Bitts, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers, &c. Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vices, Rasps, Files, Horse Shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, &c., with them, very cheap. Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvass, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil Cloth, Springs, Axles, Hubbs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, &c. Shoe Findings, Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot Trees, &c., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's tools. Cabinet Maker's Tools, a general assortment—also Varnish, Knobs, &c. HOUSEKEEPERS will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Brittannia, Albata and Silver-plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candle-sticks, Waiters, Shovel and Tongs, Sad Irons, Enamelled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Churns, Carpeting, &c. Also, a general assortment of forged and rolled IRON of all sizes and kinds; Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest. GROCERIES, a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverised, Clarified and Brown Sugars; New Orleans, West India and Sugar House Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, Fine, Coarse and Dairy Salt; Linseed, Fish and Sperm OIL; Turpentine, Fish, &c.; a full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil; also Fire-proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, Housekeeping, Blacksmith, Cabinet Maker's, Painter's, Glazier's, and Grocery line, all of which they are determined to sell as low for CASH as any house out of the city. HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 24, 1858.

Removal.

ALEXANDER FRAZER, Clock and Watchmaker, has removed his shop to the room on the West side of the Public Square, lately occupied by David A. Buehler, Esq., as a Law Office, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.
Gettysburg, April 11, 1859

Notice.

THE undersigned having retired from the Mercantile business, the same will hereafter be continued at the old stand, in Baltimore street, by their sons, Henry B. Danner and Waybright Ziegler, under the name and style of Danner & Ziegler, Jrs., whom we will recommend to, and for whom we would bespeak a liberal share of patronage from old customers, and of the public in general.

Having retired from the Mercantile business, it is necessary that our old business should be settled up. We, therefore, notify all those indebted to us either by Judgment, Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same without delay. The books will be found at the old stand. J. B. DANNER,
May 25, 1858. DAVID ZIEGLER.

Lumber & Coal,

FOR sale by BASTRESS & WINTER, New Oxford.

GROCERIES, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
For sale Wholesale and Retail by
BASTRESS & WINTER,
New Oxford.

☞The highest Cash prices paid for Grain.
May 30, 1859. 6m*

COOKING STOVES—Including Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Wm. Penn, Philadelphia Sunrise, Baltimore Air Tight, Sea Shell, Christopher Columbus, and Ranges of every kind. Farmers' Boilers, Charcoal Furnaces, &c., &c., for sale at the Stove Ware Room of
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; 5 Boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

☞Sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg—T. J. Cooper, near Cashtown—Paxton & Co. Fairfield—and all Druggists.
Oct. 18, 1858. eowly

A Homestead for $10;

A HOMESTEAD for $100; also, Homesteads for $1000 and over, situated on, and near Rappahannock River, above and below FREDERICKSBURG, IN VIRGINIA. A new Town, called RAPPAHANNOCK, has recently been laid out, in CULPEPER COUNTY, in the midst of the GOLD REGION OF VIRGINIA, surrounded by Mines and Mining Companies; and Farms and Town Lots in alternate divisions or shares, can now be had for a "Mere Song," simply to induce settlement in this desirable region. $254,900 worth of land is to be divided amongst purchasers or given away as an inducement to come on and make improvements, and the land is of the most improvable qualities. Many have already settled and scores of others are coming. Good farming land, in tracts of any size to suit purchasers, can also be had at from $10 to $20 per acre, payable in easy quarter yearly installments. UNQUESTIONABLE TITLES WILL IN ALL CASES BE GIVEN.

☞AGENTS ARE WANTED everywhere to sell these lands; liberal inducements will be given. E. BAUDER, Land Agent,
July 18, 1859. $10. Port Royal, Va.

Sunbeam Gallery.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one Square west of Fahnestock's Store, where he is prepared to furnish Ambro, Melaino, Enamel and Photograph Pictures in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all with good pictures, either single or in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg street, a few doors West of Cobean & Culp's Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures. All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give me a call, as I have reduced my prices to suit the present hard times. Pictures copied from old specimens of all kinds; also inserted in Lockets, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, &c.

The subscriber being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assures them that as heretofore, they shall not be dissatisfied.

☞Charges from 50 cents to $10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets, Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞Children will not be taken for less than $1 00.

☞Ambrotypes taken for fifty cents and upwards, and in the best style.
SAMUEL WEAVER.
April 26, 1858.

Goods for the Season!

THE subscriber has just returned from the city, with a large supply of NEW GOODS, which he offers to sell cheaper than ever. Give him a call, and judge for yourselves. His assortment embraces Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, all kinds of Summer Goods, and a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, for men and boys. JACOB REININGER,
Carlisle st., 4 doors from Centre Square.
Gettysburg, April 4, 1859.

STONE FRUIT JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, Spittoons [illegible]
A. SCOTT & SON.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE COMPILER is published every Monday morning, by HENRY J. STAHLE, at $1 75 per annum if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 00 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates. JOB PRINTING done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, directly opposite Wamplers' Tinning Establishment—"COMPILER" on the sign.

THE COMPILER.

A Democratic, News and Family Journal.

BY H. J. STAHLE. "TRUTH IS MIGHTY, AND WILL PREVAIL." TWO DOLLARS A-YEAR.

42ND YEAR. GETTYSBURG, PA.: MONDAY, OCT. 3, 1859. NO. 1.

A. J. Cover,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to Collections and all other business entrusted to him. Office between Fahnestocks' and Danner & Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5, 1859.

Edward B. Buehler,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language.—Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.
Gettysburg, March 20.

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.
Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will attend to collections and all other business intrusted to his care with promptness. Office nearly opposite Fahnestock's Store, Baltimore street.
Gettysburg, April 11, 1859. tf

Wm. B. McClellan,

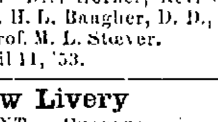
ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office on the south side of the public square, 2 doors west of the Sentinel office.
Gettysburg, August 22, '53.

Dr. A. W. Dorsey,

FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to The Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

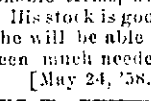
REFERENCES.
Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev. Augustus Webster, D. D., Baltimore Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, Westminster, Md.
Dr. W. A. Mathias, " "
Jacob Reese, Esq., " "
John K. Longwell, Esq., " "
Geo. E. Wampler, Esq., " "
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg.
Oct. 25, 1858. 6m

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.



HAS his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Picking's store, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D., Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, Prof. M. L. Stoever.
Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

New Livery



ESTABLISHMENT.—CHARLES M. TATE has opened a new Livery establishment, at the stables on Washington street, occupied in part by the "Eagle Hotel," and has made such arrangements as will enable him to accommodate the public at all times, on reasonable terms, with Horses, Buggies, Hacks, &c. His stock is good. On funeral occasions, &c., he will be able to supply a want which has been much needed.
☞Terms CASH. [May 24, '58.

Here We Are Again!

JUST from the city with the best and cheapest assortment of SYRUPS and MOLASSES that we have yet offered, calculated to please all persons in quality and prices; SUGARS, a very large stock, low; COFFEES, TEAS, Chocolate, Rice, Cheese, Spices, (all kinds,) Crackers and Tea Cakes, Vinegar, Pickles, Sugar-cured HAMS and SHOULDERS, Lard, Shad, Mackerel and Herrings, Salt, Cedar-ware, Tubs, Buckets, &c.; Baskets, Flour Seives, Brooms, Brushes, &c.; all kinds of Cordage, Concentrated Lye; Extra and Superfine FLOUR, all kinds of Feed; Potatoes, Fresh Butter and Eggs constantly on hand; Fancy Goods, Confectionaries and Fruit. Give us a call. It affords us pleasure to show our l ge and inviting stock.
NORBECK & MARTIN.
Gettysburg, May 30, 1859.

Groceries,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.—Molasses and Sugar by the barrel, Coffee by the sack, and all kinds of Groceries, either by the quantity or in small amounts, at prices that defy competition. Call at once at
April 4. FAHNESTOCK BROS'.

New Grocery.

THIS WAY FOR BARGAINS.—The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of town and country, that he has opened a Grocery, Confectionary and Notion Store, on York street, two doors east of St. James' Lutheran Church, where he has now on hand a general assortment of goods in his line—such as: Syrup, from 40 to 70 cents per gallon; Sugars, all kinds; Coffees, different kinds; Vinegar, Salt, Fish, Cheese, Scotch Herring, ground and unground Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mustard, Soda, Ginger, Starch, Rice, Teas, Candles, Extract Coffee, Chocolate, Concentrated Lye; Brooms, Buckets, Candies, all kinds: Figs, Walnuts, Palm Nuts, Almonds, Ground Nuts, Layer Raisins, Lemons, Oranges, Fancy Cakes, Crackers of all kinds, &c., &c. *Butter* and *Eggs* bought and sold. He invites the calls of the public, convinced that his assortment will please, both in quality and price. He is determined to sell cheaper than the cheapest.
WM. E. BITTLE.
Gettysburg, Dec. 10, '58.

New Goods.

R. F. McILHENNY has just received from the City a fine assortment of Hats, of the newest styles—some of which are very handsome—especially his No. 1 Silk Hat.

Ledger Hats of all kinds and prices, from $1 50 to $2 50. Also, an elegant assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Ladies' fine Moro. Kid Boots and Slippers. Shoes of home manufacture constantly on hand. Give us a call and we are satisfied that we can offer greater inducements than ever to those wishing goods in our line, both as regards quality and price.
Aug. 8, 1859.

Lime! Lime!

THE undersigned have made arrangements, by which they will be ready to supply LIME in any quantities, at the lowest prices, as soon as the Railroad is completed. They are ready to receive orders.
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.
Nov. 22, 1858.

50,000 Peach Trees,

BEST quality, $90 00 per 1,000. 10,000 Allen's Hardy Raspberry, $40 00 per 1,000. ☞*Catalogues gratis.*
WILLIAM PARRY,
Cinnaminson, New Jersey.
Aug. 1, 1859. 2m

More New Goods,

AT COBEAN & CULP'S.—All the new styles of HATS and SHOES—Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Saddles, Bridles, Fly-nets, Buggy Harness, &c., *cheap for cash*, at the sign of the *Big Boot.*
June 27, 1859.

New Spring Goods.

J. L. SCHICK, dealer in Silks, Domestic Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Embroideries, Linens, Jewelry, Notions, etc., has returned from the Eastern markets with one of the largest assortments of DRY GOODS ever brought to this place, consisting of all the newest designs and fabrics of the present spring importations.—LADIES' DRESS GOODS, plain and figured black Silks, very heavy and fine lustre, cheap; plain and colored figured Silks, a very fine assortment, at all prices; Bareges, Grenadines, Poil de Chene, Satin de Chene, Poplins, Laralas, Paris Organdies, Jaconet Lawns, French Chints, plain and colored Brilliants, Ginghams, Spring Mouslins, English Calicoes, and many other novelties. MOURNING GOODS in great variety, Shawls and Scarfs, beautiful stock; Ribbons and Parasols, new styles, very handsome; Embroideries and WHITE GOODS, very handsome; largest and cheapest stock we have ever received. MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR, complete stock, Gloves, Hosiery, Mits and Gauntlets, of all kinds; Domestic Goods, at Factory prices. JEWELRY, new stock for Spring sales, consisting of the most exquisite styles ever offered in this market.

We would say to our customers and the public generally, that we have opened one of the most elegant and largest assortments of goods ever brought to this market, all of which have been selected with great care and upon the most advantageous terms. We are determined not to be undersold by any. Our motto—"Fair dealing and small profits."
J. L. SCHICK,
S. W. Corner of Centre Square.
April 4, 1859.

Dr. M'Lane's

DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS.

CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE & LIVER PILLS.—We beg leave to call the attention of the Trade, and more especially the Physicians of the country, to two of the most popular remedies now before the public. We refer to DR. CHAS. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE AND LIVER PILLS. We do not recommend them as universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports, viz: The VERMIFUGE, for expelling Worms from the human system. It has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various Animals subject to Worms. The LIVER PILLS, for the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS, all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, SICK HEAD-ACHE, &c. In cases of FEVER AND AGUE, preparatory to or after taking Quinine, they almost invariably make a speedy and permanent cure.

As specifics for the above mentioned diseases, they are unrivaled, and never known to fail when administered in accordance with the directions.

Their unprecedented popularity has induced the Proprietors, FLEMING BROTHERS, PITTSBURG, PA., to dispose of their Drug business, in which they have been successfully engaged for the last 20 years, and they will now give their undivided time and attention to their manufacture. And being determined that Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills shall continue to occupy the high position they now hold among the great remedies of the day, they will continue to spare neither time nor expense in procuring the Best and Purest materials, and compound them in the most thorough manner. Address all orders to
FLEMING BROTHERS,
Pittsburg, Pa.

P. S.—Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and *take none but Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburg, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve three-cent postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen three-cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Agent, Gettysburg, and by dealers generally throughout the county.
May 2, 1859. 1y

The Cars are Here!

ALL THINGS ARE READY!—The undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to his old country friends—farmers and merchants—as well as the citizens of Gettysburg, and "the rest of mankind," that his new and commodious Warehouse is now open, and that he is receiving GRAIN & PRODUCE of all kinks, for which he is paying the highest market prices; and while the public can dispose of their produce to the best advantage, they can be supplied in return with Groceries, of every description, consisting of Salt, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Teas, Rice, &c., &c., also, Guano, Plaster, Oils, Cedar-ware, and a thousand other things not here mentioned. Wholesale, Retail and cheap as the cheapest is our motto. If the people consult their own interests, and act wisely, they will not forget the undersigned. Hoping the familiar faces of all my old customers will meet me again, and with them many new ones, I shall endeavor to please them. JOHN HOKE.
Gettysburg, Nov. 22, 1858.

Farmers, Take Notice.

ALL persons residing in York, Cumberland, Franklin, or Adams county, Pennsylvania; Harford, Baltimore, Carroll, Frederick, Howard, or Montgomery county, Maryland, are hereby cautioned not to purchase of A. Smith, in Hanover, York county, Pennsylvania, or any of his Agents, the Slide Drill manufactured by said A. Smith & Co., which is an infringement on Hunt's Slide Drill, the Patent of which I am sole owner for the above counties. Any person in any of the above named counties purchasing (after this notice,) the above named Drill, manufactured by said A. Smith & Co., will be dealt with according to law.

And said A. Smith & Co., are also hereby cautioned not to manufacture or sell the above named Drill in the above named counties, or he will be likewise dealt with.
JNO. WANBAUGH.
York, June 27, 1859. 3m

New Grocery Store.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS.—SNYDER & BENNER have just received at their New Store, in Baltimore street, a few doors above David McCreary's Saddlery establishment, the largest and most complete assortment of Groceries brought to Gettysburg for a long time, consisting of Coffee, (four kinds,) Sugar, (four kinds,) Molasses, Syrup, Shad, Mackerel, Fresh Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, Salt, in short every thing usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store.

☞The highest market price paid for country produce or taken in exchange for Goods.

☞Give us a call. Buy your Groceries where you will be sure to get them good and cheap.

☞Hover's celebrated writing Ink for sale. [Nov. 1, 1858.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, of every kind, including the "Universal Feed Cutter," Improved Premium Eagle Plow, Corn Sheller, manufactured at Chicapoo Falls, Mass., for sale by SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

SOAP STONE GRIDDLES, for baking cakes, adapted in size to any stove—for sale at Sheads, Buehler & Kurtz's Stove Ware Room. These griddles do away with the use of grease in the baking of griddle cakes, and are coming into general use. Aug. 8.

REMEMBER that Picking is celebrated for selling cheap Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Cravats, Hair and Shoe Brushes, Violins, Accordeons, Fifes, Flutes, and in fact every thing in the notion and musical way. Don't forget the place, opposite the Church in Chambersburg street.

Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery,

NORTH-EAST Corner of the Diamond, (in the upper story of the Old County Building, recently purchased by Col. Samson,) Gettysburg, Pa.—The undersigned, having fitted up the above named Gallery, with the intention of locating a *First Class* establishment, are now prepared to furnish the best Ambrotype and Photographic Likenesses in the latest syles, by new and improved processes. Having had several years' experience in Philadelphia, they feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. They have constructed one of the best Sky-lights in the country, which, with the best instruments and materials, cannot fail to produce, at all times, superior work. Ambrotypes, Sphereotypes, Melainotypes, and Patent Leather pictures, on the most reasonable terms, in cases or frames, of the latest patterns and best quality.

PHOTOGRAPHS.—This style of picture has become the favorite in cities, on account of its life-like appearance and perfect durability; being put up in neat gilded frames of various sizes, are more acceptable as family portraits than the smaller pictures. They have not been generally introduced until recently, in consequence of the difficulty of their production, and the necessity of long and tedious sittings, which have been overcome by F. J. Evans' new improved process, the entire right for the use of which we hold for Adams county. The time of sitting has now been reduced from minutes to a few seconds, and greater beauty and perfection given to the likeness. They possess this important advantage over the other pictures, viz: from one sitting any number of Photographs can be supplied without any further trouble to the sitter, and all as perfect as the first impression. These pictures are furnished Plain, finished in India Ink, Water or Oil Colors.

Life Size Photographs, finished in Oil, superior to oil paintings.

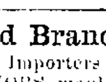
ENLARGED PHOTOGRAPHS.—Persons having small daguerreotypes of deceased friends, can have them enlarged by this process, and finished superior to the original, and thereby rendered more life-like and durable.

Pictures set in Lockets, Rings, &c., &c.

All pictures warranted to give satisfaction, or re-taken.

Open from 7 o'clock, A. M., until 6, P. M.
TYSON & BROTHER,
Aug. 15, 1859. *Photographers.*

Farm for Sale.



THE subscriber will sell his FARM, situated in Franklin township, Adams county, 2 miles west of Cashtown, on the Millerstown road. The Farm contains 75 ACRES—50 acres clear. The land is in a good state of cultivation, having been limed. There are all kinds of fruit—a thriving young Orchard of choice grafted fruit; also peaches, pears and plums of the best kinds. The buildings are a one and a half story STONE HOUSE, a large new Bank Barn, a Cooper Shop, &c. The Farm is in good order, and cannot be beat for raising potatoes. I calculate on raising eight hundred bushels this year. A never-failing spring of water at the door. SAMUEL BINGAMAN.
Aug. 22, 1859. tf

Fine Old Brandies.

THE subscribers, Importers and Dealers in WINES & LIQUORS, would most respectfully call the attention of purchasers to their Old Establishment, *No. 5 North Front Street, Philadelphia*, where they have a large assortment of Wines and Liquors of the choicest brands and qualities. Having made arrangements with some of the first houses in Cognac and Rochelle, enables them to furnish to their customers, upon the most liberal terms, the following brands of Cognac and Rochelle:

BRANDIES: Otard, Hennesy, Pellevsion, Pinet, Castillion; J. J. Depuy & Co., T. Hines, A. Serguette, Martel, Matett, &c., &c., of various brands and qualities.

WINES: Champagne, Madeira, Lisbon, Old Oporto, Teneriffe, Burgundy, Hock, Muscat, Claret, Sherry, and Malaga Wines.

Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps, Jamaica Spirits, Scotch and Irish Whiskey, Peach, Apple, Blackberry, Cherry, Ginger, and Raspberry Brandies; Cordials, Wine Bitters, Amsterdam Bitters, &c.

Also, Agents and Sole Proprietors of the Old Wheat Whiskey. Constantly on hand an extensive stock of fine old Monongahela, Rye and Bourbon Whiskey, of various grades, some of which are guaranteed to be superior to any in the country, all of which are highly improved by age.

From our long experience in the business, and a thorough knowledge of the tastes of the community, we flatter ourselves to be able to fill all orders that may be entrusted to us.

Orders from the country (which are most respectfully solicited) will be promptly attended to. Great care taken in packing and shipping.

☞All goods sent from our establishment are guaranteed to give satisfaction, with the privilege of being returned.
E. P. MIDDLETON & BRO.,
No. 5 North Front St., Philadelphia.
Feb. 7, 1859. 1y

The Cheap Book Store,

IN Philadelphia, is at No. 224 North Second street, (between Race and Vine streets,)—ESTABLISHED NEARLY A QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO!—and still continues business on the principle of the "*nimble sixpence*," &c.

Constantly on hand, and sold to Country Merchants, Booksellers, Store Keepers, Public and Private Schools, Colleges, Academies, Teachers, &c., at Wholesale, and to everybody at Retail:

All kinds of School Books, latest editions,
Fools Cap, Letter and Note Papers,
Slates and Slate Pencils,
Carmine, Red, Black and Blue Inks,
Letter and Note Envelopes, in great variety,
Copy Books, Cyphering and Composition Books,
Blank Account and Memorandum Books, many sizes, different qualities and various prices,
Steel Pens and Pen Holders,
Wrapping Papers and Bonnet Boards,
Almanacs, Diaries, Lead Pencils, Writing Sand,
School Rewards, and everything else—besides Family, School and Pocket Bibles, Hymn Books, Prayer Books, together with a large Stock of Books in every department of Literature, and suited to every taste.

☞All at the very lowest Nett Cash Prices.☜ LEARY, GETZ & CO.,
PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS,
No. 224 North Second street, Philadelphia.

☞Particular attention paid to all orders by mail.
Aug. 22, 1859. 8m

Spouting.

GEORGE & HENRY WAMPLER will make House Spouting and put up the same low, for cash or country produce. Farmers and all others wishing their houses, barns, &c., spouted, would do well to give them a call.
April 18, '53. tf G. & H. WAMPLER.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between KLINEFELTER, SEITZ & Co., has been dissolved by the death of Mr. Seitz. Mr. E. BOLLINGER has been taken into the Firm, and hereafter the business will be conducted by KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & Co. The continued patronage of the public to the house is solicited.
KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.
August 22, 1859.

THE COMPILER.

A Word in Behalf of the Democratic State Ticket!

We have before called the attention of our numerous readers to the excellent ticket that was nominated in March last, by the Democratic State Convention which assembled at that time in Harrisburg. We earnestly desire AGAIN to present this matter to our brethren in Adams county; and we beg they will not permit themselves to lose sight of the importance of the State struggle, in the discussion of any other issues that may be raised in our midst in the present contest.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT and JOHN ROWE, the nominees of the Democratic party, are gentlemen in every way worthy of our support and confidence, and they should be heartily and enthusiastically sustained by the entire Democracy of Pennsylvania. Mr. Wright, our candidate for Auditor General, has served for a long period in the Legislature of this State, where by his untiring industry and unbending integrity, he won the admiration of his colleagues, and the applause of his constituents. The unanimous re-nomination of Mr. Rowe, as Surveyor General, is a high and well merited tribute to the talents of an eminent and useful public officer. His abilities have given him a wide-spread and deserved reputation—and his services as a public officer have contributed much to the prosperity and progress of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Here, then, is a ticket which *must* satisfy all our people—and it is necessary, in order to preserve the present glorious organization of our party, to elect it by a handsome majority. A defeat might open the way to future disasters, and place the good old State of Pennsylvania under the malign influences of the enemies of Democracy. The ticket is worthy, eminently so, of the confidence of every true Democrat; and certainly it should be triumphantly sustained by the indomitable Democracy of the Keystone State. In Adams county it will receive the cordial support of our party, and from the manifestations of satisfaction that reach us every day, in regard to our county ticket, we are assured that a full vote will be polled in this county on the Second Tuesday of next October, and that will, unquestionably, be a Democratic victory!

No Smoke Without Some Fire.

It is the general remark in relation to the suspicions existing against McClure that there "never was so much smoke without some fire." Other men have been to the Legislature and returned to their constituents without having their good names tarnished by the suspicions of venality and corruption. We have not invented a single one of the many disgraceful suspicions which unfortunately attach to the reputation of McClure. On this point we can fill the Court House with proof. These suspicions have been ripe in the community, and in and about Harrisburg, for a long time, and not a few of the *very worst of them* have had their start in his own vain boasting to magnify his sharpness and cunning. THIS WE ARE PREPARED TO PROVE. It was our duty as he was again up for office to direct public attention to his suspicious career, and it was his business to show that these suspicions were unfounded, and that he was worthy the trust he was then asking the people to repose in him. What has he done to effect this? We have heard considerable bluster about certain letters that were to wipe out these suspicions, but the eye of the public has never been gratified with a sight of them. The dear good public are required to *imagine* that these letters are from disinterested parties and go a great length for McClure—we say the public is required to *imagine* all this! Ah! but he has prosecuted for libel—so he has—and like a prudent man, out of the twenty-seven suspicions published he has selected one and a part of another on which *he knew* we could not be prepared to go to trial, at the last Court, and he could thereby stave off investigation until after the election. Why did he not indict us on the whole batch of suspicions? For whose *convenience* was the careful selection of *one and a half* made? Surely not for ours. The dodge is very well understood in this community and it has opened the eyes of many to the corrupt political character of McClure. People are begining to inquire why it is that all the suspicions attach to one man and why he dare not prosecute on but *one and a half*. There must be some grounds for all this, "there never was so much smoke without some fire," is the remark in everybody's mouth. We may with propriety ask where is the Silver Plate that Mr. Samuel Seibert, Col. Boyd, Col. Orr, Judge Nill, and other men who have been in the Legislature from this county, received for their votes, or their services to the Commonwealth? Were their services less valuable than those of McClure, or were they not of the p-e-c-u-l-i-a-r *kind* to call forth a Service of Plate? For an answer consult election returns in October next.—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

Purity of the Ballot Box.

The Fulton *Democrat* in an editorial article, published in July last, states that Col. McClure "has done more than any other person to corrupt the ballot boxes of Franklin county *with money*, and will one day reap a crop of retributive justice that will consign him to oblivion. The day may not be here, but it will come." It will be seen, from the above extract, that the reputation of McClure for corrupting the ballot box is not confined merely to his own county. It has extended abroad and brought reproach upon his name, coupled with the prediction that his discreditable transactions will one day "consign him to oblivion." No man among us has done more to disgrace the palladium of our liberty than McClure. He was the first man, in our county, to introduce money in elections, and secure his triumph by the mere dint of hard cash. The man has no popularity beyond his money, and no one is better acquainted with that fact than himself or he would not be so lavish in its use.—*Chamb. Spirit.*

Steam Carriages.—The Newark (N. J.) Mercury says that Mr. Fisher, of Patterson, has constructed a steam carriage, which was tried on the common road to Acquackanock, a few days ago, when it went on the level fifteen miles an hour with 12 passengers. One mile was run in 3 minutes.

Death from Eating Watermelon.—Mrs. Cornelia Thaxton, consort of Dr. Joseph J. Thaxton, of Person county, N. C., (says the Newborn Delta,) ate a piece of watermelon on Friday last, and died of cramp cholic in two hours afterward.

The Senatorial Contest.

The last issue of the *Repository and Transcript* contains an article, under the head of "the Senatorial contest" in which we find the following in reference to Mr. Douglas:

"The active leaders of the party in every section of the county, who have labored almost yearly to keep him off the ticket, excepting when defeat was inevitable, will allow him to make his own struggle."

The evident design of this article is to create the impression that the qualifications of Mr. Douglas are not such as to inspire the party with confidence in him. Such an effort must prove worse than abortive. Connected as we are in politics with that gentleman, we have the satisfaction of knowing that such is not the case. We know that the members of the organization have a high appreciation of the political sagacity, the character and the talents of their candidate for Senator. They know him to have a mind of no mean order, to be an unimpeached and unimpeachable Democrat, and to be as true as steel in honesty and honor. And not only do his political friends unite in this opinion, but men of all parties pay tribute to his worth, and agree in saying that those who know most of Mr. D., are his warmest friends. As a proof of this we cite the following from the *Independent* of March 25th, 1859:

"Mr. Douglas, by the way, has always been to our mind a type of a fair, manly politician—one who makes up his opinions from sincere reflection, and who speaks them fearlessly and ably. We can always put our finger right down on him, and we can not catch him in equivocation or evasion."

So much for the general tenor of the article referred to. Now for the portion we have selected. The assertion that the leaders of the party have yearly labored to keep Mr. Douglas off the ticket is simply untrue. In 1856, when defeat was not inevitable, Mr. D. was nominated by a full Democratic Convention, without a dissenting voice, as a candidate for District Attorney. The leaders of the party did not then labor to keep him off the ticket; but labored faithfully for his nomination and election. In 1857 Mr. Nill was in the field as a candidate for the Legislature. His claims were certainly superior to those of Douglas. He was an older man, and an older member of the party. Douglas saw this, and withdrew his name before there was a single ballot in the Convention. In 1858 the nomination, according to custom, was due Mr. Nill, through courtesy, as an endorsement of his previous career, and, again, Mr. Douglas did not suffer his name to come before the Convention. This is the history of the matter. And whatever was done, was the act of Mr. D. himself, to contribute to the harmony of the party—an act which should endear him to the party, and bring out for him a full party vote at the October election.

The second statement that the leaders of the party "would allow him to make his own struggle," is equally untrue. Mr. Douglas does not stand in the awkward position of his competitor, *for it is emphatically true that McClure is allowed to make his own struggle*—and a death struggle it is. If such be not the case, why do not the party stand by him?—Why did they not attend the meeting in Chambersburg? Why does no one from town accompany him to address the meetings held throughout the county? Where is McCauley, and McLellan and Stambaugh, and Clark, and Carlisle, and Strickler? Why is it necessary for him to procure speakers from abroad, when so much native talent lies unemployed at home? Have they never been asked to engage in the campaign, or do the mariners desert the sinking ship, disgusted at the faithlessness of the helmsman. Mr. Douglas, however, stands in a different position. He will be nobly supported by the party which placed him in nomination. The "leaders" are even now active in his favor.—Reilly and Nill and Sharpe and Kennedy and Brewer in town, and the influential men in all the townships, second his nomination and will endeavor to promote his election. There will be no lack of noble resident speakers to advocate *his* cause. There will be no lack of warm hearts and strong hands to advance *his* interests, and there will be no lack of votes in the party of his youth and manhood to secure him a seat in the next Senate of Pennsylvania.

The *Transcript* blunders into one true statement. It accuses Douglas of being a firm, uncompromising Democrat. He should ask no better recommendation. For while the sickening embrace and crocodile tears of the *Transcript* are worse than political death, its reproaches and billingsgate blackguardism are the surest harbingers of success.

"I thank thee, Roderick, for the word,
It nerves my heart; it steels my sword."

Yes! Mr. Douglas *is* a Democrat. That was an unfortunate assertion for the "organ." It will remind the members of the party that their candidate is a Democrat, and a true one; that he is the representative of living, eternal principles, and that with him those principles stand or fall. It will remind them that while they select the best men as candidates, yet principles rise higher than any man, and must be sustained at all hazards.—And thus reminding them, it must call forth a full vote for the advocate of these principles.

Thus stands the issue. On the one side we have Mr. Douglas, the representative of certain principles—and on the other his opponent, the representative of Col. McClure, fighting for political promotion and personal aggrandizement. Choose ye this day whom ye will serve—with a firm reliance on the intelligence, patriotism and conservatism of the people of this Senatorial district—we leave the issue in their hands.—*Chamb. Spirit.*

☞General Scott has started on his mission to San Juan. He left New York on Tuesday in the Star of the West. His departure was honored by a military parade, and he was saluted from Governor's Island, Fort Hamilton and Foot Columbus, as the Star of the West passed down the bay. The Scott Life Guard, Captain J. H. Hobart Ward, composed exclusively of the several companies in arms which served during the Mexican war, paraded as artillerists, and fired a salute as the steamer left her wharf. The mission of the General to the Western coast relates to a controversy now arising between our Government and that of Great Britain relative to the proprietorship of San Juan Island, which lies about twenty-five miles from the shore of Washington Territory, in the strait separating that territory from Vancouver's Island. It is situated outside the main channel, and is farther removed from British than from American land, and, accordingly, by immemorial usage, belongs to the United States.

☞The Philadelphia *News*, a paper that supports the Republican nominees in this State, says "The tariff of '46 was bad enough, but the Republican of '57 made it worse.—Home industry has but little to expect from sectional parties, no matter what name they bear."

☞It is estimated that the telegraph cuts off a million per annum of postage receipts.

The Republican Creed:

As Gathered from the Declarations of Republican Oracles.

Up with the BLACK MAN and down with the WHITE!

If any sane man yet doubts the end and aim of the Republican party—particularly in those States where its power is firmly established—to be to make the negro the equal—and in some cases the superior—of the white man, we commend to the consideration of such the following amendment to the constitution of Massachusetts, adopted by two successive Republican Legislatures, and also, by the Republican voters of that State:

"NO PERSON OF FOREIGN BIRTH SHALL BE ALLOWED TO VOTE, NOR SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO OFFICE, UNLESS HE SHALL HAVE RESIDED WITHIN THE JURISDICTION OF THE STATE FOR TWO YEARS SUBSEQUENT TO HIS NATURALIZATION, and shall be otherwise qualified according to the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth."

Whilst such is the policy of Massachusetts Republicans towards foreigners, they accord to the negro—the fugitive slave fresh from the cotton fields of the South—rights and privileges equal to those possessed by native born whites.

The same spirit that prompted the adoption of this amendment actuated the Boston *Bee*, the organ of the Massachusetts Republicans, to the utterance of the following:

"Why, we venture the assertion without fear of successful contradiction, that you may take the five thousand negroes as they come, and a thousand Irishmen in the same way, and you will find the negroes surpass the Irishmen of Boston in intelligence, morality and industry, and good citizenship; they are more thrifty, more orderly, and every way superior; it is the same in the city of Philadelphia, as facts will abundantly prove."

"Because Wisconsin is mean and narrow minded enough to refuse to allow a negro, however intelligent, to vote, it by no means proves that the negro does not deserve the privilege, nor because Wisconsin at the same time, permits A RAW IRISHMAN AND AN IGNORANT DUTCHMAN to vote, when he neither knows his own politics nor that of his candidate, does it prove that Wisconsin is either just or wise in making this arbitrary discrimination. Let us be just and sensible, as well as critical and patriotic, Mr. Doolittle. The only fair test of the capacity and disposition of the black man to dwell SIDE BY SIDE, ON TERMS OF EQUALITY WITH THE WHITE, is to take him where he does enjoy that equality. Unfortunately there is no place where this is the case to the full extent, for prejudice does much, even in the most favored localities, to oppress the colored man."

Nor is this feeling of affection for negroes and hostility to whites confined to Massachusetts. The Cleveland *Herald*—the Republican organ in the Western Reserve—a paper admired by the Republican party and sustained by Republican patrons—gives utterance to its sentiments as follows:

"We unhesitatingly aver that SEVEN TENTHS OF THE FOREIGNERS IN OUR LAND, WHO BOW IN OBEDIENCE TO THE WILL OF THE POPE OF ROME, ARE NOT AS INTELLIGENT AS THE FULL BLOODED AFRICANS OF OUR STATE—WE WILL NOT INCLUDE THE PART BLOODS. Yet, should a move be made to curtail the naturalization laws, even to extending the residence of the most illiterate, ignorant foreigner that lands on our shores, SUCH A DIN WOULD BE RAISED BY THE DEMOCRATS AS WOULD DEAFEN THE STATE."

And such we may regard the almost universal feeling of Republicans respecting the relative capacities and rights of foreigners and negroes. That party is composed almost entirely of men who were formerly Know Nothings—and while their love for the negro has greatly increased, their detestation of foreigners has in no wise abated.

But it is not alone from their journals that we learn this warm Republican affection for the negro. It is a sentiment that prevades the mass of that party, and finds utterance on all occasions. Let us quote from the men who moulded the Republican party, and who breathed into it the breath of life—men who have always sustained it, and who have received from it high official favors. And as a man by marrying a woman, in the language of the law adopts her circumstances, so the Republican party, by electing these men to office, adopted and endorsed their declared political opinions. And first from Governor Chase, of Ohio, now a prominent Republican candidate for the Presidency. He said:

"I embrace with pleasure this opportunity of declaring my disapprobation with that clause in the Constitution which denies to a portion of the colored people the right of suffrage."

Again he said:

"The exclusion of colored children from the schools is, in my judgment, a clear infringement of the Constitution and a palpable breach of trust."

And now let the Ajax of the party, JOSHUA R. GIDDINGS, declare himself. In the last Republican State Convention of Ohio Mr. Giddings said:

"The negro is a *Heavenly Institution*, and it is God-like in man to *elevate him to an equality with the white.*"

And Mr. Giddings thus delivers himself through the Ashtabula *Sentinel*. This is a choice *morceau*, and deserves attention:

"Some niggers are superior to some Democrats. Indeed they are *superior to the great mass of the Democratic party;* while some Democrats are superior to some niggers, and perhaps to the greater portion of the African race. Yet all Democrats, *however intellectually inferior they may be to the niggers*, are entitled to live, and to enjoy their liberty, and the fruits of their labor. And while we are endeavoring to sustain these equal and universal rights we ought not to be drawn into any discussion of the *moral or social superiority of the niggers over the Democrats.*"

Mr. Giddings, be it remembered, is the Chairman of the Republican Committee of the State at large, in Ohio. Such sentiments he has uttered during his whole life, and he has time and again, since their utterance, been honored with high official position by the Republican brethren.

Let us now hear BENJAMIN F. WADE, Black Republican United States Senator from Ohio, who in a speech at Columbus said:

"I loath from the bottom of my soul, any man who refuses to anything in human shape, all the rights and privileges he claims for himself. *I know no high, no low—no black, no white—all are created by one God and all are entitled to the same privileges.*"

MR. WASHBURN, a Republican member of Congress, said at a Republican meeting:

"If because I stand up for the *equality of the negro, socially and politically*, with the white man, they call me a negro worshipper, let them do it. I shall persevere to the end."

The Republican members of a committee in the Ohio Senate concluded a report to that body as follows:

"The Committee conclude their labors by submitting two resolutions; recommending an amendment to the Constitution, by which the elective franchise shall be extended to colored men."

And now, finally let us hear the *State Journal*, the official Republican organ of Ohio:

"As far as the right of suffrage or any other right of citizenship is concerned he (the negro) should be placed on an equality with the rest of mankind."

Such, reader, is the creed of the Republican party—the object it is aiming to accomplish is the elevation of the black man and the degradation of the white. We learn it from the only source from which a party's creed can be learned—from the declarations of its recognized leaders and the teachings of its journals. The belief in negro equality is not confined to certain localities, but is rapidly spreading. Here in Pennsylvania—in the heretofore conservative old Keystone State—even here in Westmoreland county, the abominable doctrine has been proclaimed and defended.—*Greensburg Democrat.*

☞During our visit to Lowell we were show through the Laboratory of our celebrated countryman, Dr. J. C. AYER. Scarcely could we have believed what is seen there without proof beyond disputing.

They consume a barrel of solid Pills, about 50,000 doses and 3 barrels of Cherry Pectoral, 120,000 doses per diem. To what an inconceivable amount of human suffering does this point! 170,000 doses a day!! Fifty million of doses per year!!! What acres and thousands of acres of sick beds does this spread before the imagination! And what sympathies and woe! True, not all of this is taken by the very sick, but also, much of it is. This Cherry Drop and this sugared Pill are to be the companion of pain and anguish and sinking sorrow—the inheritance our mother Eve bequeathed to the whole family of man. Here the infant darling has been touched too early by the blight that withers half our race. Its little lungs are affected and only watching and waiting shall tell which way its breath shall turn. This red drop on its table is the tallismen on which its life shall hang. There the blossom of the world just bursting into womanhood, is stricken also. Affections most assiduous cares skill not, she is still fading away. The wan messenger comes nearer and nearer every week. This little medicinent shall go there, their last perhaps their only hope. The strong man has planted in his vitals, this same disease. This red drop by his side is helping him wrestle with the inexorable enemy; the wife of his bosom and the cherubs of his heart are waiting in sick sorrow and fear lest the rod on which they lean in this world, be broken.

O Doctor! Spare no skill, nor cost, nor toil, to give the perishing sick the best that human art can give.—*Galveston, Texas, News.*

Death of the Original of Walter Scott's "Madge Wildfire."—A Scottish paper contains the following interesting history:

"On Sunday forenoon intelligence was brought to Calashiee that an old woman of weak mind, well known to the people of Galashiele and Melrose by various cognomens—as Black Bess, bet Grumsiey, and Dalt Bess—was lying in a dying state on the road near Ellwood Bridge. The county police, with medical assistance, went to remove the suffering woman who had lain there all night; but she yielded up her breath just as the doctor approached. The body was conveyed to the sick-house here, and afterwards interred in the stranger's plot at Ladhope burying-ground. Fifty years ago Elizabeth Graham was the rustic beauty, pride and toast of Melrose and the neighborhood, respectably brought up, with health mantling on her cheek, and guileless innocence in her heart. Returning home one evening, she was set upon in the gloomy solitude of the Bogle barn, and there ruined. She returned home, or rather she immediately forsook the ordinary haunts of man, having become a raving maniac, and henceforth she dwelt apart, living along among, but not a responsible portion of humanity. The outward form of what had once been a gay and happy girl took up its dwelling place in a rude cave, in the old Quarry Hill of Melrose. Here she slept at night in Summer and Winter, wrapped up in a blanket, save when for some wild and woeful weeks after the birth of her dead child, when she followed it to the church-yard, and would not be driven away, but slept among the tombstones to watch its grave. It was from this unfortunate waif that Sir Walter Scott drew the character of "Madge Wildfire," in the "Heart of Mid-Lothian." The particulars of the sad case were quite well known to him, residing in the neighborhood; and the reader will observe that there is a striking coincidence between the real facts as we have briefly detailed them, and the incidents in the novel as pictured by the pen of the author of Waverly."

A Book Bound with a Man's Skin.—Martin Walton, the notorious highwayman, when dying in the State Prison at Charleston, made a confession of his crimes, and dictated a minute account of his reckless career, which was recorded by the warden of the institution. The work was published in this city in 1837, under the title of "Narrative of the Life of James Allen, alias George Walton, alias Jonas Pierce, alias James H. York, alias Burley Grove, the highwayman. Being his confession to the warden of the Massachusetts State Prison." There is now in the library of the Athenæum a copy of this work, bound in a piece of the skin of the deceased highwayman. The cover is in one piece, about ten by six inches in size. It is as soft as washleather, but much whiter.—*Boston Journal.*

Attempted Self Destruction by a Child.—A child about 7 years of age, whose parents reside in Morgan street, Jersey City, attempted self destruction by cutting his throat with a knife on Friday. The child will recover.—Some time ago this child fell from a second-story window to the ground, injuring it severely, since which time it has been partially delirious and has made several attempts upon its own life, but the last was the most dangerous.

The Lady Swindler Convicted.—Philadelphia, Sept. 20.—Hiram P. Leslie, the notorious music teacher swindler, was to-day tried for the larceny of the wearing apparel of one of his victims, and convicted. The Judge in passing sentence upon him, said he regretted that he was only amenable upon this one charge, and concluded by giving him three years hard labor in the penitentiary, the extreme penalty of the law.

Measuring Distances.—A new invention is spoken of for measuring distances, which promises to be very useful. It is attached to a buggy or carriage wheel and so arranged as to strike every mile, at the same time registering the distances on a dial. It is said to be very correct, and will no doubt find ready sale.

Death of Bowen, the Horse Thief.—This notorious old man, whose past history has been one of the most remarkable that has blackened the calender of crime, died in Frederick jail on Sunday. He was attended in his last moments by his daughter for whom he had sent, and who is represented as a very amiable and refined young lady.

☞One of the fiercest Abolitionists in Ohio is a gentleman who sold not only his own slaves, but an estate comprising many slaves, and in his haste forgot to pay over the portion of the proceeds due to his mother and his co-heirs, leaving them, thereby, almost destitute.—*Charles Courier.*

Death of a Veteran.—The Kentucky papers notice the death, on Rock Castle River, in that State, of Uriah Gresham, a native of King William county, Va. He was for many years a member of the Kentucky Legislature, and fought under Gen. St. Clair, in 1792, and was one of "Anthony Wayne's" soldiers in 1794.

☞John B. Hossler, of the Buckeye Blacksmith, announces himself as an independent Democratic candidate for Senator from Ashland, Ohio.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

THE COMPILER.



H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA:

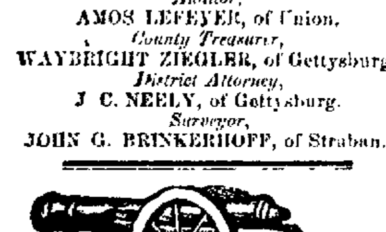
MONDAY MORNING, OCT. 3, 1859.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Auditor General,
RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, of Philadelphia.
For Surveyor General,
JOHN ROWE, of Franklin county.

Democratic County Ticket.

State Senator,
J. W. DOUGLAS, of Franklin county.
Assembly,
FREDERICK DIEHL, of Franklin.
Commissioner,
JAMES H. MARSHALL, of Hamiltonban.
Director of the Poor,
JOSEPH J. KUHN, of Reading.
Auditor,
AMOS LEFEVER, of Union.
County Treasurer,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER, of Gettysburg.
District Attorney,
J. C. NEELY, of Gettysburg.
Surveyor,
JOHN G. BRINKERHOFF, of Straban.



MORE MEETINGS!

Democrats of Adams, Rally in Your Strength!

VICTORY AWAITS US!

MEETINGS of the Democracy, the friends of Correct Principles, and opponents of Proscription and Sectionalism, will be held in various parts of Adams county, as follows:

At McSherrystown, on Monday afternoon, Oct. 3;
At J. E. Smith's, in Mountpleasant township, on Monday evening, Oct. 3;
At Strasbaugh's School-house, in Buchanan Valley, Franklin twp., on Tuesday evening, Oct. 4;
At Gettysburg, on Wednesday evening, Oct. 5;
At Goodyear's, Graeffenberg Springs, in Franklin twp., on Thursday evening, Oct. 6;
At Mount Vernon School-house, in Mountpleasant twp., on Thursday evening, Oct. 6;
At Irishtown, in Oxford twp., on Friday evening, Oct. 7;
At Caledonia Springs, on Saturday evening, Oct. 8;
At Round Hill, in Reading twp., on Saturday evening, Oct. 8;
At Hunterstown, on Monday afternoon, Oct. 10, at 2 o'clock precisely;
At Middletown, on Monday evening, Oct. 10;
At Munshower's Tavern, in Franklin twp., on Monday afternoon, Oct. 10, at 3 o'clock precisely;
At Shaner's Tavern, in Franklin twp., on Monday evening, Oct. 10;

☞Several Speakers may be expected to address each Meeting. COME ONE—COME ALL!

☞The Democratic Brass Band of Gettysburg will be present and perform at the Meetings, in their magnificent new Chariot.

By order of Committee,
Oct. 3, 1859. H. J. STAHLE, Ch'n.

The Importance of One Vote.

The importance of one vote is rarely made more manifest than it was in the recent elections in Kentucky and Tennessee. One Opposition candidate for Congress, in the former State, was elected by three votes, and in another district the vote was a *tie*. In the latter State one Opposition candidate for Congress was elected by *eight* votes, another by *twenty-six*, and another by *fifty*. In all these cases there were doubtless Democrats enough remaining at home to have turned the scale in favor of the Democratic nominees, had they gone to the election and deposited their ballots, as it was their duty to have done. We hope that Democrats will bear these instances in mind, this fall, in this county and State, and not under estimate the importance of *one vote* in determining the result of the election.

The Truth at Last, tho' Long Coming!

A year ago, the *Compiler* asserted, and PROVED from the House Journal, that CHARLES WILL had supported, whilst a member, the $500 compensation, instead of $700. The *Star* and *Sentinel*, week after week, declared the statement false, and piled up columns upon columns of Italics and little and large Capitals to show that our position was all wrong—that we "lied!" "lied!" "lied!"—just as they are doing now in regard to our exposures of Durboraw's votes.

Conscious of being in the right, we stuck to it, and believed that all parties would acknowledge the fact some day. Our expectation is already being realized. At the Opposition meeting at New Oxford on Saturday last, one of the speakers ADMITTED THAT MR. WILL *DID* SUPPORT THE $500 SALARY, against that of $700!

What think you of that, honest readers—especially such of you as were accustomed to read the piously indignant denials of the *Star* and *Sentinel* a year ago. As it is now in regard to Mr. Will, it may be a twelve-month hence in respect to Mr. Durboraw. *Then* they may acknowledge that the *Compiler* is right now, just as one of their loud guns acknowledged on Saturday the truth of our position in 1858! "Can such men be trusted?"

RAIN OR SHINE!

Democrats of Adams, GO TO THE ELECTION! Let nothing keep a single voter back. The Opposition are trying to poll their full vote. Let us meet them in our strength, and VICTORY IS CERTAIN!

SPURIOUS TICKETS!

The *Star* managers, in their last, say:—"We hear of spurious tickets having already been circulated in a number of the districts."

They *know* that such is the fact, for, if our information be correct, they, *the Star managers themselves*, are having SPURIOUS TICKETS circulated. Such a game need not be resorted to to secure success for the Democratic ticket.

DEMOCRATS, BE ON YOUR GUARD!

REMEMBER

That SAMUEL DURBORAW voted for $5,00 A DAY, without limit as to the number of days such pay should continue—thus making $700 or $800 pay for the session probable?

Durboraw's Pledges!

DURBORAW'S VOTES!

Let the Journal of the House Speak!

$500 OFFERED!!!

"I think the Act of last session increasing their compensation to $700 per annum was unwise, and, if elected, I shall certainly vote for its repeal, and use my influence to have the old compensation of $500 restored."—*Samuel Durboraw's Letter to Jacob Resser, Sept. 8, 1858.*

☞Such was the pledge made a year ago by SAMUEL DURBORAW, the Know Nothing and Black Republican candidate for re-election to the Legislature. The people have a right to know whether his votes last winter squared with his promises, and we propose to give a full, fair, and connected statement of them, so far as they related to the question of "extra pay." The *Star* and the *Sentinel* may rave and rant as much as they please—they may, in order to break the force of our exposures of Durboraw's delinquencies, denounce and vilify us as far as their high-toned, christian morality may permit—they may characterize us as "unscrupulous," "ungentlemanly," and so on, to the end of the chapter of fishwoman slang—we have the consolation of knowing that THE TRUTH is with us—that the regular JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE sustains us in every position we have taken. So confident are we of this, that for the correctness of every vote given in this article, we pledge ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS—the Journal, kept by the sworn officers of the House, and which does not lie, to be appealed to for the proof.

Mr. Durboraw's pledge is given above,—taken from the *Star* of September 17th, 1858. We are particular about this, as it is not unlikely that the *Star* and the *Sentinel will even deny the pledge*, if it should seem to be necessary in order to help Mr. Durboraw out of the difficulty he has gotten into *by breaking it*. They have already denied that the Appropriation Bill *made provision for the payment of the members' salary*, in the face of the notorious fact that if they had not been paid thro' it, they would have returned home *without any pay at all!* So brazen-faced have these papers become in their falsehoods.

Now to Durboraw's votes:

On the 2d of March, the Appropriation Bill was under consideration. The fourth section, as reported by the Committee of Ways and Means, provided for the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, for the payment of the expenses of the Legislature, including the pay and mileage of the members, clerks and officers, stationery, newspapers, &c. The section contained no change in the amount of salary to members, and, of course, left it at $700, as for the previous session.

Mr. Hottenstine moved to amend by repealing the $700 pay, and making it $500.—Mr. Hamersly moved to amend Hottenstine's amendment, by making the pay a *daily* one—$1,50, with expenses going to and returning from Harrisburg. The yeas and nays were called on Mr. Hamersly's motion, and it carried—49 yeas to 41 nays—*Mr. Durboraw voting among the nays*, or AGAINST the $1,50 per day. The question then came up, "will the House agree to the amendment as amended," and the yeas were 39, the nays 52—Mr. Durboraw still voting with the nays, or against the $1,50 per day. The motion was declared lost. For these two votes we refer to page 454 of the House Journal, March 2d.

Mr. Walborn moved to make the pay one thousand dollars per session. This Mr. McClure proposed to amend by making the pay $5,00 *per day, but fixed no limit as to the number of days the pay might continue.* This was a sharp trick of McClure's to get large pay through protracted sessions—*all the time* at $5 per diem. The yeas and nays were called on this motion of McClure's and resulted, 36 for, to 59 against—*Mr. Durboraw among the yeas.* The amendment was declared lost, when Mr. Walborn withdrew his $1000 motion—and the section was agreed to, *still allowing the* $700, as the winter before, and to the repeal of which Samuel Durboraw was most solemnly pledged. For Durboraw's vote on the McClure amendment see House Journal, page 455,—March 2d.

Thus far in the Journal, Mr. Durboraw has not redeemed his pledges.

March 3d and 4th were mainly taken up with the same bill, and in the evening of the 4th, it came up on final passage, the 4th section remaining unchanged, and of course still continuing the old salary of $700. On this final passage vote the yeas and nays were as follows—see House Journal, page 412:—

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Barnsley, Barlow, Boyer, (Clearfield,) Brodhead, Burley, Campbell, Chase, Dismant, Dodds, Eckman, Evans, Fisher, Foster, Galley, Good, Graham, Gratz, Irish, Jackson, Ketchum, Kinney, Lawrence, (Washington,) Muhaffey, M'Curdy, Neall, Oaks, Proudfoot, Pughe, Quigley, Rohrer, Shafler, Sheppard, Styer, Taylor, Thompson, Thorn, Walborn, Walker, Warden, Witman, Wigton, Wilcox, Williams, (Bucks,) and Lawrence, *Speaker*—45.

Nays—Messrs. Acker, Bryson, Church, Custer, Fleming, Glatz, Hamersly, Hill, Hottenstine, Keneagy, Lard, Mann, M'Clure, M'Dowell, Patterson, Pierce, Pinkerton, Ramsdell, Smith, (Berks,) Stoneback, Stuart, Wagonseller, Wiley, Williston, Wilson, Withrow and Wolf—27.

Mr. Durboraw's name is not to be found in this list—simply because he was afraid to "face the music," and DODGED the vote!—The *Star* and the *Sentinel* endeavor to make it appear that he voted—but the Journal says he did not, that Journal which was kept by Mr. Durboraw's own political friends, and who were sworn to keep it faithfully. We do not believe that Mr. Durboraw himself will say he was present and voted at the time.—We will bet a "V" or an "X" that he will not *make an affidavit* that he voted on the final passage of the Appropriation Bill on the 4th of March, 1858.

The Bill, having passed the House, was ordered to be sent to the Senate, for the action of that body. A number of its sections were disagreed to, and a Committee of Conference was appointed from both Houses. On the 11th of April, this Committee made their Report, and by not saying a solitary word in regard to the pay of the members, left that question just where it was when the Appropriation Bill finally passed the House—and just where it stood a year before—at **$700!** *For this Report*, SAMUEL DURBORAW VOTED!—this Report, which still left undisturbed the $700 pay to members, an amount of compensation which, from his high-sounding pledges a year ago, it was fair to infer he would resist in every shape, and to the last. But he voted FOR IT—thus putting the cap-stone upon a course of singular delinquency on this question—a course which, looks as though he had all the time been anxious to have the $700 salary continued, that he might set aside a $200 Electioneering Fund, to secure a re-election—*and make $700 more!* For this vote of Durboraw's we refer to pages 1094 and 1095 of the House Journal—March 11th.

Such are the votes of Mr. Durboraw on the "extra pay" question. We appeal to the Journal for their correctness in every particular. They demonstrate that Durboraw did not carry out his pledges—the "virtuous indignation" of the *Star* and *Sentinel* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Two More of Durboraw's Votes.

☞SAMUEL DURBORAW, in the Legislature, last winter, voted AGAINST the *indefinite postponement* of a Bill to prevent foreign-born citizens from voting during the SIX MONTHS AFTER THEIR NATURALIZATION!! This vote was all the same as if he had voted directly in favor of the Bill, the indefinite postponement being the *test*, and the Bill was killed thereby. Thus Mr. Durboraw exhibited his love for Know Nothingism, whose principles of proscription he *swore* to carry out in the Mountjoy Council of that midnight Order. Mark it—Samuel Durboraw voted to keep naturalized citizens out of their votes for six months after receiving their naturalization papers!

☞In the same manner did SAMUEL DURBORAW cast his vote AGAINST a Bill *to prevent* the intermarriage of whites and blacks. This, it is supposed, was to satisfy his Amalgamation friends. Mark this, too!

Democrats, Sound the Alarm!

Know Nothing "Sam" again in his Midnight Councils!

Members of the Opposition deny that secret Know Nothing meetings are now held in this county, and spend no little breath in the effort to keep down all suspicion.—It won't do, however. We almost daily receive information, from various districts, of circumstances so convincing, as to no longer leave room for doubt.

Here is one of them, as an instance. We are informed, by a gentleman of high character, that on Thursday evening last, Mr. Samuel Durboraw was at Heidlersburg on an electioneering tour. The town was quite lively with Know Nothings until about half an hour after dark, when they suddenly disappeared, and nothing was to be seen of them until about 10 o'clock, when they re-appeared, as quietly and suddenly as they had left! Now, can it be doubted that a secret Know Nothing meeting was held there or in the immediate neighborhood at that time?

This is but one of numerous similar incidents of recent occurrence that have come to our notice, and we warn the friends of Equal Rights all over the county to be up and doing—to watch the midnight tricksters—expose them—and at the election defeat them, as we have heretofore done. AROUSE! AWAKE!—TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Pig or Pup!

We are reliably informed that one of the Know Nothing speakers at Fairfield, the other night, declared his belief that FREDERICK DIEHL last fall VOTED FOR CHARLES WILL, notwithstanding the charge to the contrary, and hoped that for that reason no American or Republican would vote for him! This was putting the *pig* into the basket.—But at Oxford, on Saturday afternoon, the pig was taken out and the *pup* put in. The gentleman who made the Durboraw speech there, *not* the one who made it at Fairfield, took directly the opposite ground, and declared that Frederick Diehl did *not* vote for Mr. Will!

These hungry tricksters, in order to humbug the people, are "all things to all men"—pig here and pup there—anything and everything to suit different localities. What would serve their purpose at Oxford, might be death at Fairfield! And yet they prate of "fairness!"

"Fair and Straight-forward!"

"Mr. Durboraw is a fair, straight-forward man."—*Sentinel.*

☞Was it a very "fair" act in Mr. DURBORAW to take an *oath* to proscribe and set a mark upon citizens of foreign birth and members of a particular church—classes who are as patriotic, and as good citizens and prompt tax-payers as any other in the country—many of them, too, his neighbors. Was that "fair?"—And is it "fair" that he should now ask these very citizens, whom he thus swore to deprive of full political rights, for their votes? In addition, was it "straight-forward" in him to leave his home in the darkness of night, in order to reach a country school-house, there to take the infamous obligation?

Disinterested!

The organs of the Superior Know Nothing Councillors are working themselves into a fever in trying to make the impression that Mr. DURBORAW's deposit of $200 was a very disinterested act. If he had not, at the time made his arrangements to be a candidate for re-election to the same office, the transaction might have that appearance; but as he was in the field for re-nomination and re-election, it can be looked upon in no other light than as a BRIBE offered to the voters of the county—a bribe of FOUR CENTS A HEAD!—Mr. Durboraw is known to be just as anxious to make money as the majority of people, and just as good at holding on to it. Would he have given away $200 without expecting *more* in return on the investment! NO, NOT HE!

More and More Desperate!

The tricksters who manage the *Star* and Know Nothing affairs generally, are finding themselves still closer and closer to the wall. The large and enthusiastic Democratic meetings held throughout the county last week, bother them sorely—and hence their studied efforts to make them out as small as possible. But they "won't take!" The people in the localities where both parties have held meetings know better, and can place a proper estimate upon the *Star's* representations, or rather, *mis*representations.

Communicated.

Mac.—Thou canst not say, I did it.
Never shake thy gory locks at me.—
Act 3, Scene 4th of Macbeth, not Duncan.

☞The Opposition speakers, at Petersburg, on Friday night, pitched, tore and raved in a manner so bombastic and "highfalutin" as to leave many of their hearers in doubt whether the meeting was intended as a bona fide political gathering or a fantastical performance. It is suspected that "several linen" were greatly damaged in the herculean effort to demolish the veracity of the *Compiler*. Persevere, gentlemen. *Gnaw away*—the file can stand it if your grinders can.

☞Look out for an awful break-down! McClure, with a load already more than he can carry, undertakes to "tote" Durboraw along. It is really *too* kind, even if they were partners in the "five dollars a day and roast beef" business.

☞Let the people remember, that the Legislature of 1857 was the first to increase the salaries of the members "two hundred dollars," and that the bill making that increase was passed by an Opposition Senate, and was signed by an Opposition Governor!

Five "Dollars a Day and Roast Beef" Again.

Here's one of the *Sentinel's* "white lies." It says:

"The attempt to change it [$700 pay] last session failed—although Mr. Durboraw supported the proposition to reduce it to $500."

Mr. Durboraw did no such thing, as the editor knew when he penned the assertion.—The *Sentinel* would, we infer from the sneaking style of this little "white lie," have its readers believe that Mr. Durboraw supported a proposition to reduce the pay to $500 *per session*, as he promised he would! But that journal can't catch gudgeons as easily as all that comes to. Mr. Durboraw never voted for $500 pay per session, and we defy the *Sentinel*, now and here, to point us to the page of the Journal that proves he did.

He did vote for McClure's proposition for $5,00 A DAY, but that was very far from "restoring the old compensation of $500" *per session!*—because McClure was careful (the tricky advocate of high pay) *not to limit the number of days during which such pay should continue*, so that it might as easily have amounted to $800 as under, and more likely above, as a majority of the members would doubtless have made it convenient to sit out a *long* session whilst that rate of pay continued! Most of them don't make half as much at home.

To show how far the *Sentinel* is stretching the truth in undertaking to say that Mr. Durboraw redeemed his pledges by voting for McClure's $5,00 per day, we give extracts from a few of the speeches made in the House at the time, as follows:

Mr. Hamersly desired to explain his vote. The proposition was calculated to increase the pay of members, and therefore he had voted against it.

Mr. Neall thought that the amendment to the amendment was making the salary approximate nearer to $1000. He had therefore voted for it.

Mr. Stevens said, my reason for voting against this amendment, is because I think it will have a tendency to increase our salaries by protracted sessions, instead of diminishing them. I am in favor of a fixed salary of $500 and mileage.

Mr. Kinney gave the following reasons for his vote on the above question: My reasons for voting against the amendment of the gentleman from Franklin, (Mr. M'Clure,) to fix the pay of members at $5 per day are, that the per diem system is an exploded system in Pennsylvania, and would tend to prolong the sessions; and, on the whole, increase the expenses of the government.

Mr. Fleming gave his reasons for voting "no" on the amendment of the gentleman from Franklin, because he sincerely believed it would result in increasing the compensation of members to more than $500, the sum which he thought sufficient compensation. It being evident that every day over one hundred, would result in some $800 per day expenses, and hold out inducements for prolonged sessions.

Mr. Pinkerton said he was opposed to the amendment offered by the gentleman from Franklin, (Mr. M'Clure.) He believed if the amendment carried, that the expenses of the government would be increased rather than diminished. The expenses each day, apart from the pay of members, are not less than $500 per diem, in this House and Senate; and he felt satisfied if this amendment prevailed, that hereafter, instead of the session lasting, as they should, but about eighty days, they would be prolonged to not less than one hundred and twenty-five days. This, at $5,00 per diem, would amount for pay of members, in House and Senate, to $83,125; to which add forty-five days extra for officers' pay, light, &c., at $500 per day, making in the whole $105,625; whilst the present session at $700 per day for members, will cost but $93,100: saving to the Commonwealth $12,525. For these reasons he should vote against the amendment, and hoped that it would not prevail.

Mr. Boyer, (Schuylkill,) said he voted against the amendment of the gentleman from Franklin, for similar reasons as those given by his colleague, (Mr. Pinkerton,) and believing fully that should the amendment carry, it would greatly increase the expenses of this Commonwealth.

Mr. Bertolet said—I vote against the increase of pay of the members of this House, on the ground that I think five hundred dollars is sufficient for any member, who comes here, for the short time that his services are required. A mechanic or laborer, who labors a whole year, scarcely earns more than one-half what members of the Legislature receive.

Mr. Durboraw did not heed such warnings, notwithstanding his pledges to the people of Adams county. He followed and voted with McClure, the persistent advocate of high pay, who declared, in 1858, that $700 was no more than a member should have—he would vote for it, *and did!*

Our readers will have no difficulty in seeing that in this vote, Mr. Durboraw did *not* support a proposition to reduce the pay to $500 per session—but, on the contrary, one which would inevitably have swelled the annual pay from $600 to $1000!

☞Mr. Durboraw, in his Resser Letter, declared that

"If a public officer has a *right* to vote himself, or take from the public treasury $200 additional to his legal salary, he has a right to vote for and take $1000 additional."

You were right there, Mr. Durboraw; but how came it that you voted for McClure's proposition for $5,00 PER DAY, *without limiting the number of days, to which such pay should apply?* Had it carried, the Legislature might have been in session the summer through, each member drawing his FIVE DOLLARS A DAY all the while, and thus increasing the expenditures of the State hundreds of thousands of dollars.

☞The Opposition papers say the *Compiler* "lies" in regard to Mr. Durboraw's votes.—FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS are at their service if they will PROVE from the Journal, that we misrepresent him.

For The Compiler.

MR. STAHLE:—I have been reading your paper for a few months, and my attention was particularly arrested by your allusions to the Opposition nominations for Commissioner and Director of the Poor. On looking at the Map of the county, I notice that Freedom and Cumberland are joined, in a kind of wedge, by Hamiltonban. The Directors who will remain in the Board reside in Freedom (Mr. WHITE) and Cumberland (Mr. SPANGLER.)—If Hamiltonban should get the third Director, three *adjoining* townships would have the whole Board. This would not be fair, and, although generally voting with Mr. Musselman's party, I cannot sanction this movement with my vote. The allusion in the *Adams Sentinel*, last Monday, to this point, is not satisfactory, but is a "begging of the question." It does not answer the question of the impropriety of the *location* of the present candidate.

Beside this, I suspect very strongly that this nomination for Director was the result of the manoeuvring of a life-long office-holder in regard to the Commissionership—the one depending on the other. I have long ago thought that the office-holder alluded to had more than his share of public favors, in preference to other equally deserving men, who were forced to stand back to make room for him, and I have heretofore complained of it. Believing his present plan to be to the same intent, I cannot vote for his candidate for Commissioner.

A TAXPAYER.

For The Compiler.

Rambling Resser.

MR. STAHLE:—It has been asserted that the name of Jacob Resser, the Opposition candidate for Commissioner, has not been on the Tax List, nor has he been a resident of the County, until a recent period.

We desire to obtain correct information as to these assertions. If they be facts, he has not the necessary familiarity with the history and finances of the County, and is undeserving of the suffrage of its CITIZENS.

☞In response to the above inquiry—we have examined the Duplicates in the Commissioners' Office, and find that although Jacob Resser is not a young man, his name cannot be found on the Lists prior to 1857! What think ye, voters of Adams, of his seeking to foist himself, under the direction of his place-loving wire-worker, into official position, destitute of any claim upon the support of the people for such position?

We know James H. Marshall to have been a life-long resident of the county, fully cognizant of its public affairs, as well as a man of intelligence, excellent judgment and the highest probity.

Communicated.

Opposition Meeting in Cashtown.

Dear Compiler:—Last night was our quiet village visited by McClure and company for the purpose of holding what they chose to call a political meeting. And such a meeting!—It was nothing more nor less than a signal failure from beginning to end, and will be a lasting and eternal disgrace both to themselves and their party. True, there were some 80 to 100 persons present, ladies and all, but of this number fully one-third were from Gettysburg; and of the remaining two-thirds there were nearly as many Democrats as Black Republicans, and those the most attentive listeners.

The Black Republican leaders must indeed have very queer and very erroneous ideas concerning the people of Franklin township, to suppose that they are so extremely verdant and gullible as to believe such silly stuff as they saw fit to spit out last night. But then, like the pig of which Socrates speaks, they have been in the mud, and hence it is quite natural that they should try to rub some of it on Democrats.

After something like an organization was gone through with, Col. McClure made his appearance, mounted on the old Rosinante which has already carried him through more than one campaign—I mean the "Main Line of Public Works, our National and State debt, the Protective Tariff, and Free Labor." Of course, the canal board was Democratic ever since creation, and the men who composed it rogues and swindlers—the Democratic Presidents and Governors have all been thieves and robbers, or their accomplices—the low tariff is the cause of our national poverty,—in short, it would be easier to mention what he didn't hack at than what he did.—What made this gentleman's tirade particularly disagreeable and unpleasant was his unpardonable egotism, that is, he had the private "I" too much in the public ear.

To have accomplished the half of what he claimed for himself, would have required another Hercules. He essayed to effect with a profusion of miserable wit and banter what his paltry arguments could not accomplish.—When his stock of invective was exhausted, he had wisdom enough to vanish during a most impressive silence. A few strangers next set up a feeble call for "Ed McPherson." who soon after mounted the stump. His subject was "Samuel Durboraw," and his object two-fold. The first was to justify Mr. D. in his course last winter; the other was to procure votes for his re-election this fall, neither of which he did. He took good care, however, not to say anything against the irreproachable character of Capt. Diehl. That gentleman, I am sure, would have been ashamed to deliver such a speech in Gettysburg. The whole of his arguments may be summed up thus: *a miserable failure at factiousness.* To arrest the attention of the audience, he had resource to his old trick of telling stories, some of which are so stale from frequent use that they are positively a bore. The principal thorn in his flesh seemed to be the *Compiler* and its editor. He wound up with his old story concerning a certain hen of his, or somebody elses, trying to hatch seventy eggs, which was just about as much of a possibility as that his party will be victorious at the coming election. A. J. Cover, Esq., was the last speaker. He gravely told his hearers that the "People's party" was sure to be a successful institution in October. As the people and the "People's party" didn't want to hear anything more, they walked off; and he, acting the part of wisdom, soon gathered up his chattles and followed. They overdid the thing entirely, and so did more harm than good.

A SPECTATOR.

Cashtown, Pa., Sept. 29th, 1859.

For The Compiler.

LITTLESTOWN, Pa., Sept. 27, 1859.

MR. EDITOR: Dear Sir:—The "Nigger" party had a meeting here last night, and of all the political meetings I have ever attended in my life, it certainly was the poorest. There were about one hundred persons present, all told, and nearly one-half were boys. The meeting was organized by Mr. E. Myers getting up and having the officers voted for, and then naming them afterwards. A friend at my right suggests that he did that last, in the event of his naming them first, some of them would have been too exceptionable even for their own "color." One of your Gettysburg lawyers then introduced the candidate for Senator, his presence exciting no applause whatever; and the quasi-congressman elect thinking it too bad, offered three cheers, which were faintly given by the delegation they brought along from Gettysburg. He then opened by expressing his love (!) for Democrats, which was perfectly understood even by the wayfaring, and went on in a poetical strain about our green fields, and hills, and dales, and told us that our prosperity was the result of our own labor, &c.,—something we also were perfectly aware of. His whole speech was entirely foreign from the points at issue, and was perfect bosh. Apropos, after McClure finished, McPherson introduced him to one of our Democrats in the neighborhood, thinking to make a vote, but our old friend said, "You are not my man, I can't go you." It is needless to say that Mr. McClure looked considerably crest-fallen.

McPherson then took the stand, but no one applauded. His speech was of one hour's length, in vindication of Mr. Durboraw's course in the Assembly, but he rather made matters worse than better. He, like McClure, closed amid perfect silence.

Some of the delegation from Gettysburg then called for their lawyer, who responded in a speech of five or ten minutes. He attempted to assail the Democracy, but his efforts were too poor to justify me in giving even this passing notice. When he closed, no one knew it, for no one was paying attention to him, and this was the end of it. I beg pardon, they did afterwards get up a farce by dressing two men up to represent an elephant. A fit synonyme of the whole proceedings.

The Democracy here have their eyes open, and are determined not to be hoaxed again. McClure will be beaten out of his boots, and the whole Democratic ticket will receive the largest vote ever polled in this section. *

"The per diem system would have been *nearly* as effective in keeping down the pay as the absolute compensation."—*Sentinel.*

☞"*Nearly*," says the *Sentinel* here, and yet in other parts of the same issue he tries to show that Mr. Durboraw *quite* came up to his pledges, by voting for McClure's $500 *a day* motion. This is a way of shifting and dodging that very *respectable* journal has, but we ask, "what is to be thought of an editor so brazen-faced as that? Surely, no faith can be placed in any of his statements, after such wholesale and persistent falsification." We use the editor's own refined and gentlemanly language.



SKIES BRIGHT!

"THE COUNTRY RISING!"

The Friends of Equal Rights Waking Up to the Importance of the Contest!

LARGE DEMOCRATIC MEETINGS—GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

AT HEIDLERSBURG.

The first Democratic Meeting of the campaign took place at Heidlersburg on Tuesday evening last. Notwithstanding the threatening state of the weather, the friends of the cause poured in from all sides, until it became the largest gathering of the kind we have yet seen in that place. The following gentlemen were chosen officers:

President, HENRY J. MYERS, Esq.

Vice Presidents, John Delap, Samuel Gilliland, Peter Fidler, Jacob Bream, John Lynch, Frederick Pillard, Michael Bowers, Sr., Daniel S. Diehl, John Fieser, Jacob Bollinger.

Secretaries, Peter Miller, Jr., George Shields, Noah F. Hersh, J. M. Pittenturf, Jeremiah Slaybaugh.

The meeting was addressed by D. W. Rowe, and Thos. Orr, Esquires, of Chambersburg, and W. A. Duncan, and J. C. Neely, Esquires, of Gettysburg, in an eloquent, clear and convincing manner, and their remarks were received with frequent bursts of warm applause. H. J. Stahle also addressed the assemblage. It adjourned in fine spirits, with three hearty cheers for the Democratic ticket, proposed by that sterling old Democrat, John Lynch, Esq.

AT LITTLESTOWN.

The meeting at Littlestown, on Wednesday evening, was a great gathering of the Democracy of that region—Germany, Mountjoy, Mountpleasant and Union being all represented. The assemblage, we were informed by unprejudiced persons, was fully twice as large as that at the Opposition meeting held there a few evenings previous, and the warmest enthusiasm prevailed throughout. The meeting was called to order by Jacob Klunk, when the following officers were chosen:

President, WM. DUTTERA.

Vice Presidents, George Gonder, Simon S Bishop, Henry Rahter, Peter Greenholtz, George Hesson, Thomas Bittle, Wm. Rider, Moses Hartman, Joseph Arntz, George Lefever, Levi Golden, Wm. H. Lott, John L. Fisher.

Secretaries, Dr. S. G. Kinser, Paul Kuhns, Dr. A. L. Bishop, Wm. Hofferd.

Thomas Orr, Wm. A. Duncan, J. C. Neely and D. W. Rowe successively addressed the meeting, and their remarks were received with frequent demonstrations of satisfaction by the audience. H. J. Stahle concluded the speaking, when the meeting adjourned, amidst thunders of cheers for the whole Democratic ticket. It was remarked on all sides that so large a political gathering had not taken place there for many years, if ever before.

AT EAST BERLIN.

The meeting at East Berlin took place on Thursday afternoon, and notwithstanding the extraordinarily busy season with the farmers, very many of whom were just getting in their seeding, the attendance was good, and all appeared to feel the liveliest interest in the canvass. The officers were:

President, WM. WOLF, Esq.

Vice Presidents, George Baker, Esq., Geo. King, Joseph Woods, H. K. Stoner, Michael Brown, Jeremiah Slaybaugh, Abraham King, Peter Chronister, John Lynch, Frederick Holtz, Michael Dellone, Peter Firestone, Samuel March, Frederick Headler.

Secretaries, W. S. Hildebrand, C. E. Kuhn, Israel Trostle, John Dellone.

E. B. Buehler, W. A. Duncan, and J. C. Neely, Esquires, of Gettysburg, addressed the meeting in an able manner, explaining a number of the issues between the parties, and afforded high gratification to their hearers.—H. J. Stahle closed with allusions to county politics, and the meeting adjourned with the determination to do full duty at the polls.

AT NEW CHESTER.

The meeting at New Chester, on Thursday evening, was a glorious demonstration. The surrounding townships of Tyrone, Reading, Hamilton, Oxford and Mountpleasant, were well represented, whilst old Straban was out in great force—exhibiting how earnest the friends of the GOOD OLD CAUSE are becoming, and how determined to conquer on the second Tuesday of October next. With such a spirit prevailing, the Democracy, the party of Equal Laws and Equal Rights, cannot fail to triumph. The meeting organized as follows:

President, GEORGE EHRKHART, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Henry Myers, John Thomas, Thomas N. Dicks, John B. Kuhn, John L. Taughinbaugh, John Eckenrode, Wm. Thomas, of C., Col. J. L. Neely, H. J. Myers, H. A. Picking, Maj. Jacob Sanders, John Lynch, Philip Donohue, Thomas R. Bower.

Secretaries, Philip A. Myers, David Holtz, Thomas Ehrehart, Theodore Taughinbaugh, Daniel Thomas, Daniel Lynch.

E. B. Buehler, Esq., made a short and pertinent speech, and then introduced upon the stand J. W. DOUGLAS, Esq., the Democratic candidate for the State Senate, who was received with many cheers. Mr. Douglas addressed the vast crowd at some length, in a speech of great power, which, whilst it contained no word of disrespect towards his opponent, Mr. McClure, abounded in facts of telling force against him. When he ceased speaking, "three cheers for Douglas!" were given with a will.

J. C. Neely and S. J. Vandersloot followed, with speeches that were well received, and H. J. Stahle concluded—when cheers for the whole ticket were proposed and responded to until the welkin rang again and again. Such gatherings cannot but strike terror into the mongrel Know Nothing and Black Republican Opposition.

AT FAIRFIELD.

The meeting at Fairfield on Friday evening was another glorious outpouring of the people—nearly TWICE AS LARGE as that of the Opposition a few evenings previous. The Band and large delegation from this place were met, this side of town, by a procession of 40 or 50 horsemen, forming a handsome escort. During the evening bon-fires blazed brightly at various points in the village, and the liveliest enthusiasm prevailed during the entire proceedings. The large assemblage was called to order by Isaac Hereter, when the following gentlemen were chosen officers:

President, Z. HERBERT, Esq.

Vice Presidents, Robert McLaughlin, John Gelbach, Barnard Bigham, Adam Sanders, Aaron Woodring, George Hull, Michael Singley, Wm. Culp, Isaac Robinson, Jesse P. Topper, Jacob L. Firor, John Bennett, Peter Stoner, Wm. Winebrenner, Jacob Houdeshell.

Secretaries, Benj. Reed, John McConnell, George Watson, Frederick Dubs, Westly King.

J. C. Neely, J. W. Douglas, Dr. W. C. Stem and H. J. Stahle addressed the meeting, discussing the questions now at issue. The utmost attention was paid throughout, and the meeting adjourned with many cheers for the cause and the candidates.

AT ABBOTTSTOWN.

The turn out at this place, on Saturday afternoon, was larger than we expected, and an earnest feeling for the success of the ticket was evinced by all. The meeting organized as follows:

President, FREDERICK WOLF.

Vice Presidents, John Elder, Jacob Hull, Samuel Orndorff, A. W. Storm, Samuel Haner, Nicholas Carns, Francis Wollett, Henry Mayer, George Baker, of J., Samuel Wolf, H. K. Stoner.

**Secretaries*, Wm. Bittinger, Joseph Wolf, Henry Hoffman, Jacob Crout.*

J. W. Douglas, Wm. A. Duncan and J. C. Neeley, Esqs., addressed the people in their usually happy styles, and H. J. Stahle concluded, when the meeting adjourned, confidence in success and determination to assist in achieving it inspiring all present.

AT NEW OXFORD.

Truly the meeting at New Oxford was suggestive of the exclamation, "*the work goes bravely on!*" Before candle-light the people came pouring in from all sides, and by the time an organization was announced, the crowd had swelled to extraordinary proportions. The difference between that and the Opposition gathering held in the same place was too great to allow comparison. That in the afternoon was hardly a "one horse" arrangement, whilst ours was a full team!—The following gentlemen were the officers:

President, DANIEL HELTZELL.

Vice Presidents*, Charles Will, John Lynch, Patrick Harkins, Elias Slagle, Daniel Gitt, Francis Marshall, John Stock, Jno. L. Noel, Thomas N. Dicks, Philip Donohue, Samuel Alwine.

Secretaries*, Jno. F. McSherry, Jno. C. Ellis, Jos. S. Gitt, Anthony Martin.

Wm. A. Duncan, J. W. Douglas, J. C. Neeley and Charles Will, Esqs., made speeches, and were applauded at many points. H. J. Stahle also occupied the stand, in reply to many of the *specious* falsehoods retailed by the Opposition speakers a few hours before. The meeting adjourned with three echoing cheers, the most lively enthusiasm having prevailed throughout.

☞The Democratic Brass Band of this place was present at all the meetings, and won golden opinions by their charming music. The Chariot every where elicited the warmest expressions of admiration.

☞The Opposition managers fairly rave in their desperation. They see "the hand-writing on the wall," and their hopes of securing office for their favorites are almost dying within them. In regard to Mr. Durboraw their anxiety must be excruciating. With all his votes exposed, and too many of them entirely inconsistent with his pledges, nothing is left the managers and their organs, the *Star* and *Sentinel*, but to repeat over and over again that the *Compiler* "lies!" "lies!" lies!" and that Capt. DIEHL failed to vote for CHAS. WILL. Such is the chief burden of their song. So far as the *Compiler* is concerned, it always speaks for itself, and is never more comfortable in a position taken than when backed up by authority so indisputable as the *Journal of the House of Representatives!* In regard to the charge against Capt. Diehl, we must remind the managers that we have flatly contradicted the base "intimation," as authorized by him to do, and that we have published the voluntary card of FRANCIS WILL, one of the most reliable and conscientious men in the county, nailing the lie to the counter as base coin. As the Opposition editors may have overlooked Mr. Will's card, we re-insert it.—Here it is:

Fellow-citizens and Voters of Adams county:—This is to certify and give you evidence that at the fall election of 1858, *I saw Mr. Diehl vote for every candidate of the Democratic party*, by handing in an open ticket at the polls. FRANCIS WILL.

Franklin twp., Sept. 2, 1852.

A regular *clincher* this, and if the Opposition editors believed one word of their "intimation" to be true, why did they not try to prove it? Capt. Diehl stands too high as a man and a Democrat to be damaged by such miserable "intimations" from the *Star* and *Sentinel*, and has too much self-respect to dance at their bidding. Had the inquiry for a denial come from Democrats, Capt. Diehl would have furnished it over his name long ago, but they are too well satisfied of his faithfulness to make a demand of that character. The scribblers for the *Star* and the *Sentinel*, who resort to every species of low, mean and cowardly lying to bring about his defeat, are pretty parties indeed to interrogate Mr. Diehl in regard to his Democracy!

An Immense Demonstration "Over the Left."

The One-horse Great Guns!

Blessed were those of the Opposition who did not expect much of a meeting in Gettysburg on Saturday evening, for *they* were not disappointed. Notwithstanding the flaming handbills sent to all quarters, summoning the faithful to town on the occasion, to hear the great guns of the party, the country people, with barely a dozen or two exceptions, wisely remained at home. The name of the Dark Lantern Republican candidate for Auditor General, the distinguished and Honorable Thomas E. Cochran of York, was paraded in large letters—then came the name of that other equally distinguished (*only more so*) individual the Honorable Alexander K. McClure, from whose *valuable* presence great results were to be expected—and then followed that of the other Honorable, E. McPherson, whom our friend of the *Sentinel* expects some day soon to have elected Governor or President, having already secured him a seat in Congress. Even with such inducements held out for "good speaking," the "crowd" was a very slim one, a part only of one corner of the Diamond being occupied by them, including quite a number of Democrats, whose curiosity attracted them. So we are informed, at least.

The first speaker was Mr. Cochran. He occupied about an hour, and in that incredibly brief space of time managed to ride his two favorite hobbies to death—the "nigger" and the "tariff." The subjects were dry, and he handled them in his dryest manner, it *is* said—probably because he was treated so dryly by the country people, in staying at home. When he sat down everybody said "good!"—said so because he had finished.

Then followed the would-be Senator, McClure, who talked of the sale of the Public Works, and of what immense consequence he was in that business. "Extra Pay" was also taken up, and handled just as the *Star* has been handling it for several weeks. He tried his hand at a joke or two, but finding his audience entirely wanting in appreciation of wit, he *dried up!* They wouldn't laugh, and McClure sensibly resolved to keep his wares for a better market.

McPherson managed to put through an hour on his favorite subject, the *Compiler*—trying to split a saw-log with a jack-knife—when he found his hearers thinned down to about a score, and he naturally subsided. If correctly reported, there was about one word of truth to every twenty of error, taking the speech in the aggregate. So ended what the Opposition papers will term an "immense demonstration!"

☞What a purely disinterested soul the editor of the *Sentinel* is, to be sure! Years ago, before he joined in the support of Know Nothing and Black Republican candidates, his party had the Commissioner and Director Boards. *Then* he didn't think it necessary to have a Democrat in either, to act as a "check." *Now*, when men of equally stern integrity, high-toned character and known economy, fill these Boards, he appears to think there ought to be a "check." Why this "change of front?" Simply because that *then* the Boards were of his own party—*now* they are composed of Democrats! The editor's pecuniary interests are involved, and hence his disinterested counsel. *His* ox is gored!

☞The editor of the *Sentinel* seems to be determined that if MCCLURE and MCPHERSON are not considered *very great men*, it shall be no fault of his. How *could* the State get along without them?

Probably they could be induced—all for the public good, be it understood—to accept higher honors.

Local Affairs.

The Democratic Band Chariot.

The new Chariot of the Democratic Citizen's Band made its appearance on our streets on Tuesday afternoon last, and created a decided sensation. The Band, in full force, occupied its seats, and discoursed a number of airs in such charming style as to delight its friends and wring praises from the Opposition. With first rate instruments, fine musical talents, and a desire to become proficient, the Band must soon attain rank among the best in the Commonwealth. We heartily wish them all success.

The Chariot is a vehicle such as few out of Gettysburg would suppose the place capable of getting up. We have never seen, here nor in the cities, anything to surpass, if to equal, it. To describe minutely the beauty and admirable design of the various paintings and ornaments would require the pen of the artist himself—(Mr. George Seiling, of Reading.) We will merely glance at it. The large back pannel contains a portrait of the "Father of his Country," with surroundings of great richness and in good taste; each of the sides contains in front, a strikingly fine representation of a sea-horse—the head, neck and breast being horse—the body and tail fish—and the feet webbed, as of the duck. Following the horse is seen a magnificent sea-chariot, the whole giving the idea of Neptune's team, ready for a drive upon the waves. The "dash" is highly ornamental, surrounded with a plated rail, while the driver's seat is surmounted by a pair of splendid silver lamps, among the best that are made. The running-part is in correct keeping with the body, built in the most substantial manner, yet neatly, and painted in faultless taste—pure white, with blue stripes and delicate red lines. All the workmen concerned in getting up the vehicle may well be proud of their work, as every piece of it is just what it ought to be—first-rate. It is supposed, by those who ought to know, that the building of the Chariot in any of the cities would have cost at least $800.

The Chariot was first taken to the Heidlersburg meeting, on Tuesday evening, and since that to all the meetings as named on the list. Everywhere it is received with the highest demonstrations of admiration. Crowds follow it, and spend almost hours in viewing its various beauties—for in all its parts it will bear close inspection.

—"Our Wagon" goes to demonstrate the old fact still further and further, that "some things may be done as well as others."

Bridges Injured.

The Commissioners have made an inspection of the injury done to the County Bridges by the late flood, and find it to be quite heavy. The stone structure across the Conowago at Cole's saw-mill, is nearly down, and will require a new Bridge immediately. The Bridge near Black's mill was greatly damaged, but is being repaired. The Bridges at Myers's and Stambaugh's mills, near New Chester, also suffered by the washing down of wing walls; indeed, the Bridges in all quarters have been injured more or less. The necessary repairs are, however, being made as speedily as practicable.

Dan Rice's Great Show!

It will be seen by reference to an advertisement in another column that DAN RICE, the great wit and humorist, will visit this place TO-MORROW, with his superb equestrian company, and give two entertainments, one in the afternoon and one in the evening of that day. Who has not heard of Dan Rice, one of the greatest of living humorists? his name is as familiar to every man, woman and child in the land as household words. He is on his last tour through the country, and his numerous admirers should, therefore, not fail to go to hear the inimitable jester for the last time and enjoy a hearty laugh. During the performance DAN will deliver his farewell address and give some appropriate commentaries on the topics of the day. Other interesting features of this exhibition are the performances of the educated mules and the wonderful acts of the "Talking Horse Excelsior," which to be believed must be seen!—Blondin is to be outrivalled in his feats on the tight rope by Lalla Rookh, the dancing Elephant, which with the other novelties to be introduced, will make up a most wonderful and interesting exhibition. The performers are among the best in the country, and the whole forming a most brilliant constellation. The Cavalcade will enter town about 10 o'clock in the morning.

There will no doubt be a large turn out from the country on this occasion, and in order to procure comfortable seats, persons should go early.

☞Three fatal cases of Tetanus, or lock-jaw, have occurred in this place during the last few months. First we recorded the death of a son of Mr. Samuel Herbst; last week that of a son of Mr. A. B. Prior, who accidently injured his foot at the Railroad Turn-table; and this week it is our melancholy duty to record another from the same disease (lock-jaw,) that of Mr. Michael Meals. Some two weeks ago he ran a nail into his foot—symptoms of Tetanus soon appeared, and on Friday he died. His age was about 34 years, and he leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss. His remains were interred in Ever Green Cemetery yesterday—followed to the grave by the Independent Blues, Odd Fellows, Red Men, and the Gettysburg Beneficial Associations, in all of which he held membership. It was the largest funeral ever had in this place.

☞Wm. A. Duncan, Esq., has opened a Law office in the Diamond, in the rooms formerly occupied by D. Wills, Esq. See his card in another column. Business entrusted to him will be attended to promptly and faithfully, as he is a gentleman of ability, honesty and integrity.

☞The Rev. Samuel A. Holman, of Harrisburg, and late of our Seminary, has received and accepted a call to take charge of a Lutheran congregation in Pottsville. If we mistake not, he will be a faithful and acceptable pastor.

☞Mr. Abraham Linah, near Heidlersburg, has sold his farm to Mrs. Polly Stephens, for $200.

Maj. Samuel Lohr has sold his farm, 100 acres, in Franklin township, to Mr. Eli Hartman, for $5,000.

☞Advertisements of Frank Hersh, G. F. Becker and Wm. Wright go over to next issue, as notice to insert them reached us too late for the present.

☞Mr. John Stock exhibited to us, at New Oxford, on Saturday, a mammoth Potatoe, weighing 2 pounds, and measuring 17½ inches in circumference one way and 11 inches the other.

"The largest and best meeting of all was at Bendersville last night."—*Star.*

☞A person who went with the Opposition delegation from this to Bendersville informs us that the meeting numbered less than *two hundred persons!* If this was *the best*, what must the rest have been? The people of Adams do not seem to have a better opinion of Know Nothingism and Black Republicanism combined, than they had of the former unadulterated.

☞The *Sentinel*, taking the cue from the *Star*, says the "Appropriation Bill contained no provision continuing the $700 salary." If this be true, then Mr. Durborow did nothing at all in regard to the "extra pay," which he promised to try to have repealed—because in no other Bill is there any provision made for the payment of members!—The *Star* and the *Sentinel* are "affectionately requested" to point to any other, *if they can!*

☞The *Star* managers will go any length in falsehood and misrepresentation to elect Samuel Durboraw. They are even trying to impose the belief upon the public that the $700 pay to members of the Legislature commenced in 1858, when Mr. Will was a member. This is a rank untruth. In 1857, during Mr. Musselman's term, the pay was allowed—when the Know Nothings had the Senate, and the Governor, Pollock, *who signed the Bill.* Thus it will be seen that "the collar is on the other horse."

A Full Vote is a Democratic Victory!

The *Star* managers, or Superior Councillors of Know Nothingism, flatter themselves with the hope that whilst the turn out of their own party at the polls will be full, that of the Democrats may not be so. In certain quarters their minions are already telling Democrats that the "election will be a small one"—that "it is of very little consequence, anyhow"—and that they "believe they won't go themselves," &c. This is all gammon. They expect thus to humbug a few Democrats into staying at home, whilst they slip off in the evening, just in time to vote before the closing of the polls! Fellow Democrats, there is one sure way of heading off these sly fellows: *Let every one of you go to the polls*—go in good time, so that no accident of an ordinary character may prevent your getting there—*put in your votes,* and then all will be safe. With a fair turn out, victory upon the Democratic banner is CERTAIN—SURE!

☞In reply to our charge of Durboraw's *dodging* on the Appropriation Bill, the *Sentinel* says, "If he had been absent, and not voted, there could have been no force in the charge, for the bill, in its then shape, contained no such provision as the *Compiler* mentions."

☞It contained a provision to pay the members their salary, which was fixed at $700, and *which Mr. Durboraw pledged himself to vote for the repeal of!* The section (the 4th) proposing no reduction, of course THE $700 PAY CONTINUED! If not, how was it that Samuel Durboraw drew his $700 for last winter's session. Answer us *that.*

☞McClure's speech, in the Legislature, in 1857, *in favor of the Extra Pay,* plagues the Know Nothing managers mightily. They cannot deny it, for it was published, in plain white and black, in his own paper at Chambersburg at the time.

Special Notices.

NERVOUS DISEASES CONTROLLED AND CONQUERED.—Of all the various ills that detract from the enjoyment of human life, most of them may be traced to a disordered condition of the nervous system. The horrors of Epilepsy, or Falling Sickness, arise in most cases from this cause. "Our readers may remember, on several occasions before, we have alluded to the wonderful cures, or modifications of Fits, made by the Vegetable Epileptic Pills, invented and prepared by Dr. Seth S. Hance, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. We feel fully satisfied that these Pills have cured some of the most stubborn cases of Epilepsy, as well as the milder forms of Fits, such as severe Cramps, Spasms, &c. We now record the fact, that persons will find these Pills equally efficacious in curing every form of nervous debility;—no matter whether manifested in the acute and excruciating form of Neuralgia, Tic-Doloreux, or Nervous Headache, the misery of Dyspepsia or Indigestion, the sufferings of Rheumatism or Gout, the melancholy hallucination of depressed spirits or hysteria, their effects will be equally happy and certain. Persons in the country, can write to the inventor, and have the medicine forwarded to them by mail. The prices are, one box, $3; two boxes $5; twelve boxes $24; and sent to any part of the country, free of postage. Direct your communications to Seth S. Hance, 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. [Sept. 5. 1m

THE OXYGENATED BITTERS.—The qualities of this medicine have placed it upon an imperishable foundation

In destroying disease, and inducing health it has no parallel

For the following Complaints these Bitters are a Specific, viz:—Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Heart Burn, Acidity, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Headache, and General Debility.

In many sections of our country this preparation is extensively used by physicians in their practice, and it seems to have restored many to health, who were apparently beyond the reach of the healing art.

Subjoined are a few tributes from well-known physicians:

Mansfield, Tioga co., Pa., Aug. 26, 1858.

I have used the Oxygenated Bitters in my practice with decided success in debility and general prostration, &c., and confidently recommend it in General Debility, and diseases of the digestive organs. F. H. WHITE, M. D.

Auburn, N. Y., Sept 6, 1858.

Gentlemen:—I have been in the drug business the last fifteen years, and have never sold a medicine which has given such great satisfaction in cases of Dyspepsia as the Oxygenated Bitters, and in this disease I always recommend it. H. G. FOWLER.

Burlington, Vt., Nov. 12, 1854.

Gentlemen:—I am pleased to state, that I have tried the Oxygenated Bitters for Indigestion and Debility, and found immediate relief from using only a part of a bottle. I have the greatest confidence in it as a cure for Dyspepsia and General Debility, and recommend it with much pleasure. Yours, &c., JAMES LEWIS, M. D.

Prepared by Seth W. Fowle & Co., Boston, and for sale by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg; Jacob Fulweiler, Mummasburg; M. Shater, New Oxford; D. E. Hollinger, Abbottstown; William Wolf, East Berlin; Peter Bobilitz, Hampton; Wm. R. Metcalf, York Springs; James A. Elder, Emmitsburg; and by all dealers in medicines. [Sept. 5. 4w

DR. HAMPTON'S COMPOUND DIURETIC PILLS, are highly recommended by eminent Physicians, as a safe, certain, speedy and permanent cure for Gravel, Strictures and all other diseases or derangement of the bladder and kidneys. Price Fifty cents per box.—Sent to any address free on receipt of price. Address DR. J. T. HAMPTON & CO., No. 405 Spruce street, Philadelphia.
Also, Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Dr. Hampton's Anti-Rheumatic Mixture,
" " Medicated Cough Syrup,
The Great Desideratum or Hair Restorer.
Aug. 29, 1859. 2m

☞Persons wishing to change their business to a rapidly increasing country, a new settlement where hundreds are going—where the climate is mild and delightful—see avd. of the Hammonton Settlement in another column.

☞Persons wishing to establish Manufactories in a new and thriving place where business is good, see advertisement of the Hammonton Settlement.

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—Saturday last.

Superfine Flour	5 00
Rye Flour	3 50
Wheat	1 00 to 1 15
Corn	70
Rye	70
Oats	30
Buckwheat	50
Buckwheat Meal	2 00
Clover Seed	4 50 to 5 00
Timothy Seed	1 75
Flax Seed	1 20
Barley	60
Plaster of Paris	6 50
Plaster ground, per bag	95

BALTIMORE—Friday last.

Flour	5 00 to 5 50
Wheat	1 12 to 1 50
Rye	78 to 90
Corn	84 to 86
Oats	33 to 41
Clover Seed	5 40 to 5 50
Timothy Seed	2 25 to 2 50
Beef Cattle, per hund	4 50 to 8 25
Hogs, per hund	7 00 to 8 25
Hay	13 00 to 17 00
Whiskey	27 to 28
Guano, Peruvian, per ton	62 00

HANOVER—Thursday last.

Flour, from wagons	5 00
Do. from stores	5 50
Wheat	1 10 to 1 20
Rye	75
Corn	73
Oats	35
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 75
Plaster	6 50

YORK—Friday last.

Flour, from wagons	5 00
Do. from stores	5 75
Wheat	1 05 to 1 20
Rye	75
Corn	75
Oats	35
Clover Seed	5 00
Timothy Seed	1 75
Plaster	6 50

Married.

On Tuesday, 27th ult., by the Rev. E. H. Hoffheins, Mr. JACOB W. BAUGHER, of York, Pa., to Miss ELMIRA J. KLING, of Dover, York county, Pa.

On the 22d ult., in Fairfield, by the Rev. J. R. Warner, Mr. ANDREW MARSHALL to Miss HELLEN M. KNOX, both of Fairfield.

Died.

In California, on the 23d of August last, JOHN DAVIS, Esq., of Emmitsburg, Md., aged about 50 years.

At Schenectady, N. Y., on Wednesday week, HARRIET A., daughter of Dr. C. H. Van Patten, aged 2 years.

On the 20th ult., MARY JANE, daughter of Alexander and Lavina Little, aged 2 years 1 month and 26 days.

On the 26th ult., at her residence, at Marsh Creek Mills, Adams county, Pa., Mrs. LIDDIE MYERS, aged 39 years, 7 months and 23 days.

On the 17th of May, 1859, WILLIAM ORR, of Hamiltonban township, in the 69th year of his age.

On the 19th of June, JOHN ORR, of the same township, in the 75th year of his age.

On the 15th of September, THOMAS ORR, of the same township, in the 78th year of his age.

On Friday morning last, MARIA, daughter of Alex. and M. Shorb, of Mountpleasant township, aged about 12 years.

Look Out for Roorbacks!

Upon the eve of the election we may expect to find all manner of stories and slanders circulated throughout the county against the gentlemen on our ticket. Likely the *Star* and *Sentinel* will indulge their inclinations to the fullest extent just previous to the election. Let Democrats be prepared for them. *Look out for the Roorbacks!* AND BRAND THEM AS THEY DESERVE.

REMEMBER,

That A. K. McCLURE, in 1857, not only voted for, but made a flaming speech in favor of $200 Extra Pay!

☞The only effect that the *open* Know Nothing meetings seem to have, is to arouse the Democracy. "Let 'er rip!"

To Bridge Builders.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Commissioners of Adams county, until 2 o'clock, P. M., on *Saturday, the 15th day of October inst,* for building a Wooden Bridge across Great Conowago Creek, upon the site of the old Stone Bridge, near Cole's Saw Mill, on the Shippensburg Road. The Bridge is to be built after the style of "Burr's Patent," one span 50 feet long.

☞Plans and specifications can be seen at the Commissioners' Office in Gettysburg.

JOSIAH BENNER,
JACOB RAFFENSPERGER,
DANIEL GEISELMAN,
Commissioners of Adams county.
Attest—J. M. Walter, Clerk.
Oct. 3, 1859. td

9 Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Mountpleasant township, will meet at Brush Run School-house, *on Saturday, the 22d of October inst,* at 1 o'clock, P. M., to employ 9 teachers to take charge of said Schools four months.

EGBERT ECKERT, Sec'y.
Oct. 3, 1859. td

Wm. A. Duncan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.—Office in the North-west corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa. [Oct. 3, 1859. tf

Valuable Real Estate

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscribers, Executors of Abraham Snyder, deceased, will offer at public sale, *on Saturday, the 22d day of October inst.*, on the premises, that desirable FARM, on which decedent resided upwards of twenty years, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county Pa., adjoining lands of George Meckley, Peter Miller, Anthony Deardorff, Samuel Deardorff and David Hoover, containing 202 ACRES, more or less, with good proportions of Timber and Meadow. The improvements consist of a two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Cooper Shop, and other out-buildings; two never-failing wells of water, one at the house, and the other at the barn; an excellent apple Orchard, with a variety of other choice fruit. Conowago Creek runs through the Farm, and there are also two springs on the property. The fences, mostly of chesnut rails, are good, and the land is in a good state of cultivation, two-thirds of it having been limed.—Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on either of the Executors, the first named residing in Hamilton township, and the last named in Straban township, near New Chester.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN SNYDER,
FREDERICK HOLTZ,
Executors.

☞If not sold, the Farm will be Rented at public outcry on said day.
Oct. 3, 1859. ts

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 3, 1859.

Allison Elizabeth 2	Hovey James
Allison William	Hullinger Miss Lizzie
Anderson Catharine Mrs.	Hartman Miss Maggie
Aken Miss Mary Jane	Hohn Mrs. Nancy
Bozman Clarissa	Jameson Charles
Bowen Mrs. Miriam	King Sarah
Baker W.	Kitt Mr.
Bradley Wm.	Little Miss Mary A.
Batcheller	Little A. W.
Brown Mrs. Sarah	Lucket Basil
Bigest David	Morris Rev. John G. D.D.
Becker Samuel	Murturff Miss Ellen
Cooper Hon. James	McMurdy David R.
Camp Rev. Chas.	Parsons Virgil
Corlett Mrs. M. F. 2	Row Geo. W.
Cluck H.	Raffensperger Daniel
Diller Michael	Robinson Reuben
Diehl Elijah	Stonch Eliza
Deardorff John	Snyder Philip
Essick Miss Mary	Staltz Granville
Forsyth John	Snyder Hannah
Finkbiner Samuel S.	Zibser Rev. R. A.
Guyer John M. 2	German Letter.
Gaddis Henry W.	Johonas Miller.
George Edward	

GEORGE GEYER, *P. M.*

☞Persons calling for letters in the above list will please say they were advertised.

Valuable Tract of Land,

AT PUBLIC SALE.—The subscriber will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Wednesday, the 12th of October inst.*, the property on which he resides, being A SMALL FARM, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Samuel Swope, Alexander Shorb and others, containing 86 Acres, more or less, having thereon a Two-story FRAME HOUSE, with Back-building, Double Log Barn, Smoke House, Bake House, and other out-buildings, a spring of never-failing water near the door, with excellent fruit of all kinds on the premises. About 12 acres are Woodland and 10 acres Meadow. About 2800 bushels of lime have been put upon the Farm.

The tract will be offered entire, or from 40 to 60 acres, with the buildings, to suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

B. F. HAGARMAN.
Oct. 3, 1859. ts

Lots of New Goods.

GEO. ARNOLD has just received from the city a large lot of cheap CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Coatings, Sack and other Flannels, Men's and Women's Shawls, and Cloaks, together with a variety of LADIES' DRESS GOODS. Call and see them. They will be sold cheap for the money.

Gettysburg, Oct. 3, 1859.

New Fall and Winter Goods,

AT A. SCOTT & SON'S NEW STORE.—We have just received our stock of goods suitable for the Fall and Winter sales, to which we invite the attention of buyers—which for beauty and price cannot be surpassed—among which may be found a variety of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, of new and fashionable designs, Shawls, Bonnets, Trimmings, &c., &c.—Our stock of DOMESTIC GOODS is also full and complete. For MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR, we have a variety of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, &c., of various styles and prices.—Also, GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE.—Having purchased our goods at low prices for cash, we are enabled to sell them at prices to suit the times. All we ask is an examination of our stock before purchasing. Thankful for past encouragement, we hope by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit, as well as receive, a continuance of the same, as well as lots of new. Our motto is, "Quick sales and small profits."

Oct. 3, 1859. A. SCOTT & SON.

Cheap Clothing.

GEO. ARNOLD has now got up his stock of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING—all sizes and of every variety. Over Coats, Dress Coats, Monkey Jackets, Vests, Pantaloons, Drawers, Shirts, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest for the money. Call and see them. [Oct. 3, '59.

FANCY BONNETS and trimmings, very handsome—call and see them at the store of GEO. ARNOLD.

STONE FRUIT JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, &c., at A. SCOTT & SON'S.

Peremptory Sale

OF REAL ESTATE.—On the 14th of October next, I will sell at Public Vendue, at Maria Furnace, near Millerstown, Adams county, the following described Real Estate, viz:

1st. The MANSION FARM, on which the Furnace was erected, containing 120 acres, more or less. The quality of the land is naturally excellent, but has been badly cultivated. It has a fine overshot water power with a fine Mill House. On it are erected a two-story Stone Dwelling House, large Barn, Stables, Smoke-house, Grain-house, and other out-buildings.

2d. Three Houses and Lots, near the Furnace, each having about 1 acre of ground belonging to them. Also one House and Lot near C. Fry's, containing 6 acres, more or less.

3d. The McClelland Tract, which is divided as follows:

No. 1. Containing 17 acres and 50 perches; No. 5. 16 acres and 32 perches; No. 6. 19 acres and 35 perches; No. 7. 19 acres; No. 8. 16 acres and 80 perches; No. 9. 22 acres and 93 perches.

The Welty Tract which is divided as follows: No. 1. Containing 29 acres; No. 2. 20 acres; No. 3. 25 acres; No. 11. 11 acres, more or less.

The Miller Tract, divided as follows:

No. 9. Containing 34 acres and 80 perches; No. 10. 32 acres and 31 perches; No. 11. 27 acres and 66 perches; No. 12. 20 acres and 54 perches; No. 13. 29 acres and 40 perches; No. 14. 23 acres and 72 perches; No. 15. 25 acres; No. 16. 26 acres; No. 17. 24 acres; No. 18. 25 acres; No. 19. 25 acres; No. 20. 22 acres; No. 21. 26 acres; No. 22. 25 acres; No. 23. 25 acres; No. 24. 25; No. 25. 25 acres; No. 26. 25 acres, No. 27. 25 acres; No. 28. 25 acres; No. 29. 30 acres; No. 30. 39 acres; No. 31. 30 acres; No. 32. 30 acres; No. 33. 30 acres.

The Cochran Tract, divided as follows:

No. 1. Containing 14 acres and 80 perches; No. 2. 10 acres and 110 perches; No. 3. 19 acres and 4 perches; No. 4. 17 acres and 77 perches; No. 5. 15 acres and 50 perches; No. 6. 15 acres; No. 7. 11 acres and 112 perches; No. 8. 31 acres and 101 perches; No. 9. 21 acres and 94 perches; No. 10. 25 acres and 123 perches; No. 11. 26 acres 40 perches; No. 12. 30 acres and 35 perches; No. 13. 18 acres and 129 perches; No. 14. 21 acres and 45 perches; No. 15. 19 acres.

Most of the above lots are well covered with young and thriving Chesnut, fit for cutting, interspersed with a sufficient quantity of Locust for posts.

The terms are: one-half of the purchase money on the 1st of April, 1860, and the balance on the 1st of April, 1861, to be secured to the satisfaction of the undersigned. If security be given for the payment of the purchase money immediate possession of the lots will be given.

☞The sale to commence precisely at 10 o'clock, on the morning of said day. The sale will be absolute. Every lot on which there is a bid will be struck off without regard to price. A plot of the land will be prepared and exhibited to those wishing to purchase.

THADDEUS STEVENS.
Oct. 3, 1859.

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED Proposals for the erection of a DWELLING HOUSE for the President of Penn'a. College, upon the College Grounds, will be received until Saturday, the 22d of October inst. The plan of the building, specifications, &c., may be seen and examined at the office of M. & W. McClean, on and after the 8th day of October.

MOSES McCLEAN,
SAMUEL FAHNESTOCK,
GEORGE SHRYOCK,
H. L. BAUGHER,
H. S. HUBER,
Oct. 3, '59. td Building Committee.

ABRAHAM SCOTT. J. HARVEY SCOTT.

A. Scott & Son,

DEALERS in Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Queensware, Groceries, &c., &c., opposite "Eagle Hotel," Chambersburg street.

Real Estate for Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, will be offered at Public Sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 22d of October next*, the real estate of Henry Mummert, deceased, consisting of A TRACT OF PATENTED LAND, situate in Hamilton township, Adams county, containing 62 Acres, more or less, adjoining lands of John Hoffheins, John Mummert, George Jacobs, John Klunk, and others, on which are erected a Frame Two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE and Kitchen, Frame Barn, Carpenter Shop, and other improvements, with a pump of good water near the house, and one in the barn-yard, and a thriving Orchard of all kinds of fruit. There is a sufficient proportion of Meadow and Timberland. The farm is in a good state of cultivation. Part of it has been limed. The property lies on the Turnpike between Abbottstown and East Berlin, about midway, and is convenient to Churches and School-houses.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

HENRY MUMMERT,
SOLOMON MUMMERT,
Adm'rs of the estate of Henry Mummert, dec'd.
By the Court—H. G. Wolf, Clerk.
Sept. 26, 1859. ts

Notice.

Adams county, ss.

AT an Orphan's Court, held at Gettysburg, for said county, *on the 20th day of September,* 1859, present the Hon. Robert J. Fisher, President, and Hons. David Ziegler and Isaac E. Wierman, Esqs., Associate Judges, on motion of M. & W. McClean, Esqs., a Rule was granted upon all the heirs and legal representatives, and all persons interested in the estate, of Nicholas Munshower, late of Cumberland township, in said county, deceased, requiring them to be and appear at an Orphan's Court, to be held at the Court-house, in Gettysburg, in said county, *on the third Monday of (21st) November next,* then and there to accept or refuse the estate of the said decedent at the valuation thereof; and in case the heirs and legal representatives and all persons interested in the estate of the said decedent, neglect or refuse to take the same, then to show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be sold according to law. By the Court,

Sept. 26, 1859. H. G. WOLF, *Clerk.*

Register's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphan's Court of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, *on Wednesday, the 26th of October next,* at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

145. The supplemental account of Dr. T. N. Haller, Administrator of the estate of Robert McIlvain, late of Hamilton township, deceased.

146. The third and final account of George Slagle, one of the Executors of George Slagle, deceased.

147. The third and final account of Elias Slagle, one of the Executors of George Slagle, deceased.

148. The first account of Emanuel Brough and Andrew Brough, testamentary Trustees of Abraham Brough, under the will of John Brough, deceased.

149. The first account of Jeremiah Slaybaugh and Jacob Sandoe, Executors of Baltzer Guinter, deceased.

150. The first and final account of Wm. McClean, Administrator of the estate of Esther S. Pace, deceased.

ZACHARIAH MYERS, *Register.*
Register's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 26, 1859.

Public Sale.

THE subscribers, Administrators of the estate of Daniel Fickes, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, in Huntington township, Adams county, about 1 mile from Petersburg, (Y. S.,) *on Thursday, the 6th day of October next*, the following valuable Personal Property, viz: HORSES, Cows and Young Cattle, 1 Fat Bull, Fat and Stock Hogs, 2 Wagons, Threshing Machine, Ploughs, Harrows, Winnowing Mill, Cultivators, Sled and Sleighs, Horse Gears, Rakes, Forks, &c.; 1 Carriage, 1 Rockaway Buggy, nearly new; 1 sett of Blacksmith Tools, a large lot of new Cultivators; Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats and Cloverseed by the bushel; about 40 tons of Hay; with Household and Kitchen Furniture.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

ISAAC E. WIERMAN,
JOSIAH FICKES,
Sept. 26, 1859. ts *Adm'rs.*



Dan Rice's

GREAT SHOW!—Superb Equestrian Company and Zoological Entertainments!—The great Show will give Two Grand Exhibitions, Afternoon and Evening, at GETTYSBURG, TUESDAY, OCT. 4th. Performance at half-past 2 and half-past 7, P. M. Admission only 25 cents. No half-price.

This reduction, less than it has hitherto been, is made uniform in order to afford the public the only opportunity they will ever have of seeing the greatest of Living Humorists! this being DAN RICE'S FAREWELL TOUR!

Those who never saw him, should see him now,
Before he makes his last and farewell bow!

This establishment returns thanks for the generous patronage which has already been so frequently bestowed while under its previous management, and is gratified to say, that while the series of entertainments are multiplied to almost an incredible number, its new resources of Artists and Appointments are undoubtedly of the best and most judicious selection—each artist being himself a Star—the whole forming A BRILLIANT CONSTELLATION!

Every attractive feature known to the palmy days of the Great Show, will still characterize its existence. The distinguished humorist, DAN RICE, will positively appear at every performance, and to add to the effect of each he will lecture and give appropriate commentaries upon the topics of the day.

To illustrate the graceful and rapid strides of the new school of Lady Equestrianism, MRS. DAN RICE will appear on her favorite racer, Daniel Webster and the Milk White Steed, Surry. Another interesting feature of the exhibition is the remarkable TRAINED ANIMALS, reduced from their native wildness to the docility characterizing domestic favorites of their species. The ROMAN BROTHERS, Messrs. John Murray and George Holland, have just returned from their foreign tour crowned with laurels, and will appear in their classic and striking grouping, poses, and tableaux.

The irresistible Julian Kent will present his farcical interludes, and peculiar oddities. Miss Estella Barclay, the much admired juvenile equestrienne and charming vocalist. Thomas Canham, leader of the Keystone Band—unequalled as Chief d'Orchestra—since the dejoin of Julian and Musard.

The Animal Wonders and Zoological Curiosities consist of the RHINOCEROS, "GEN. PUTNAM!" or, Unicorn of the Bible, which, in all times, "has been considered untamable"—Dr. Livingstone, the great African Explorer, endorses this opinion. But this animal will be turned loose into the arena, and perform incredible feats; proving, by its tame submission, that what could not be done in the past, is accomplished.

The Dancing Elephant, LALLA ROOKH, another intance of animal sagacity, rendered graceful by training; she will positively WALK THE TIGHT ROPE. The GOAT OF SYRIA, in his various feats. The various Breeds of Horses will excite special attention. The performance will open with a cavalcade, entitled 4 Quarters of the Globe. The Talking Horse EXCELSIOR, who is not dead, the various reports to the contrary notwithstanding, will perform those wonderful acts, which, to believe must be seen. The American Mustang, Eureka, or the Wild Denizen of the ranche. Lady Margaret, whose superior beauty and muscular development, and imposing action are exhibited by the expert Kentuckian, Charles Reed. Six Dapple Greys together in the Arena, under the control of John H. Murray. Rebecca and Rachel, guided by the skilful youth, Mast. Fred. Barclay.

THE EDUCATED MULES, Pete and Barney Duffy, are the only animals of the kind that can perform all that is claimed for them. It has cost Mr. Rice years of training, and a rigid course of discipline, to bring them to their present condition. They are the Great Comics of the age.

THE GRAND CAVALCADE, consisting of the entire retinue of the Establishment, and the Animals' GREAT DEN, drawn by twenty black Pennsylvania Horses, will enter town about 10, A. M., accompanied by the KEYSTONE BRASS BAND, led by the exquisite bugler, Prof. Canham.

C. H. CASTLE, Agent.
Sept. 26, 1859.

Public Sale

OF REAL ESTATE.—In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of George Clark, Esq., deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, on *Thursday, the 20th day of October next,* the real estate of said decedent, as follows:

No. 1. A LOT AND A HALF OF GROUND, situate in East Berlin, Adams county, adjoining lots of Geo. Spangler, fronting on King street and bounded by an alley, with a Two-story Frame HOUSE, Log Stable, and other improvements.

No. 2. A LOT OF GROUND, in the addition to East Berlin, bounded by lots of Michael Stambaugh, Second street, lot of Geo. Baker, Esq., and an alley.

No. 3. A LOT OF GROUND, situate in Hamilton township, Adams county, near the second described lot, adjoining lots of Catharine Resser, John Hartley and Wm. Wolf.

The first described property is in a central location and very desirable for a residence or business. There is a variety of bearing fruit trees on the same, and a pump of good water near the kitchen door.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOHN H. AULABAUGH, *Ex'r.*
By the Court—H. G. Wolf, *Clerk.*
Sept. 26, 1859. 3t

Postponed Sale.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphan's Court of Adams county, the subscriber, Administrator of Philip Coll, deceased, will offer at public sale, on the premises, *on Saturday, the 15th day of October next,* the Real Estate of said decedent, viz: A FARM, situate in Liberty township, Adams county 3 miles west of Emmitsburg, adjoining lands of heirs of Hon. James McDivit, heirs of Maxwell Shields, and others, containing 164 ACRES, more or less, about 30 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and much of the balance is well covered with thriving Chesnut and Rock Oak Timber.—The improvements are a one and a half story LOG HOUSE, Log Barn, a young Orchard of choice fruit, &c.—There are two good Springs near the dwelling. The road from McDivit's Mill to Sabillusville passes through this property.

The property will be offered undivided, or in five parts, containing from 14 to 65 acres, as may suit purchasers. Persons desirous of viewing it are requested to call on the subscriber, residing near Mt. St. Mary's College.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by WM. A. COLL,
Aug. 26, 1859. *Administrator.*

Notice to Assessors.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office, in the borough of Gettysburg, to receive blank assessment Duplicates and the necessary instructions, as follows: The Assessors of Union, Conowago, Berwick tp., Berwick bor., Oxford, Reading, Hamilton, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban, and Mountjoy, will attend *on Wednesday, the 19th of October next;* and the Assessors for Gettysburg, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamiltonban, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntington, and Latimore, will attend *on Thursday, the 20th of October,* 1859. By order of the Commissioners,

J. M. WALTER, *Clerk.*
Sept. 26, 1859, td

Still a Few More

GOOD FARMS IN MARKET.—I will sell from 50 to 200 Acres, in tracts to suit purchasers. They are well supplied with wood, water, fruit trees and good meadows. Any quantity of hay can be made. These properties lie from 1½ to 2 miles east of Gettysburg. For terms call on the subscriber. JOSEPH WIBLE.
Sept. 26, 1859.

A Valuable Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his MANSION FARM, situate on the Chambersburg Turnpike, 1½ miles from Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa. It is a most desirable property, and has been for many years occupied as a Tavern Stand, for which it is well adapted, having every convenience. The Farm contains about 150 Acres, more or less, about 40 acres of which are Timber-land, well covered; the fencing is mostly of chesnut rails and locust stakes, and in good condition. The improvements consist of a large Double Two-Story BRICK HOUSE, a large new Bank Barn, (with three floors,) a large Stone Stable, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib; Stone Tenant House and Blacksmith Shop; two wells of water, one in front and the other in the rear of the large dwelling; three Apple Orchards, with a variety of other fruit, such as peaches, pears, plums, cherries, &c.

Persons wishing to purchase, will please call on the undersigned, residing thereon.

FREDERICK HERR.
Aug. 1, 1859.

Valuable Town Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be offered at public sale, *on Saturday, the 8th day of October next,* on the premises, that DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate on Baltimore street, one door south of the Post Office, in Gettysburg, with alleys on the north and east, and adjoining Prof. Muhlenberg on the south. It consists of a HALF LOT OF GROUND, with a two-story Roughcast DWELLING HOUSE, and a large two-story Brick Back-building, thereon; also a well of water in front and a (partnership) well in the rear of the dwelling.

☞This property was for many years occupied as a Tavern Stand, and is one of the most desirable in the town for business of any kind. A chance to purchase property so central is rarely offered, and capitalists will find it to their interest to attend the sale.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOSIAH BENNER,
Aug. 29, 1859. *Agent for the Owners.*

Fairview Farm

AT PRIVATE SALE.—*A Very Desirable Property.*—This Farm is situated on the Mummasburg Turnpike, adjoins the Borough of Gettysburg, and is in sight of the Railroad Depot, containing 111 Acres and 70 Perches, more or less, 12 Acres of which is covered with Timber and about 20 Acres of Meadow. The improvements are a Two-story Weatherboarded Dwelling HOUSE, with a One-story Back-building, a good Barn, Mechanic's Shop, and other Out-buildings—all in good order. From the Piazza of the House you have a full view of the town, and can see the Cars arriving and departing. The land is mostly red soil, is of good quality, and susceptible of a high state of cultivation. Lime acts well on it, and can always be had at the Railroad Depot, one mile distant, at 12½ cents per bushel. There is a young Apple and Peach Orchard, and a great variety of fruit in the yard. A well of water at the door, and a never-failing Spring at the barn. This property, with very little expense, can be made a very desirable and most beautiful country residence, well calculated for a vineyard and vegetable farm.

☞I will sell cheap and on the most accommodating terms. It will be shown either by Mr. Slentz, living on the premises, or myself, residing in town. GEORGE ARNOLD.
Gettysburg, Pa., Sept. 5, 1859.

Town Property

AT PUBLIC SALE.—Will be offered at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 6th of October next,* on the premises, a LOT OF GROUND, situate on York street, in the Borough of Gettysburg, adjoining property of Hon. S. R. Russell on the west, J. Cooper on the east, and an alley on the north—33 feet of which is improved with a new Two-story Double Brick HOUSE, having two new Brick Back-buildings, with roomy Balconies attached, and Cellar under the whole house. There is on the property an excellent well of water, with a pump in it, a number of thriving young Fruit Trees, Vines, &c.

☞Twenty-seven feet of the Lot are vacant.

☞The property will be sold whole or divided, as may best suit purchasers.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

MARGARET IRWIN.
Sept. 12, 1859. tf

A Valuable Farm

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of William Golden, dec'd., offer at Private Sale, the following Real Estate of said decedent, viz: A valuable FARM, containing 192 Acres, more or less, in Germany township, Adams county, Pa., within 2 miles of Littlestown, adjoining lands of Jacob Klunk, John Rider, Edmund Long, Henry Schwartz, John Sheely, and others—about 60 acres being first-rate Woodland well covered, the balance in good farming condition. About 35 acres are Meadow, and more can easily be made. The improvements are a new Two-story Stone HOUSE, Log Barn, Wagon Shed, a Well of good water near the door of the dwelling, a thriving young Apple Orchard and other fruit. The Farm has been limed over once, and part of it a second time. Beaver and Alloways Creeks pass thro' the Farm, as well as a public road. The Farm is susceptible of division. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on either of the Executors, the first-named residing in Mountjoy township, and the last-named on the premises.

☞Possession and a clear title will be given on the first day of April next.

LEVI GOLDEN,
JACOB ALTHOFF,
Sept. 12, 1859. tf *Executors.*

Notice.

GEORGE WALTER, SEN'S. ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of George Walter, Sen., late of Gettysburg; Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, (the first named residing in Hampton, and the last named in Gettysburg,) they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY A. PICKING,
J. M. WALTER,
Sept. 5, 1859. 6t *Executors.*

Notice.

DANIEL FICKES'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Daniel Fickes, late of Huntington township, Adams co., deceased, having been granted the undersigned, (the first named residing in the same township, and the last named in Lurgan township, Franklin county, Pa.,) they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ISAAC E. WIERMAN,
JOSIAH FICKES,
Sept. 19, 1859. 6t *Administrators.*

Law Blank Store,

NO. 230 Dock Street, Philadelphia.—Established in 1831.—The subscribers respectfully call the attention of the numerous Sheriffs, Prothonotaries, Lawyers, Magistrates and others, to their large stock of Law Blanks, forms, which an experience of nearly 30 years enables them to present with great accuracy of form and neatness of style. Orders solicited. A printed list of our Blanks will be forwarded, on application, free of charge. JOHN CLARK & SON,
230 Dock street, Philadelphia.
Sept. 26, 1859. 1m

House and Lot

FOR SALE.—I will sell a small Dwelling HOUSE AND LOT, on Chambersburg street. Also, several Building Lots in the Borough. GEO. ARNOLD.
Gettysburg, Sept. 12, 1859. tf

Fall Millinery.

MISS McCREARY will open to-morrow a large assortment of BONNETS AND FANCY GOODS, suitable for the season, and invites the ladies to call and examine her assortment, which is composed of the latest and most fashionable styles of the season, and which she is prepared to sell at the very lowest cash prices.
Sept. 19, 1859. 1m

Election Proclamation

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2d of July 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: I, ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby give this public notice to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, on the Second Tuesday of October next, (the 11th,) in the several Districts composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Peter Lingenfelter, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of G. F. Becker, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of Caleb B. Hildebrand, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, at the Public School-house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by Henry Hoffman, in the town of East Berlin.

In the Seventh district, composed of the township of Menallen, in the Public School-house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Straban, at the house of Jacob L. Grass, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Franklin, (including that part recently stricken off from Menallen,) at the house now occupied by Joseph Bennett, in said township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conowago, at the house of John Busbey, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Allen C. Cook, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of Victor Haas, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the public School-house in said township, situate at the cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the public School-house in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough and township of Berwick, at the public School-house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

At which time and places will be elected
One Auditor General of the Commonwealth;
One Surveyor General;
One Member of the State Senate, to represent the Counties of Adams, Franklin and Fulton;
One Member of Assembly;
One County Commissioner;
One County Auditor;
One Director of the Poor;
One County Treasurer;
One County Surveyor;
One District Attorney.

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1849, entitled "An act relative to voting at elections in Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie," viz:

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same—that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Lancaster, Dauphin, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at an election on one slip or ticket:—Provided, That the office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

Section 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

Also—In and by virtue of the 14th section of the act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

Also—That in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 14th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer, from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificates of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then and there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet the third day after the election, which shall be on Friday, the 14th of October aforesaid, at the Court-house, in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes, which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams for any persons for the offices aforesaid. ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 12, '59.

Valuable Town Property,

AT PRIVATE SALE.—I will sell at Private Sale, the property on Chambersburg street, known as the "TEMPERANCE HOUSE." Terms accommodating. GEO. ARNOLD, Agent.
Gettysburg, Sept. 19, 1859. 3t

A Rare Chance

FOR A DRUGGIST.—Dr. L. R. Stonsifer, in consequence of declining health, will dispose of his DRUG STORE, in Littlestown, and asks early offers. The Store is doing a profitable business, which will increase. It is the only one in the place.
Littlestown, Aug. 22, 1859. tf

Strayed.

STRAYED away from the field of the subscriber, in Gettysburg, TWO HEIFERS, one 4 months old and the other a yearling, both red and white spotted. They have been missing about five weeks. DAVID ZIEGLER.
Sept. 19, 1859.

J. Palmer & Co.,

MARKET STREET WHARF, PHILAD'A., dealers in FISH, CHEESE AND PROVISIONS; have constantly on hand an assortment of Dried and Pickled Fish, &c., viz:—Mackerel, Shad, Salmon, Blue Fish, Herring, Codfish, Beef, Pork, Lard, Shoulders, Hams, Sides, Cheese, Beans, Rice, &c.
Sept. 19, 1859. 3m

PANTS—PANTS—PANTS—[illegible] quality, from superfine [illegible] to Cottonades. To secure [illegible] PICKING'S.

COATS! COATS! of Cloth, [illegible] maret, Tweeds, [illegible] &c., sold at astonishingly low prices, at [illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

Baltimore Adv'ts.

Burr Mill Stones



WARRANTED.—R. F. STARR & CO., Cor. of North and Centre Streets, opposite N. C. R. R. Station, Baltimore, Md. Manufacturers of FRENCH BURRS, Importers and Dealers in Burr Blocks, Bolting Cloths, Leather and Gum Beltings, Calcined Plaster, and Mill Irons, of Warranted Quality. Also, Cologne, Cocalico, and Esopus Mill Stones of all sizes. [Feb 7, '59. 1y

L. H. Miller's

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES, Bank Locks, Vault Doors, &c., manufactured in Baltimore.—Persons in want of these articles will find it much to their advantage to purchase from the manufacturer, where they can find a large stock, and have any they desire built to order at a low price.

Miller's Safes and Bank Securities have long been manufactured in New England, where they are considered indispensable to those who want perfect protection from fire and thieves.

For prices, sizes, &c., send for a circular.—Parties ordering safes are requested to return them at my expense if not perfectly satisfactory.

L. H. MILLER,
159 North st., opposite Calvert Station,
June 27, 1859. 1y Baltimore, Md.

James H. Bosley,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Nos. 124 and 126 North Street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

I am prepared to receive and sell on Commission all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. Having an experience of ten years in the Commission business, (and wishing to continue that alone,) I flatter myself that I shall be able to give satisfaction to all who favor me with consignments. Will also attend to filling orders for Groceries, Guano, and all kinds of Fertilizers.
Feb. 14, '59. 1y



Dr. Baakee

TREATS ALL DISEASES.—DR. BAAKEE will give special attention to the following diseases: Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis and all diseases of the Nose, Mouth, Throat and Lungs. Attention to the treatment of all Skin diseases—Lumbago, Lumbar Abscesses, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Dyspepsia, Piles, and all diseases of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels; also all chronic diseases pertaining to Women and Children. Dr. Baakee can produce one thousand certificates of his perfect success in curing Cancers, Old Sores or Ulcers, Fistula, Scald Heads, Wens, Swellings and Tumors of every description and without the use of the knife. These last named diseases cannot be treated by correspondence, therefore the patients must place themselves under the Doctor's personal supervision.

DR. BAAKEE has made a new discovery of a Fluid that will produce perfect absorption of the Cataract, and restore perfect vision to the Eye without the use of the knife or needle, and he cures all diseases of the

EYE AND EAR,

without the use of the knife or needle, and he has constantly on hand an excellent assortment of beautiful Artificial Eyes, and Tympanums, or Ear Drums, suitable for either sex and all ages—inserted in five minutes.

Dr. Baakee is one of the most celebrated and skillful Physicians and Surgeons now living.—His fame is known personally in nearly every principal city in the world. All letters directed to Dr. Baakee, (enclosing ten cents,) asking any questions pertaining to any disease, shall be promptly answered, and all Chronic diseases can be treated by correspondence, except those mentioned, that will require his personal supervision. Office hours from 9 A. M., to 4 P. M.

DOCTOR BAAKEE,
No. 74 Lexington St., between Charles & Liberty,
April 11, '59. [jan.31. 1y] Baltimore, Md.

Baltimore Commercial College

FOUNDED 1852. Chartered 1854. Located COR. OF BALTIMORE & CHARLES STS., Baltimore, Md.

The Largest, Most Elegantly Furnished & Popular Commercial College in the United States.
DESIGNED EXPRESSLY FOR YOUNG MEN Desiring to obtain a thorough Practical Business Education.
Every Young Man has a Counting Desk to himself, and is separately instructed.
STUDENTS IN ATTENDANCE FROM NEARLY EVERY STATE IN THE UNION.
The most Comprehensive and Thorough Course of Study, and the only PRACTICAL METHOD OF INSTRUCTION Are here introduced.
No Copying from Printed or Manuscript Forms in LEARNING BOOK-KEEPING AT THE BALTIMORE COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
This method of instruction is nowhere else introduced in this country.

Every Young Man should write immediately for one of those large and beautiful Ornamental Circulars, representing the exterior and interior view of the College, Penmanship, &c., which will be sent by return mail, *free of charge*, with Catalogue containing list of students, terms of tuition, opinions of the Press on our new system of Book-Keeping, etc.

FACULTY:
E. K. Losier, Principal—Lecturer on the Science of Accounts, Business, Customs, etc.
J. M. Phillips, Professor of Book-Keeping and Commercial Calculations.
H. H. Davies, Associate Prof. of Book-Keeping.
N. C. Johnson, Professor of Penmanship.
S. T. Williams, Esq., Mercantile Law.
Rev. E. Y. Reese, D. D., Commercial Ethics.

TRUSTEES:
Hon. John P. Kennedy, Hon. Joshua Vansant, Hon. Thomas Swann, Wm. H. Keighler, Esq., Jacob Trust, Esq., William Knabe, Esq.

The time usually required to complete the full course, from 8 to 12 weeks.
A Diploma is awarded to all Graduates.
Large Circulars and Catalogues stating terms, &c., sent by mail *free of charge*. Address
E. K. LOSIER, Baltimore, Md.
Feb. 7, 1859. 1y

Money Saved

BY BUYING GROCERIES from
HOOK & BALDWIN,
S. W. corner of Lexington and Green streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.
You save 25 cts. per pound in buying Tea.
You save 50 cts. per barrel in buying Flour.
You save 50 cts. per barrel in buying Fish.
You save from 2 to 3 dollars per 100 pounds in buying Bacon.
You save from 1 to 4 cts. per pound in buying Sugars.
You save from 2 to 6 cts. per pound in buying Coffee.
You save from 2 to 10 cts. per gallon in buying Molasses.
In short you can save money on most every article
In the Grocery line by buying of
HOOK & BALDWIN,
S. W. corner of Lexington and Green sts., Baltimore.
If any body doubts it let them give us
ONE TRIAL,
And if they are not satisfied we will be content that they shall buy somewhere else.
We warrant every article we sell.
We pack all goods securely, and charge nothing for packing.
And if the Goods are not as represented,
They can be returned at our expense.
Persons finding it inconvenient to visit Baltimore,
Can order of us through the Mail and may rely upon having their orders
Promptly and satisfactorily attended to.
☞NO CHARGE FOR DRAYAGE.☜
HOOK & BALDWIN,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
S. W. corner of Lexington and Green sts.,
June 27, 1859. [jan.24. 1y.] Baltimore.

Baltimore Adv'ts.

House Furnishing

GOODS, No. 11 North Howard street, two doors North of the Howard House.—The undersigned, having made large additions to his stock, is prepared to furnish Housekeepers, Country Merchants and others, with such articles as they want, on the very best terms.

BRUSHES: Whitewash, Sweeping, Dusting, Paint, Hair, Tooth, Nail, Silver, Shoe, Scrub and Horse Brushes.

WOODEN-WARE: Such as Tubs, Buckets, Measures, Tar Buckets, Churns, Mauls, Rolling Pins, Butter Prints, &c. Brooms, Baskets, Mats and Cordage. Masser's 5 minute Ice Cream Freezers. Refrigerators, upright and chest—the most approved kinds. Water Coolers, in Wood or Metal. Tin and Wire Safes. Arthur's and other most approved Fruit and Vegetable Preserving Cans, plain Tin-ware, Japanned, Block Tin, Britannia and Plated Ware. Albata Forks and Spoons, Urns, Coffee and Tea Pots, Egg Boilers, Waiters, Chafing Dishes, Knives and Forks, Waffle Irons, Sauce Pans, Scales and Weights, Coffee Mills, Table Castors, Old Dominion Coffee Pots, Shovel and Tongs, Nurse Lamps, Toilet Sets, Foot Tubs, Bath Tubs, Knife Cleaners, Wire Dish Covers, Table Mats, together with a variety of articles useful and necessary to Housekeepers. Rohr & Davis' Patent Excelsior Washing Machines. Plain Tin and Sheet Iron Ware and Brushes of every description, manufactured to order. GEO. A. MILLS,
No. 11 North Howard st., Baltimore, Md.
March 14, 1859. 1y

A. Mathiot & Son's

SOFA AND FURNITURE WAREROOMS, Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street, Baltimore, (near Fayette st.) extending from Gay to Frederick st.—the largest establishment of the kind in the Union. Always on hand a large assortment of HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE, embracing Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Wardrobes, Mattresses of Husk, Cotton and Hair, Spring Beds, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Arm Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Etageres, Marble Tables, Settees, Reception and Upholstered Chairs, ASSORTED COLORS OF COTTAGE FURNITURE, Wood Chairs, Office Chairs, Barber Chairs, Cribs and Cradles, Hat Racks, Hall Furniture, Gilt and Walnut Frame Looking Glasses, Sideboards, Extension Tables, of every length.

Persons disposed to purchase are invited to call and give our stock an examination, which for variety and quality of workmanship is not equalled by any establishment in the country.
A. MATHIOT & SON,
Nos. 25 and 27 N. Gay street.
Aug. 2, 1859. 1y

Wm. Knabe & Co.,

NOS. 1, 3, 5 and 7 North Eutaw Street.—SALESROOM No. 207 Baltimore Street, between Charles and Light—BALTIMORE, Md., Manufacturers of Gold Medal Premium GRAND AND SQUARE PIANO FORTES.

Wm. Knabe & Co. would respectfully invite the attention of the public, and especially those in want of a FIRST CLASS PIANO, to their assorted stock of instruments, which, for power and sweetness of tone, easy and agreeable touch, and beauty of finish, have, by the best of judges, been pronounced unrivaled by any in the country. As to the relative merits of our Pianos, we would refer to the Certificates of Excellence in our possession, from THALBERG, STRAKOSH, G. SATTER and H. VIEUXTEMPS, as also from some of the most distinguished professors and amateurs in the country; also to the following HIGHEST PREMIUMS, received within the last three years: GOLD MEDALS at the Maryland Institute, 1855, 1856, 1857. SILVER MEDALS at the Metropolitan Institute, Washington, 1857; also, MEDAL at the Franklin Institute, Philadelphia, 1856; FIRST PREMIUM at the Mechanics' Institute, Richmond, 1855, 1856. All instruments of our manufacture have the full iron frame, and are guaranteed for FIVE YEARS.

☞Particular attention paid to the selection of Instruments for distant orders, and a privilege of exchange granted at any time within six months, if the instruments should not prove entirely satisfactory. A liberal discount to Clergymen, Teachers and Schools. Terms liberal.

Wholesale dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as by greatly increased facilities, we are enabled to fill all orders with dispatch.

☞Constantly on hand, a large assortment of MELODEONS, from the best Factories.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS at Great Bargains, at prices from $30 to $150. Pianos Exchanged, Hired and Tuned.

A call is respectfully solicited.
WILLIAM KNABE & CO.
January 17, 1859. 1y

First Premium

ENAMELLED COTTAGE FURNITURE.—R. W. HEYWOOD, No. 10½ North Charles street, Baltimore, having been engaged for the last 17 years in the manufacture and sale of the above desirable Furniture, suited to country residences, has on hand a large variety, manufactured expressly for retail sales.

Also, Oak and Walnut Chamber Sets, Oak and Walnut Extension Tables, Dining Room and Fancy Chairs, Sideboards, Hair and Husk Mattresses, Feather Pillows and Bolsters, &c., &c.
March 21, 1859. 1y

DANIEL S. WHITE. JOHN A. SWOPE.

White & Swope,

WHOLESALE Dealers in BOOTS, SHOES, CAPS, & STRAW GOODS; also, in fashionable Moleskin, Silk, Felt and Fur HATS, N. W. Cor. Baltimore and Howard streets, Baltimore, Md. [Nov. 29, 1858.

B. T. Hynson,

UPHOLSTERER, PAPER HANGER, AND VENETIAN BLIND MANUFACTURER, No. 52 North Howard Street, one door above Lexington, BALTIMORE.

Paper Hangings.—Constantly in store, Paper Hangings of every description, and of the latest and most approved patterns. Also, Borders Fire Board Prints, &c.

Venetian Blinds.—Keeps on hand, and manufactures to order, Venetian Blinds of all colors, sizes and qualities, which will compare favorably with any offered to the public.

☞Paper Hanging done in the best style.—Old Blinds repainted and trimmed, or exchanged.
March 7, 1859. 1y

George M. Bokee,

IMPORTER and Dealer in CHINA, GLASS, & QUEENSWARE, No. 41 North Howard St., between Lexington and Fayette Streets, Baltimore, Md. [Dec. 20, 1858. 1y

New & Rich

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE SILVER PLATED WARE, &c.—A. E. WARNER, Gold and Silversmith, No. 10 NORTH GAY STREET, BALTIMORE, MD., has in store a beautiful assortment of styles and patterns of RICH JEWELRY, suitable for presents, embracing a great variety of Plain Gold and Sett Brooches, Mosaics, Carbuncles, &c., Ear-Rings, Bracelets, Finger Rings set with Diamond, Ruby, Pearl, Opal, Emerald, &c., Ladies' Gold Chains, Vest & Guard Chains, Miniature Lockets, Gold Thimbles, Cuff Pins; Signet, Chased and Plain Gold Rings; Pencils and Pens, Sleeve Buttons and Studs, Gold and Jet Crosses, Jet Bracelets, Pins & Ear Rings, &c.

ALSO,

A variety of Silver Mounted & Plated Castors, Cake Baskets, Waiters, Candlesticks, Butter and Salt Stands, Pearl Handle Desert Knives, Spoons, Forks, Ladles, Fancy Articles, &c., all of which is respectfully offered on the lowest terms!

☞The Country Trade and Dealers generally are invited to give me a call, and examine Goods and Prices, being satisfied that my SILVER WARE cannot be surpassed either for fineness or quality, or the latest and most beautiful patterns.
January 17, 1859. 1y

JOHN C. KNELLER. E. A. FRICK.

Kneller & Frick,

FLOUR & PRODUCE Commission and Forwarding Merchants, *North street*, opposite N. C. R. R. Depot, BALTIMORE.
January 17, 1859. 1y

Artists', Painters'

AND PHOTOGRAPHERS' DEPOT.—The subscriber has constantly on hand a full assortment of materials for the use of *Artists, Painters and Photographers.* Also on hand a large and beautiful assortment of *Stereoscopic Instruments and Views*, embracing every variety of Foreign and American *Landscapes, Statuary, Parlor and Rural Groups, &c.* The beauty and interest of the Stereoscopic Views upon the parlor table furnish a never-ending source of entertainment both to visitors and the home circle.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied on the most liberal terms.
W. A. WISONG,
No. 2 N. Liberty St., Baltimore, Md.
June 27, 1859. 1y

New Agricultural Settlement.

TO ALL WANTING FARMS, a rare opportunity in a delightful and healthy climate, 25 miles southeast of Philadelphia, on the Camden and Atlantic Railroad, New Jersey.—An old estate, consisting of several thousands of acres of productive soil, has been divided into Farms of various sizes to suit the purchaser.—A population of some fifteen hundred, from various parts of the middle States and New England, have settled there the past year, improved their places, and raised excellent crops. The price of the land is at the low sum of from $15 to $20 per acre, the soil is of the best quality for the production of Wheat, Clover, Corn, Peaches, Grapes and Vegetables. IT IS CONSIDERED THE BEST FRUIT SOIL IN THE UNION. The place is perfectly secure from frosts—the destructive enemy of the farmer.—Crops of grain, grass and fruit are now growing and can be seen. By examining the place itself, a correct judgment can be formed of the productiveness of the land. The terms are made easy to secure the rapid improvement of the land, which is only sold for actual improvement. The result has been, that within the past year, some three hundred houses have been erected, two mills, one steam, four stores, some forty vineyards and peach orchards planted, and a large number of other improvements, making it a desirable and active place of business.

THE MARKET, as the reader may perceive from its location, is the BEST IN THE UNION.

Produce bringing double the price than in locations away from the city, and more than double the price than the West. It is known, that the earliest and best fruit and vegetables in this latitude come from New Jersey, and are annually exported to the extent of millions.

In locating here, the settler has many advantages. He is within a few hours ride of the great cities of New England and Middle States, he is near his old friends and associations, he is in a settled country where every improvement of comfort and civilization is at hand. He can buy every article he wants at the cheapest price, and sell his produce for the highest, (in the West this is reversed,) he has schools for his children, divine service and will enjoy an open winter, and delightful climate, where fevers are utterly unknown. The result of the change upon those from the north, has generally been to restore them to an excellent state of health.

In the way of building and improving, lumber can be obtained at the mills at the rate of $10 to $15 per thousand. Bricks from the brick yard opened in the place, every article can be procured in the place, good carpenters are at hand, and there is no place in the Union where buildings and improvements can be made cheaper.

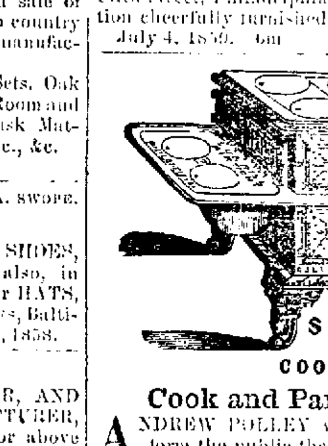
The reader will at once be struck with the advantages here presented, and ask himself why the property has not been taken up before.—The reason is, it was never thrown in the market; and unless these statements were correct, no one would be invited to examine the land before purchasing. This all are expected to do. They will see land under cultivation, and such is the extent of the settlement that they will no doubt, meet persons from their own neighborhood; they will witness the improvements and can judge the character of the population. If they come with a view to settle, they should come prepared to stay a day or two and be ready to purchase, as locations cannot be held on refusal.

There are two daily trains to Philadelphia, and to all settlers who improve, the *Railroad Company gives a free ticket for six months, and a half-price ticket for three years.*

THE TOWN OF HAMMONTON.—In connection with the agricultural settlement, a new and thriving town has naturally arisen, which presents inducements for any kind of business, particularly stores and manufactories. The Shoe business could be carried on in this place and market to good advantage, also cotton business, and manufactories of agricultural implements or founderies for casting small articles. The improvement has been so rapid as to insure a constant and permanent increase of business. Town lots of a good size, we do not sell small ones, as it would affect the improvement of the place, can be had at from $100 and upwards.

The *Hammonton Farmer*, a monthly literary and agricultural sheet, containing full information of Hammonton, can be obtained at 25 cents per annum.

Title indisputable—warrantee deeds given, clear of all incumbrance when money is paid. Route to the land: leave Vine street wharf, Philadelphia, for Hammonton by Railroad, at 7½ A. M., or 4½ P. M. Fare 90 cents. When there inquire for Mr. Byrnes. Boarding conveniences on hand. Parties had better stop with Mr. Byrnes, a principal, until they have decided as to purchasing, as he will show them over the land in his carriage, free of expense. Letters and application can be addressed to Landis & Byrnes, Hammonton P. O., Atlantic county, New Jersey, or S. B. Coughlin, 202 South Fifth street, Philadelphia. Maps and information cheerfully furnished.
July 4, 1859. 6m



Cook and Parlor Stoves.

ANDREW POLLEY would respectfully inform the public that he now has a lot of COOK and PARLOR STOVES, which he offers at prices to suit the times.
Gettysburg, Aug. 29, 1859.

Sugar Cane Mills,

SUGAR EVAPORATORS, Kettles, Cauldrons, Clarifying Pans, Steam Coil Kettles, Skimmers, Dippers, Moulds, Strainers, Filters, Saccharometers, Thermometers, etc., with information upon the subject of making Sugar, etc., from Chinese Cane.

Having arranged with Hodges, Free & Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, for license to manufacture their Improved Sugar Cane Mills and Sugar Kettles, and having procured patterns from the above named manufacturers, I can furnish on short notice any article in the line of Sugar Making Apparatus, all well tried and of the most reliable kind. Also, Scott's Little Giant Mills, for grinding corn in the cob.

For Catalogue and Treatise on Sugar Cane, etc., inclose three Postage Stamps, addressed
JAMES NEALL,
Spring Garden Iron Works, Corner of 17th & Coates Streets, Philadelphia.
Aug. 1, 1859. 3m

Watches, Jewelry,

AND SILVER WARE.—We would respectfully inform our friends, patrons and the public generally that we have just opened our New Watch, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware Establishment, at No. 622 Market street, where we offer Wholesale and Retail, at the lowest Cash Prices, a large and very choice stock of every description of goods usually kept in a first-class Watch and Jewelry Store.

We hope by untiring efforts to accommodate and please not only to retain all our former patrons, but merit and secure a large accession to the same.

Every description of Diamond Work and other Jewelry made to order at short notice.

All goods warranted to be as represented.

Particular attention given to the repairing of Watches and Jewelry of every description.
STAUFFER & HARLEY,
No. 622 Market street, South Side, Philadelphia.
N. B.—We will continue our Old Store, No. 148 North Second street, for a short time only.
Aug. 1, 1859. 3m

Globe Inn,

MECHANICSTOWN, Frederick county, Md.—Having been renovated and re-furnished, the proprietor assures the public that a call is only needed, as he guarantees full satisfaction in every case. Charges moderate.
HENRY HERR, Proprietor.
Feb. 14, 1859. tf

TO TRAVELERS—A fine assortment of TRUNKS of every description, Carpet Sacks, &c., &c., for sale at Picking's, in Chambersburg street.

LUMBER—A large assortment of Dry River White Pine Lumber, of every quality, can be had at the yard of
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

KEEP the flies off!—Another arrival of those cheap and handsome fly-nets at
PICKING'S.

Notice

TO FARMERS AND MERCHANTS.—We have now opened our large and commodious Warehouse, on the corner of Stratton and Railroad streets, near the Depot of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, and are prepared to receive produce of all kinds, viz: FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, &c. Also, on hand and for sale, Salt, Guanos, Plaster, Fish, &c. A large stock of Groceries just received, consisting of Sugars, Coffees, Syrups, Molasses, Oils, Rice, Teas, Spices of all kinds, Cedar-ware, &c., &c., which we do not hesitate to say, we will sell as low as can be bought elsewhere, wholesale and retail. Merchants will do well by calling to see and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our motto will be "quick sales and small profits."

We would also call the attention of all interested in the thrifty and healthful condition of their Cattle, Horses, Hogs, &c., to the fact that we have for sale Breing, Fronefield & Co.'s Celebrated Vegetable CATTLE POWDER, of which we have sold from 1500 to 2000 pounds per annum to Farmers and Storekeepers.
KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.
Gettysburg, Sept. 5, 1858.

Adams County

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.
President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Jacob King, Andrew Heintzelman.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, Jacob King, A. Heintzelman, R. McCurdy, Thos. A. Marshall, S. Fahnestock, Wm. B. McClellan, Wm. B. Wilson, M. Eichelberger, Abdiel F. Gitt, John Wolford, H. A. Picking, Abel T. Wright, John Horner, R. G. McCreary, S. R. Russell, D. M'Creary, Andrew Polley, John Picking, J. R. Hersh.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday in every month, at 2, P. M.
Sept. 27, 1858.

Elastic Cement

ROOFING.—The subscribers are prepared to contract and put on at the shortest notice, W. E. Child & Co.'s PATENT FIRE AND WATER PROOF ELASTIC CEMENT ROOFING.

It is perfectly Fire and Water proof, and in point of durability is equal, if not superior, to any Metalic Roofing. It can be put on over tin, tar, iron, or shingle roofs, however flat or steep they may be.

In point of resisting the elements of fire and water, nothing has yet been discovered equal to the Elastic Cement.

Those who have used it, have testified that it is the very perfection of Roofing, and that there is no farther room for improvement. No one will now think of putting on shingles, when this Cement can be had for much less money and will outwear four shingle roofs. This Roofing is warranted as represented.

The Elastic Cement is the cheapest and best protection from decay for wood exposed to the weather or dampness of the ground. It is also the best paint for iron, effectually preventing rust; and wherever applied perfectly excludes dampness.

The subscribers have this Cement for sale, in quantities to suit. For further information, apply to
P. J. & C. M. TATE.
Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa.
April 25, 1859. tf

Change of Hours

ON THE GETTYSBURG RAILROAD!—*Summer Arrangement.*—On and after Thursday, April 21st, the MORNING TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 6.30 o'clock A. M., connecting at Hanover Junction with Express train *to* Baltimore at 9.32, and Mail train *from* Baltimore at 9.32, returning to Gettysburg at 12.30 noon, with passengers from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and the North and West. The AFTERNOON TRAIN will leave Gettysburg at 1 o'clock, P. M., connecting at Hanover Junction with Mail train *to* Baltimore at 3.37, returning to Gettysburg about 6.30 P. M. with passengers from York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, and the North and West.

☞By the above arrangement passengers can go either North or South on the Northern Central Railway both morning and afternoon.
R. M'CURDY, President.
April 25, 1859.

Marble Yard Removed.

THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.
WM. B. MEALS.
Gettysburg, March 21, 1859.

Removal.

THE subscriber has removed his Plough and Machine Shop from the Foundry building to Railroad street, opposite Tate's Blacksmith shop, back of the Eagle Hotel, where he is better prepared than ever to attend to customers. Ploughs always on hand and made to order at the shortest notice, and Machines, Reapers, &c., repaired. Also he will attend to cleaning and repairing Clocks.
May 10. DAVID WARREN.

Something New

IN GETTYSBURG.—The undersigned informs the citizens of the town and county, that he has commenced the BAKING business, on a large scale, in York street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Wattles's Hotel, where he will try to deserve, and hopes to receive, a liberal patronage. BREAD, ROLLS, CAKES, CRACKERS, PRETZELS, &c., &c., baked every day. (Sundays excepted,) all of the best quality, and sold at the lowest living profits. Cracker-baking in all its branches is largely carried on, and orders to any amount, from this and adjoining counties, supplied at the shortest notice. Having erected a large and commodious bake-house and secured the best workman and the most approved machinery, he is prepared to do a heavy business.
VALENTINE SAUPEE.
July 25, 1859.

Farmers' & Mechanics'

SAVINGS INSTITUTION OF ADAMS COUNTY.—*Wealth comes by saving.*—Deposite your surplus funds in this Institution and receive interest at the rate of from two to four per cent. This institution offers a safe, convenient and profitable depository to all classes of people.
July 4, 1859.

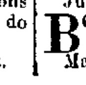
A Word to the Wise!

DON'T FAIL to call and see SAMSON'S New Goods—a large and splendid assortment of MEN'S AND BOY'S CLOTHING and Furnishing Goods—an extensive lot of all kinds of HATS, BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS—an unrivalled assortment of TRUNKS and CARPET SACKS, some very handsome and new styles.—Also, a large and splendid variety of Setts, Breast Pins and Ear Rings; WATCHES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., &c. A very handsome and new style RAILROAD TRAVELLING BAG. In short, everything in his line.

After all said and done, SAMSON'S IS THE SPOT to buy your goods at the right prices. A word to the wise is sufficient.

Those who wish to buy to sell again will do well by calling, as I can and will sell them goods cheaper than they can buy them in the city.
April 18, 1859.

Private Sale.



THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, his HOUSE AND LOT, on High street, adjoining Solomon Powers. The House is a two-story Brick, nearly new, with a Back-building, and a well of water. Terms easy. DAN'L. F. PITTENTURF.
July 11, 1859. tf

WALNUT PLANK WANTED.—Persons having Walnut Timber to saw will do well to call at the Lumber Yard of
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

Humphrey's Specific

HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.
HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

No. 1.—FEVER PILLS—For Fever, Congestion, and Inflammation of all kinds.
No. 2.—WORM PILLS—For Worm-Fever, Worm-Colic, and Wetting the Bed.
No. 3.—BABY'S PILLS—For Colic, Crying, Teething, and Wakefulness, and Nervousness of Adults.
No. 4.—DIARRHEA PILLS—For Diarrhea, Cholera Infantum, and Summer Complaint.
No. 5.—DYSENTERY PILLS—For Colic, Griping Dysentery, or Bloody Flux.
No. 6.—CHOLERA PILLS—For Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.
No. 7.—COUGH PILLS—For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Influenza, and Sore Throat.
No. 8.—TOOTHACHE PILLS—For Toothache, Faceache, and Neuralgia.
No. 9.—HEADACHE PILLS—For Headache, Vertigo, Heat and Fullness of the Head.
No. 10.—DYSPEPSIA PILLS—For Weak and Deranged Stomachs, Constipation, and Liver Complaint.
No. 11.—FOR FEMALE IRREGULARITIES—Scanty, Painful, or Suppressed Periods.
No. 12.—FEMALE PILLS—For Leucorrhœa, Profuse Menses and Bearing Down.
No. 13.—CROUP PILLS—For Croup, Hoarse Cough, Bad Breathing.
No. 14.—SALT RHEUM PILLS—For Erysipelas, Eruptions, Pimples on the Face.
No. 15.—RHEUMATIC PILLS—For Pain, Lameness, or Soreness in the Chest, Back, Loins, or Limbs.
A.—For Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, and mismanaged Agues.
P.—For Piles, Blind or Bleeding, Internal or External.
O.—For Sore, Weak, or Inflamed Eyes and Eyelids; Failing, Weak, or Blurred Sight.
C.—For Catarrh, of long standing or recent, either with obstruction or profuse discharge.
W. C.—For Whooping Cough, abating its violence and shortening its course.

In all ACUTE DISEASES, such as Fevers, Inflammations, Diarrheas, Dysentery, Croup, Rheumatism, and such eruptive diseases as Scarlet Fever, Measles, and Erysipelas—the advantage of giving the proper remedies promptly is obvious, and in all such cases the specifics act like a charm. The entire disease is often arrested at once, and in all cases the violence of the attack is moderated, the disease shortened and rendered less dangerous. Even should a physician afterwards have to be called, he will take the case at decided advantage from the previous treatment.

COUGHS AND COLDS, which are of such frequent occurrence, and which so often lay the foundation of diseased lungs, bronchitis, and consumption, may all be at once cured by the Fever and Cough Pills.

In all CHRONIC DISEASES, such as Dyspepsia, Weak Stomach, Constipation, Liver Complaint, Piles, Female Debility and Irregularities, old Headache, Sore or Weak Eyes, Catarrh, Salt Rheum, and other old eruptions, the case has specifics whose proper application will afford a cure in almost every instance. Often the cure of a single chronic difficulty, such as Dyspepsia, Piles, or Catarrh, Headache, or Female Weakness, has more than paid for the case ten times over.

PRICES.

Full set, 20 large vials in Morocco Case and Book	$5 00
Full set, 20 large vials in Plain Case & Book,	4 00
Case of 15 numbered boxes and Book	2 00
Case of any 6 numbered boxes and Book,	1 00
Single numbered boxes, with directions	25
Single lettered boxes, with directions	50
Large plantation or physician's case, 1 and 2 oz. vials	15 00

OUR REMEDIES BY MAIL.

Look over the list; make up a case of what kind you choose, and inclose the amount in a current note or stamps, by mail, to our address, at No. 562 Broadway, New York, and the medicine will be duly returned by mail or express, free of charge. Address,
F. HUMPHREYS & CO.,
No. 562 Broadway, New York.
Sold in Gettysburg by A. D. BUEHLER; and by all druggists.
July 4, 1859. 3m

New Store!

NEW FIRM! NEW GOODS!—A. SCOTT & SON take pleasure in announcing to the public that they have just opened a new and complete Dry Goods and Grocery Store on the corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, in the Borough of Gettysburg, opposite the "Eagle Hotel," where they are now and will be prepared at all times to offer bargains to suit the purse and please the people.

By conducting our business on the CASH SYSTEM, with the motto "Quick Sales and Small Profits," and by pursuing a strictly honorable course, we hope to receive the encouragement, not only of the citizens of Gettysburg and Adams county, but the rest of mankind. We have just returned from the cities with a handsome assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, embracing all manner of Ladies' Dress Goods, of the most beautiful styles, Fancy Articles, Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings, Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, &c.

Also, a large assortment of QUEENSWARE. Our stock of GROCERIES is also large and complete. We will not take time to particularize, but invite all to call and see—no trouble to show goods. A. SCOTT & SON.
May 16, 1859.

Spring Goods!

FRESH ARRIVAL!—FAHNESTOCK BRO.'S have just received a large and choice assortment of Spring Goods, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Our stock comprises many new and beautiful styles of Ladies' Dress Goods, such as are rarely seen, and we are confident that those examining them will acknowledge that they have seldom been offered better goods or as pretty styles.

We have also increased our stock of staple goods, such as Men's and Boys' Wear, Calicoes, Muslins, Delains, Chintz, &c., in quantity, style and price, unsurpassed. We need not enumerate, but can assure our customers and friends that we are prepared to furnish them with such goods as they may want cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere in the county. Call early and select from our large and varied assortment.
FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS,
April 4, 1859. Red Front.

Railroad Store.

J. C. GUINN & BRO. have just received and are opening at their new store on the North-west corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, a large and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods and Groceries. The ladies particularly are invited to call and examine our superior styles of Dress Goods and Fancy articles, embracing everything coming properly under this head at prices not heretofore equalled, and in quality surpassed by none. GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, of every description, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Casinetts, Coatings, Vestings, &c., which cannot be surpassed out of the city in quality and price.

Our stock of Groceries is also complete, while every other article generally found in a Dry Goods store can be had at the "Railroad Store" of J. C. Quinn & Bro. Believing that the public can suit themselves better here than elsewhere, we invite them to give us a call. For the proof of our assertion, call and examine our stock, even if you don't buy. [April 4, 1859.

Frazer River

OUTDONE!—Come to the Store at Greenmount for Bargains!—The undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he has purchased the Store of John Weikert, at Greenmount, Adams county, half-way on the road from Gettysburg to Emmitsburg, where he expects, by attention and small profits, to retain all the old custom and secure lots of new. His stock of DRY GOODS, of every description, Groceries, Confectionaries, Queensware, Wooden-ware, Crockery-ware, Hardware, &c., is large and varied—equal to that of any other first class store—and he will sell at prices astonishingly low. He only asks a trial, to prove the truth of this assertion.

Country produce taken in exchange for goods.
J. ALEX. HARPER.

The undersigned also carries on the CARRIAGE-MAKING business at the same place, and offers rare inducements to purchasers. He will warrant his work good, whilst his charges are among the most moderate. Repairing done on short notice. J. ALEX. HARPER.
Feb. 14, 1859. 1y

A LARGE lot of full-brand new HERRING just received, and will be sold low for cash, at NORBECK & MARTIN'S.
June 20, 1859.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Flowers, and Ruches for sale at the new cheap store of
May 16. A. SCOTT & SON.

Call This Way!

THE subscriber would inform the public that he continues his MACHINE SHOP, in Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, near the Foundry, where he has various kinds of Machines on hand, such as Threshing Machines, Corn Shellers, Cornfodder Cutters, Cloverseed Hullers, Straw Cutters, and Horse Powers of different kinds,—two, four or six-horse, to suit purchasers;—indeed all such as can be had at Hanover or Littlestown. Also, Mortising Machines, for house carpenters, put up in the very best and most substantial manner. Cutting Screws or long Bolts, any kind or size less than eleven feet in length, always attended to, as well as Turning in iron, casting or wood. Also all kinds of REPAIRING on Machinery, dressing-up Mill Spindles, &c., done on the shortest notice.

The undersigned manufactures MORGAN'S PATENT HORSE RAKE, which he offers at the lowest living profit. He is likewise agent for the REAPER & MOWER manufactured by Joseph Shireman, at East Berlin.

I hope that all in want of anything in my line will call at my Shop before going elsewhere. I will warrant all my work to give satisfaction to purchasers. DAVID STERNER.
April 11, 1859. 1y*

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA.—A Benevolent Institution established by Special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases.

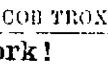
In times of Epidemics, it is the object of this Institution to establish Hospitals, to provide Nurses, Physicians, Clothing, Food, Medicines, &c., for the sick and destitute, to take charge of the orphans of deceased parents, and to minister in every possible way to the relief of the afflicted and the health of the public at large. It is the duty of the Directors, at such times, to visit personally the infected districts, and to provide and execute means of relief. Numerous physicians, not acting members of the Association, usually enrol their names on its books, subject to be called upon to attend its hospitals, free of charge.

In the absence of Epidemics, the Directors have authorized the Consulting Surgeon to give advice and medical aid to persons suffering under CHRONIC DISEASES of a virulent character, arising from abuse of the physical powers, mal-treatment, the effects of drugs, &c.

Various REPORTS and TRACTS on the nature and treatment of Chronic Diseases, by the Consulting Surgeon, have been published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent FREE OF CHARGE to the afflicted.

Address, for reports or treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philad'a, Pa.
By order of the Directors,
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y.
Sept. 20, 1858. 1y

Good and Cheap!

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he continues the CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS, in all its branches, at his establishment, in East Middle Street, (near the east end,) Gettysburg, Pa., where he has on hand a first-rate lot of work, and is prepared to put up to order whatever may be desired in his line, viz:—Rockaway and Boat-body Carriages, Falling-Top, Rockaway and Trotting Buggies, Jersey Wagons, &c.  With good workmen and good materials, he can pledge his work to be of the best quality—and his prices are among the lowest.

☞Repairing done at short notice, and at reasonable rates. Country produce taken in exchange for work. Call!
June 15, '57. JACOB TROXEL.

Still at Work!

COACHMAKING AND BLACKSMITHING.—The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public that he continues the Coachmaking and Blacksmithing business in every branch at his establishment in Chambersburg street. He has on hand and will manufacture to order all kinds of CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, SLEIGHS, Spring Wagons, &c., of the best material, and made by superior workmen. ☞REPAIRING and BLACKSMITHING of all kinds done at reasonable rates, promptly and to the satisfaction of customers.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for work at market prices.

☞Persons desiring articles or work in the Coachmaking or Blacksmithing line, are respectfully invited to call on
JOHN L. HOLTZWORTH.
Gettysburg, Jan. 24, '59.

HENRY B. DANNER. WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.

New Firm---New Goods.

THE undersigned have entered into partnership in the HARDWARE & GROCERY business, at the old stand of Danner & Ziegler, in Baltimore street, under the name, style and firm of DANNER & ZIEGLER, JRS., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the old firm, as well as any quantity of new custom. They have just returned from the cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting in part of Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, &c. Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chissels, Gouges, Braces and Bitts, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers, &c. Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vices, Rasps, Files, Horse Shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, &c., with them, very cheap. Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvass, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil Cloth, Springs, Axles, Hobbs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, &c. Shoe Findings, Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot Trees, &c., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's tools. Cabinet Maker's Tools, a general assortment—also Varnish, Knobs, &c. HOUSEKEEPERS will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Brittannia, Albata and Silver-plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candle-sticks, Waiters, Shovel and Tongs, Sad Irons, Enamelled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Churns, Carpeting, &c. Also, a general assortment of forged and rolled IRON of all sizes and kinds; Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest. GROCERIES, a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverised, Clarified and Brown Sugars; New Orleans, West India and Sugar House Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, Fine, Coarse and Dairy Salt; Linseed, Fish and Sperm OIL; Turpentine, Fish, &c.; a full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil; also Fire-proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, Housekeeping, Blacksmith, Cabinet Maker's, Painter's, Glazier's, and Grocery line, all of which they are determined to sell as low for CASH as any house out of the city. HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 24, 1858.

Removal.

ALEXANDER FRAZER, Clock and Watchmaker, has removed his shop to the room on the West side of the Public Square, lately occupied by David A. Buehler, Esq., as a Law Office, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers. Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.
Gettysburg, April 11, 1859.

Notice.

THE undersigned having retired from the Mercantile business, the same will hereafter be continued at the old stand, in Baltimore street, by their sons, Henry B. Danner and Waybright Ziegler, under the name and style of Danner & Ziegler, Jrs., whom we will recommend to, and for whom we would bespeak a liberal share of patronage from old customers, and of the public in general.

Having retired from the Mercantile business, it is necessary that our old business should be settled up. We, therefore, notify all those indebted to us either by Judgment, Note or Book Account, to call and settle the same without delay. The books will be found at the old stand. J. B. DANNER,
May 25, 1858. DAVID ZIEGLER.

Lumber & Coal,

FOR sale by BASTRESS & WINTER, New Oxford.
GROCERIES, MILL FEED, &c., &c.,
For sale Wholesale and Retail by
BASTRESS & WINTER, New Oxford.
☞The highest Cash prices paid for Grain.
May 30, 1859. 6m*

COOKING STOVES—Including Noble Cook, Royal Cook, Wm. Penn, Philadelphia Sunrise, Baltimore Air Tight, Sea Shell, Christopher Columbus, and Ranges of every kind. Farmers' Boilers, Charcoal Furnaces, &c., &c., for sale at the Stove Ware Room of
SHEADS, BUEHLER & KURTZ.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, in which we have labored to produce the most effectual alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, ERUPTIONS AND ERUPTIVE DISEASES, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NEURALGIA OR TIC DOULOUREUX, DEBILITY, DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation, of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; 5 Boxes for $1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our Remedies are for sale by

☞Sold by A. D. Buehler, Gettysburg—T. J. Cooper, near Cashtown—Paxton & Co. Fairfield—and all Druggists.
Oct. 18, 1858. eowly

A Homestead for $10;

A HOMESTEAD for $100; also, Homesteads for $1000 and over, situated on, and near Rappahannock River, above and below FREDERICKSBURG, IN VIRGINIA. A new Town, called RAPPAHANNOCK, has recently been laid out, in CULPEPER COUNTY, in the midst of the GOLD REGION OF VIRGINIA, surrounded by Mines and Mining Companies; and Farms and Town Lots in alternate divisions or shares, can now be had for a "Mere Song," simply to induce settlement in this desirable region. $254,000 worth of land is to be divided amongst purchasers or given away as an inducement to come on and make improvements, and the land is of the most improvable qualities. Many have already settled and scores of others are coming. Good farming land, in tracts of any size to suit purchasers, can also be had at from $10 to $20 per acre, payable in easy quarter yearly installments. UNQUESTIONABLE TITLES WILL IN ALL CASES BE GIVEN.

☞AGENTS ARE WANTED everywhere to sell these lands; liberal inducements will be given. E. BAUDER, Land Agent,
July 18, 1859. $10. Port Royal, Va.

Sunbeam Gallery.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one Square west of Fahnestock's Store, where he is prepared to furnish Ambro, Melaino, Enamel and Photograph Pictures in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all with good pictures, either single or in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg street, a few doors West of Cobean & Culp's Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures. All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give me a call, as I have reduced my prices to suit the present hard times. Pictures copied from old specimens of all kinds; also inserted in Lockets, Breast Pins, Finger Rings, &c.

The subscriber being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assures them that as heretofore, they shall not be dissatisfied.

☞Charges from 50 cents to $10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets, Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞Children will not be taken for less than $1 00.

☞Ambrotypes taken for fifty cents and upwards, and in the best style.
SAMUEL WEAVER.
April 26, 1858.

Goods for the Season!

THE subscriber has just returned from the city, with a large supply of NEW GOODS, which he offers to sell cheaper than ever. Give him a call, and judge for yourselves. His assortment embraces Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, all kinds of Summer Goods, and a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, for men and boys. JACOB REININGER,
Carlisle st., 4 doors from Centre Square.
Gettysburg, April 4, 1859.

STONE FRUIT JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, &c., at A. SCOTT & SON'S.

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